



Açık Bilim'e Genel Bakış

Gültekin Gürdal
İzmir Yüksek Teknoloji Enstitüsü



15-17 Kasım 2023
İzmir





GLTEKN GRDAL

zmir Yksek Teknoloji Enstits Ktphane ve
Dokmantasyon Daire Bakanı

E-posta: gultekingurdal@iyte.edu.tr

Ofis Tel: 0 232 7506331

<http://web.iyte.edu.tr/~gultekingurdal/>

Eđitim:

- Hacettepe niversitesi Bilgi ve Belge Ynetimi (Ktphanecilik) Blm (1986-1990)
- Kocaeli niversitesi, letme Ynetimi alanında yksek lisans (2003-2005)

 Deneyimi:

- Bilkent niversitesi (1988 - 1990)
- TBTAK Marmara Aratırma Merkezi (1990-1998)
- Sabancı niversitesi (1998-2004)
- TOBB Ekonomi ve Teknoloji niversitesi (2004-2005)
- zmir Yksek Teknoloji Enstits Ktphane ve Dokmantasyon Daire Bakanı (2005 - Devam Ediyor)
- Teknopark zmir bnyesinde yer alan ArGe Őirketi Research Ecosystems kurucu ortađı (2021 - Devam ediyor)

Projeler, Dernek Bakanlıkları, yelikler:

- AB projesi olan OpenAIRE'in eitli fazlarında proje ortaklıđı
- 2019 yılında dernekleŐerek tzel kiŐilik kazanan OpenAIRE'in Ynetim Kurulu yeliđi (2021 - Devam ediyor)
- Anadolu niversite Ktphaneleri Konsorsiyumu (ANKOS) Bakanlıđı (2008-2012)
- ANKOS - AEKA (Aık EriŐim ve Kurumsal ArŐivler) Grubu Koordinatrlđ (2008 -2018)
- TBTAK ULAKBM Ulusal Aık Bilim Komitesi yeliđi (2015 - Devam ediyor)
- Yksekđretim Aık Bilim ve Aık EriŐim alıŐma Grubu yeliđi (2018 - Devam ediyor)
- Yksekđretim Aratırma Verisi ve Aık Veri Alt alıŐma Grubu Koordinatrlđ (2019 - Devam ediyor)
- Dnya Aık EriŐim ArŐivleri Konfederasyonu (COAR), Avrupa Aratırma Bilgi Sistemleri Derneđi (EuroCRIS), Uluslararası Teknik niversite Ktphaneleri Derneđi (IATUL) Avrupa Aratırma Ktphaneleri Derneđi (LIBER), Trk Ktphaneciler Derneđi (TKD), niversite ve Aratırma Ktphanecileri Derneđi (NAK) gibi kuruluŐlarda aktif yelik.

Bilimsel alıŐmalar:

- Aık Bilim Savunucusu
- Ulusal ve uluslararası alanda birok yayın (<https://gcris.iyte.edu.tr/cris/rp/rp00001>)
- Ktphanecilik alanında her trl bilimsel ve teknolojik geliŐmenin yakın takipisi ve uygulayıcısı.

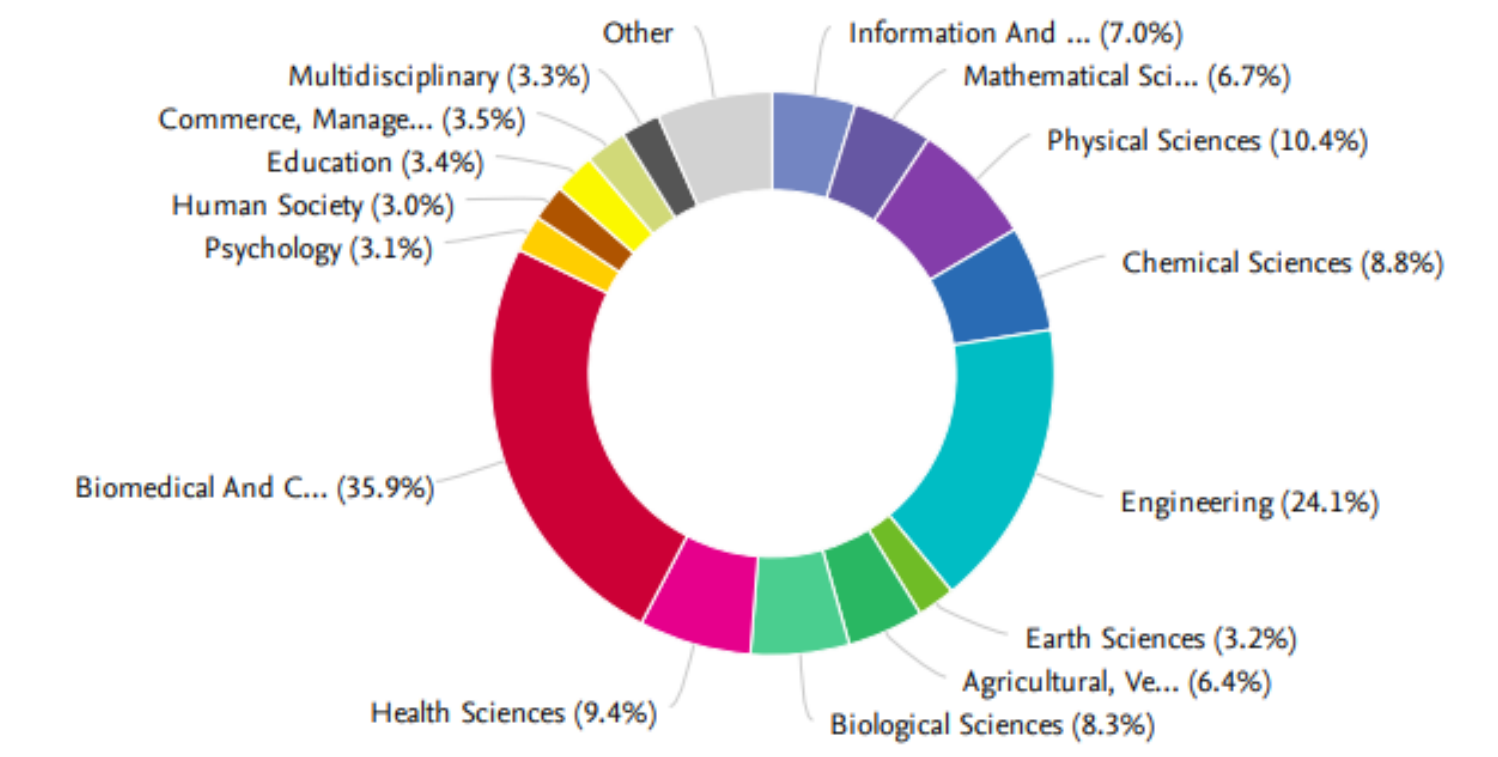
Country Overview Report - Turkey 4

Turkey Filter by publication year range:2013 to 2022

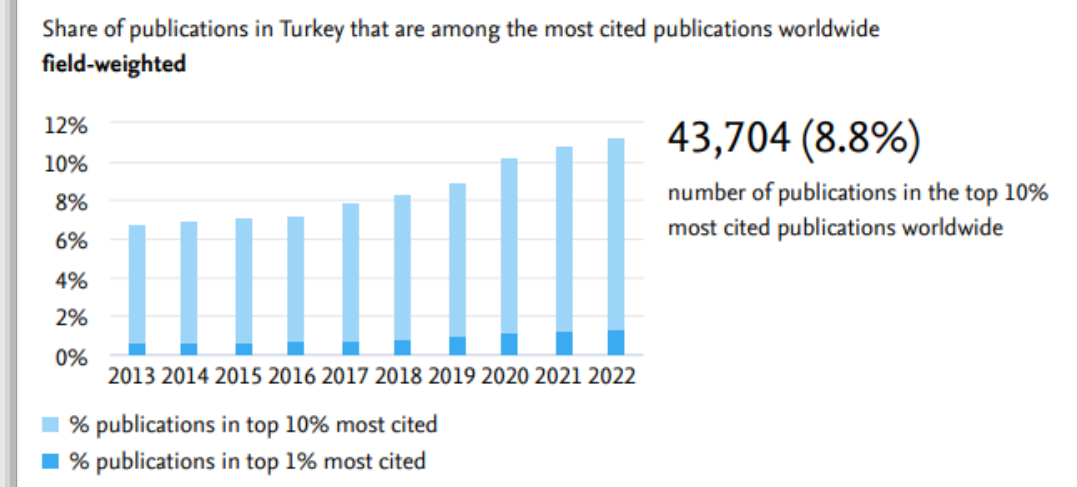
Overall research performance
Entity: Turkey · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023



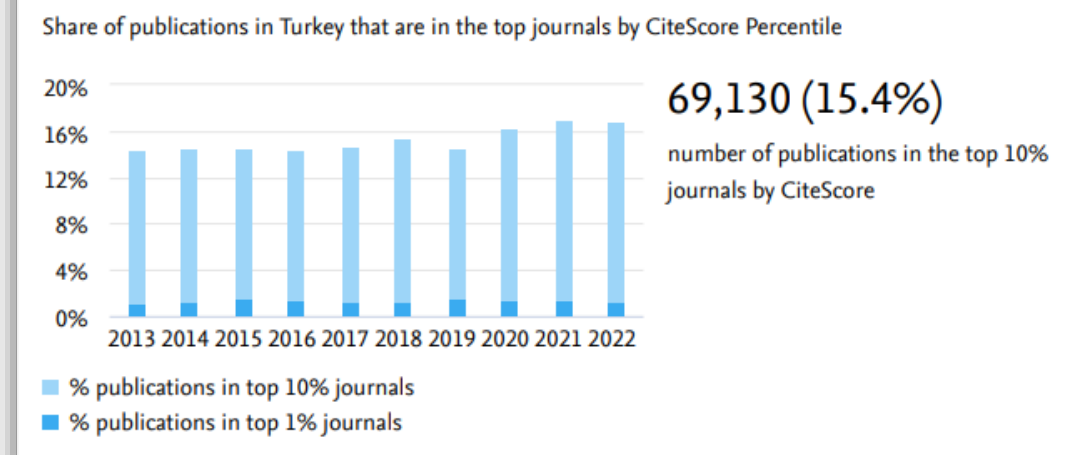
Publication share by Subject Area
Entity: Turkey · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023



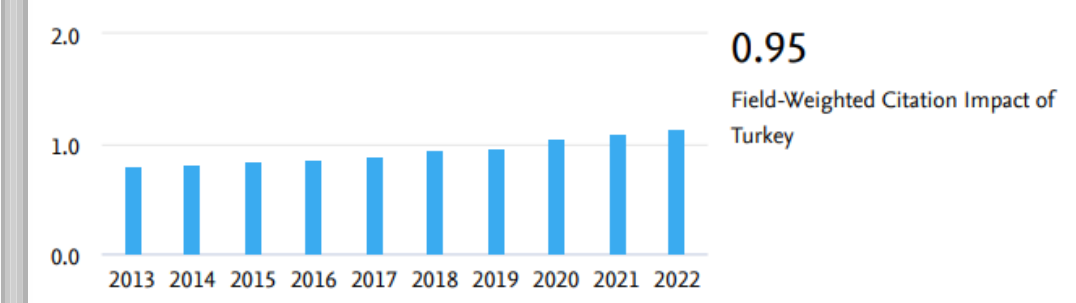
Outputs in Top 10% Citation Percentiles (field-weighted)
Entity: Turkey · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023



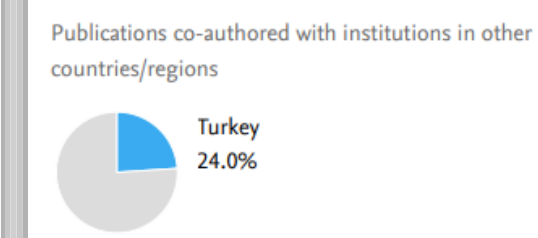
Publications in Top Journal Percentiles by CiteScore Percentile
Entity: Turkey · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023



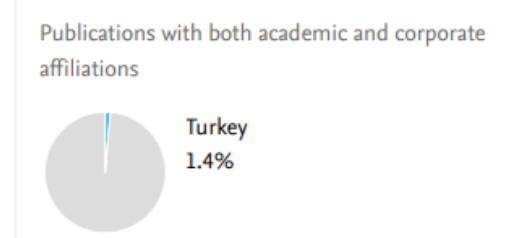
Field-Weighted Citation Impact
Entity: Turkey · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023



International Collaboration summary
Entity: Turkey · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023



Academic-Corporate Collaboration summary
Entity: Turkey · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023



Country Overview Report - Azerbaijan

Azerbaijan Filter by publication year range: 2013 to 2022

Overall research performance

Entity: Azerbaijan · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023

13,392 ▲

Scholarly Output ⚙️
39.1% Open Access

9,226 ▲

Authors

1.17

Field-Weighted Citation Impact ⚙️

196,653

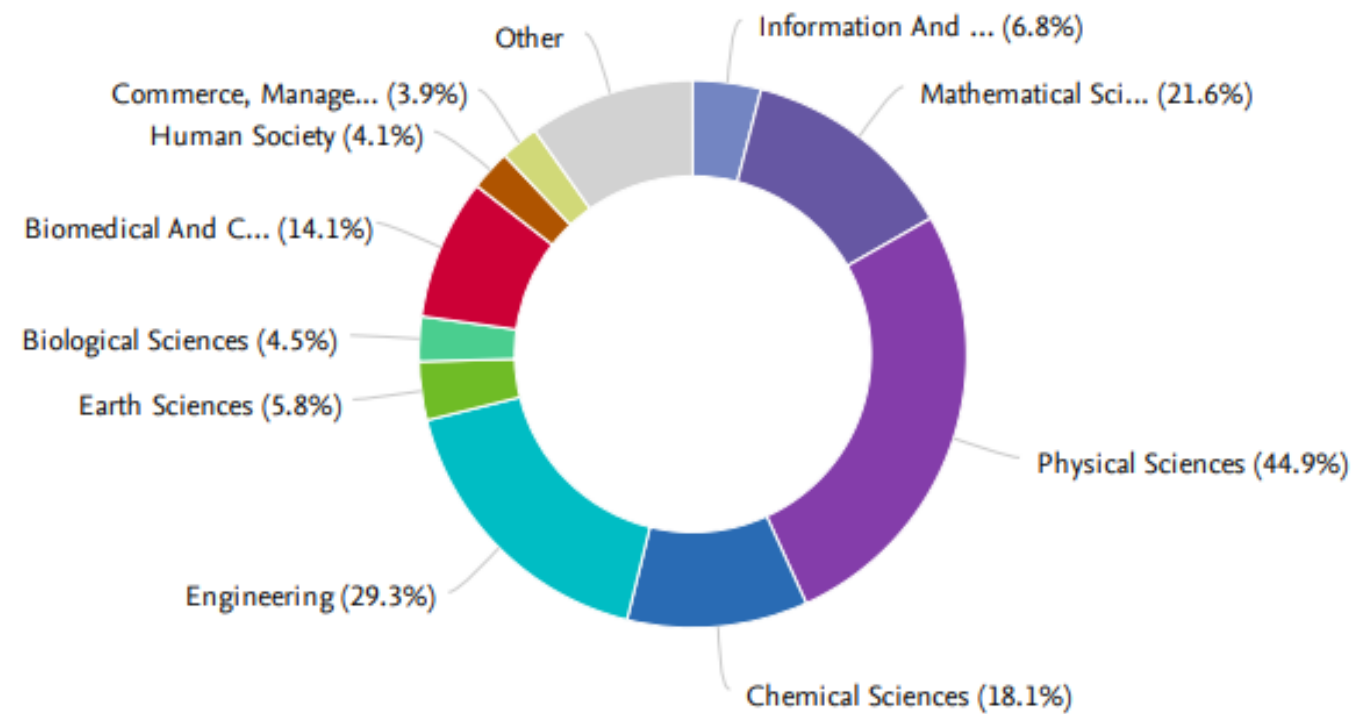
Citation Count ⚙️

14.7

Citations per Publication ⚙️

Publication share by Subject Area

Entity: Azerbaijan · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023



Field-Weighted Citation Impact

Entity: Azerbaijan · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023

2.0

1.0

0.0

2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022

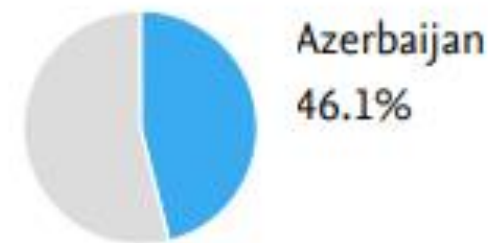
1.17

Field-Weighted Citation Impact of Azerbaijan

International Collaboration summary

Entity: Azerbaijan · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023

Publications co-authored with institutions in other countries/regions



Academic-Corporate Collaboration summary

Entity: Azerbaijan · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023

Publications with both academic and corporate affiliations

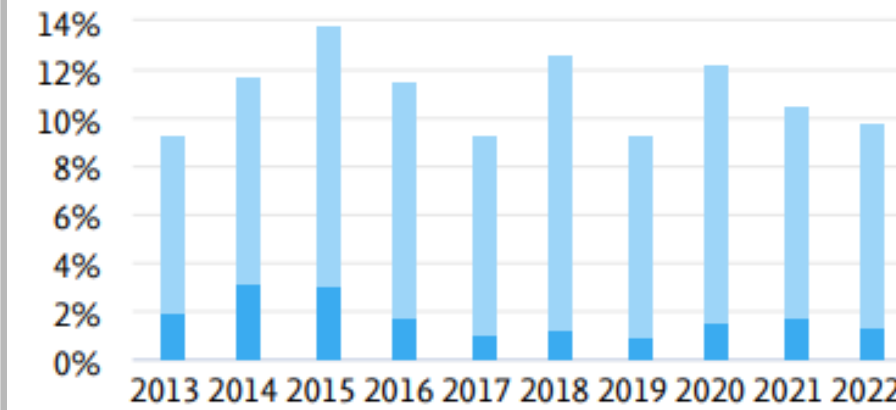


Name	Scholarly Output	Authors	Field-Weighted Citation Impact	Citations
1. Baku State University	5,665 ▲	2,535 ▲	1.28	91,848
2. Azerbaijan National Academy of Sciences	5,376 ▲	2,977 ▲	1.20	83,839
3. Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University	1,135 ▲	668 ▲	0.53	5,639
4. Azərbaycan Tibb Universiteti	903 ▲	969 ▲	0.32	3,520
5. Azerbaijan State University of Economics	703 ▲	339 ▲	0.87	4,815
6. Azerbaijan Technical University	447 ▲	295 ▲	0.42	1,992
7. Khazar University	331 ▲	117 ▲	2.07	9,466
8. State Oil Company of the Azerbaijan Republic	270 ▲	200 ▲	0.63	1,242
9. Azerbaijan University of Architecture and Construction	245 ▲	173 ▲	0.33	491
10. Azerbaijan State Pedagogical University	237 ▲	145 ▲	0.44	995
11. ADA University	213 ▲	95 ▲	0.87	1,084
12. Baku Engineering University	164 ▲	92 ▲	1.17	1,580
13. Azerbaijan State Advanced Training Institute for Doctors	74 ▲	96	0.12	103
14. Nakhchivan State University	49 ▼	35 ▼	0.39	188
15. Odlar Yurdu University	43 ▲	34 ▲	1.09	161
16. Shamakhy Astrophysical Observatory, Azerbaijan	31 ▼	26 ▼	0.18	117
17. Western Caspian University	20 ▲	24 ▲	0.22	26
18. Azerbaijan State Marine Academy	14 ▲	21 ▲	0.23	19

Outputs in Top 10% Citation Percentiles (field-weighted)

Entity: Azerbaijan · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023

Share of publications in Azerbaijan that are among the most cited publications worldwide
field-weighted



1,459 (10.9%)

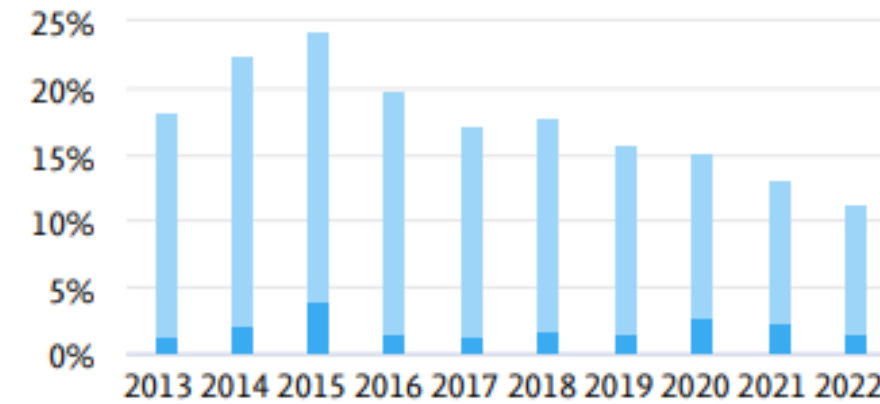
number of publications in the top 10% most cited publications worldwide

■ % publications in top 10% most cited
■ % publications in top 1% most cited

Publications in Top Journal Percentiles by CiteScore Percentile

Entity: Azerbaijan · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023

Share of publications in Azerbaijan that are in the top journals by CiteScore Percentile



1,932 (16.2%)

number of publications in the top 10% journals by CiteScore

■ % publications in top 10% journals
■ % publications in top 1% journals

Izmir Institute of Technology Filter by publication year range: 2013 to 2022

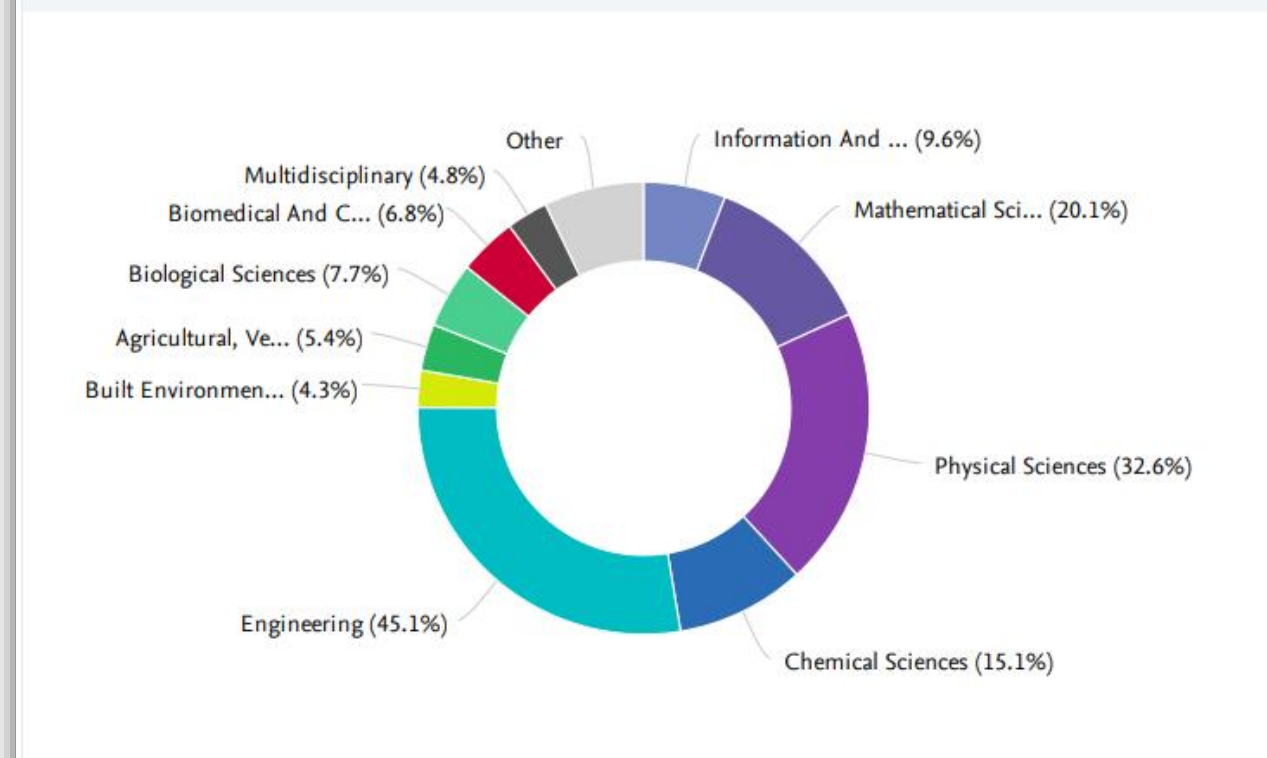
Overall research performance
Entity: Izmir Institute of Technology · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023

3,701 ▲ Scholarly Output 68.9% Open Access	3,921 ▲ Authors	1.32 Field-Weighted Citation Impact
71,593 Citation Count	19.3 Citations per Publication	60 h5-index

This analysis provides an overall metrics summary of the institution. The snowflake means the metrics have been calculated using the Snowball Metrics methodology.

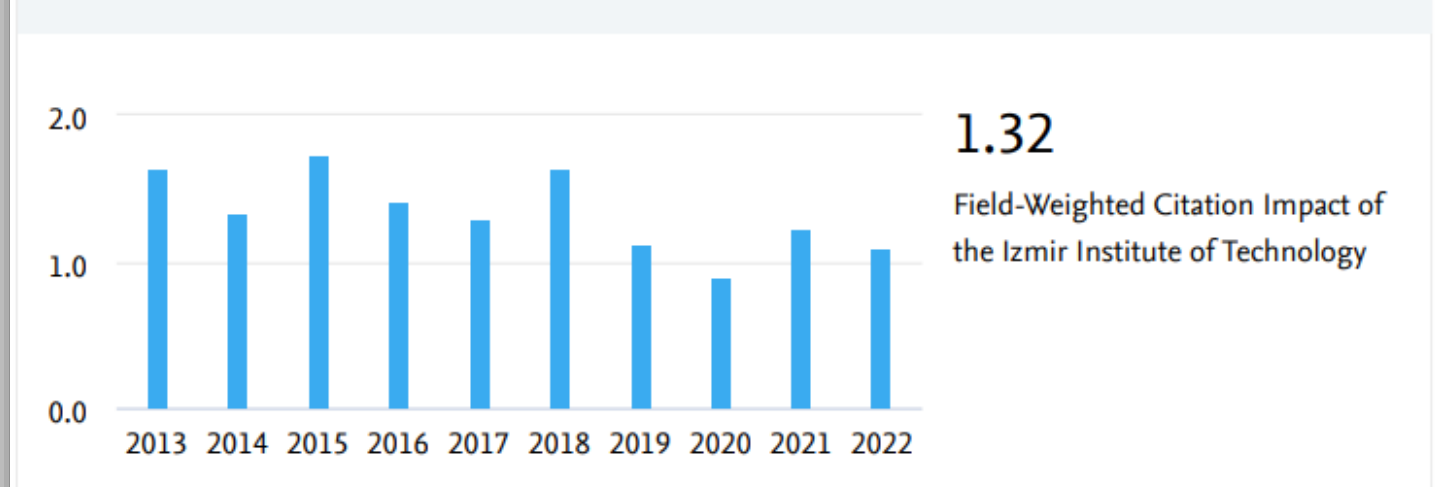
Note: for researchers with a small scholarly output, please beware of highly cited publications which may skew the FWCI.

Publication share by Subject Area
Entity: Izmir Institute of Technology · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023



This gives an overview of the Subject Areas in which the institution is publishing and is based upon the high level All Science Journal Classification (ASJC). These Subject Areas are assigned to all articles via the journals in which they are published. Please note, that an article can belong to more than one ASJC.

Field-Weighted Citation Impact
Entity: Izmir Institute of Technology · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023

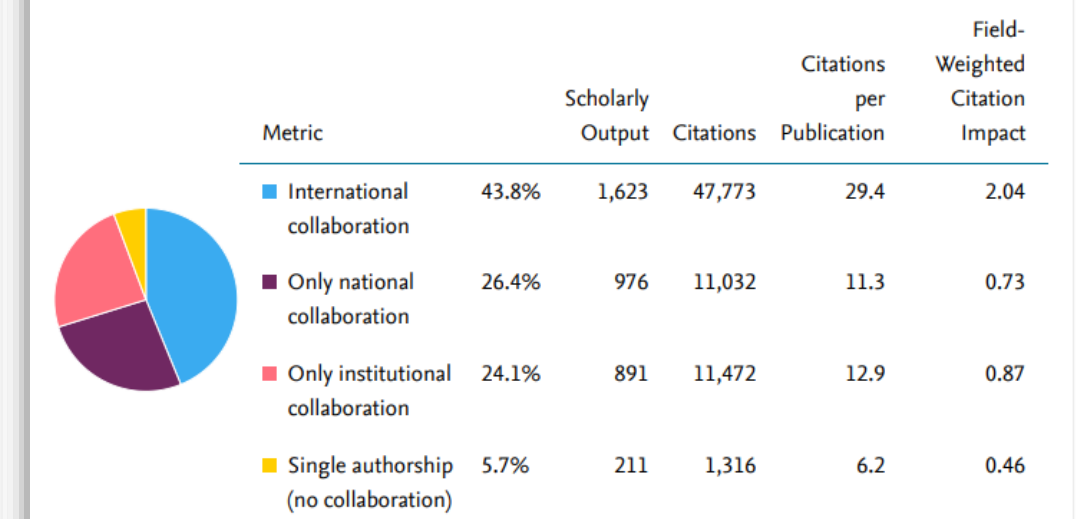


Field-Weighted Citation Impact (FWCI) indicates how the number of citations received by the institution publications compares with the average number of citations received by all other similar publications in Scopus. A FWCI of 1.00 indicates that the institution's publications have been cited exactly as would be expected based on the global average for similar publications. A FWCI of more than 1.00 above average citations; for example, 2.11 means 111% more than the world average.

Note: for institutions with a scholarly output less than 1,000, please beware of highly cited publications which may skew the FWCI.

Geographical Collaboration - Overall
Entity: Izmir Institute of Technology · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023

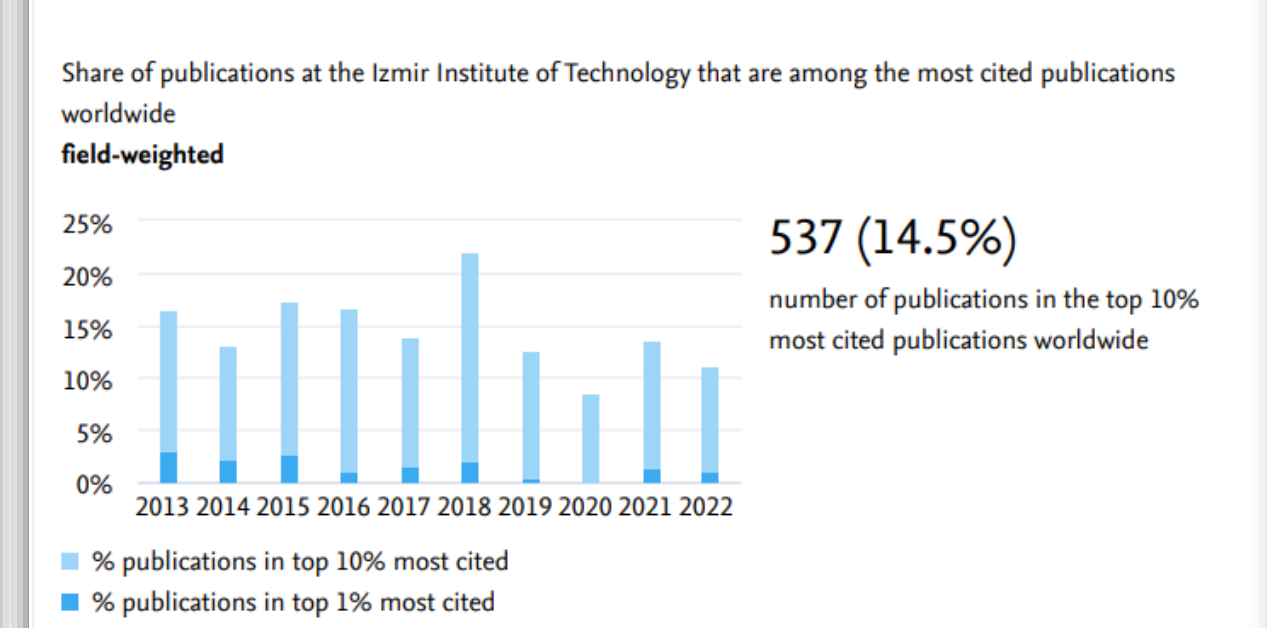
International, national and institutional collaboration by at the Izmir Institute of Technology in the selected year range.



Indicates the extent to which the institution's publications have international, national, or institutional co-authorship, and single authorship. A publication is assigned a single collaboration type.

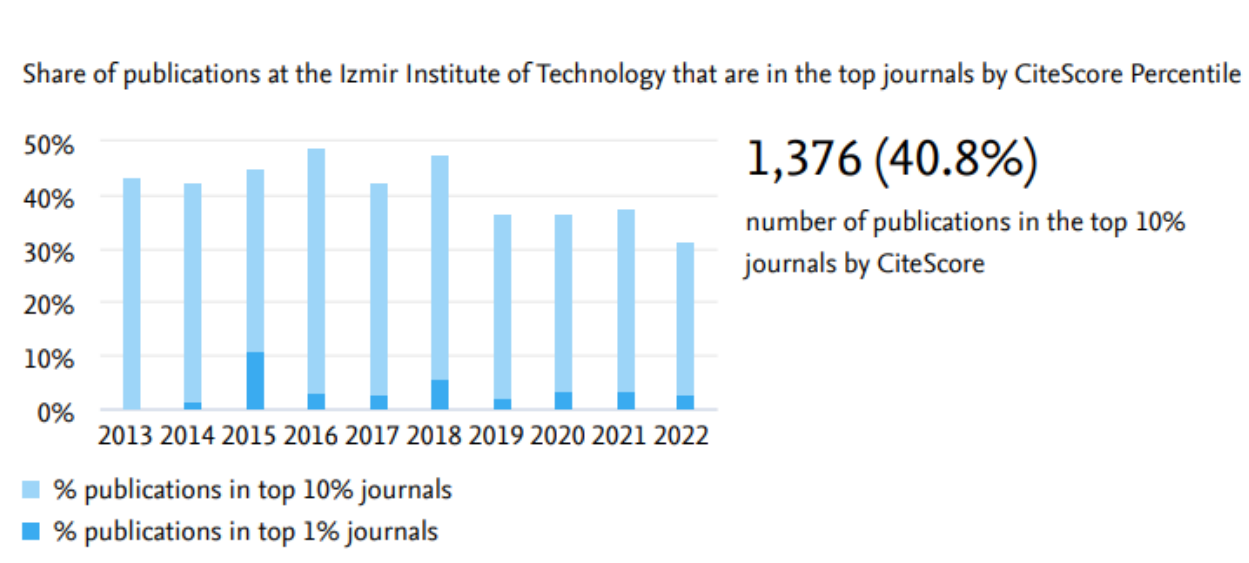
Note: for collaboration types with a scholarly output less than 1,000, please beware of highly cited publications which may skew the FWCI.

Outputs in Top 10% Citation Percentiles (field-weighted)
Entity: Izmir Institute of Technology · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023



Outputs in Top Citation Percentiles indicates the extent to which an institution's publications are present in the top 10% most-cited percentiles within Scopus. This number is then field-weighted to normalize for differences in subject area citation patterns.

Publications in Top Journal Percentiles by CiteScore Percentile
Entity: Izmir Institute of Technology · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023

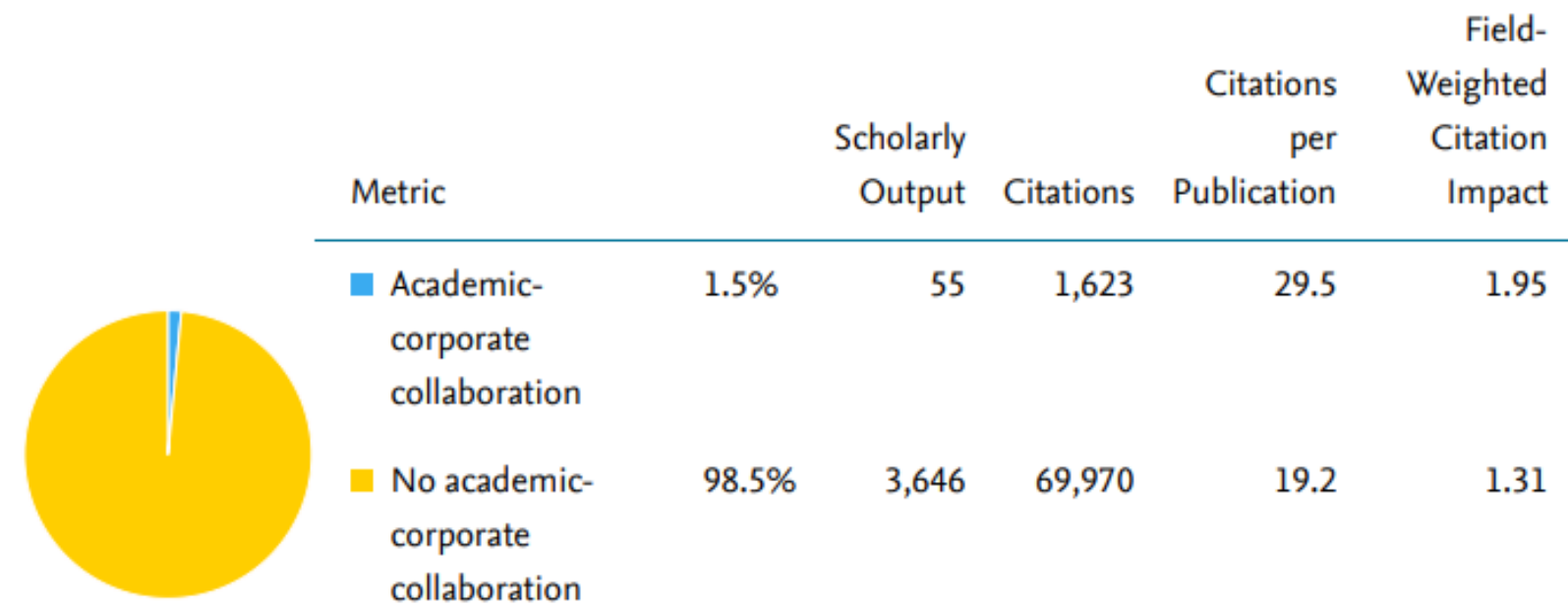


Publications in Top Journal Percentiles indicates the extent to which the institution's publications are present in the most-cited journals in Scopus by CiteScore percentile. The percentage thresholds are taken directly from the CiteScore Percentile values that are calculated by Scopus. A journal receives a CiteScore Percentile for each ASJC in which it's categorized. SciVal always uses the highest relevant CiteScore Percentile, which is dictated by the subject area filter.

Academic-Corporate Collaboration

Entity: Izmir Institute of Technology · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023

Scholarly Output at the Izmir Institute of Technology with both academic and corporate author affiliations



Academic-Corporate Collaboration indicates the degree of collaboration between authors with academic and corporate affiliations: to what extent are this institution's publications co-authored across the academic and corporate, or industrial, sectors?

A publication either exhibits academic-corporate collaboration, or it does not. This assignment is made based on the sector assigned to the Institution in SciVal.

Note: for collaboration types with a small scholarly output, please beware of highly cited publications which may skew the FWCI.

Top collaborating Institutions

Entity: Izmir Institute of Technology · Year range: 2013 to 2022 · Data source: Scopus, up to 08 Nov 2023

Institution	Co-authored publications	Citations received for co-authored publications	Co-authors	Field-Weighted Citation Impact
10 University of Bristol	644 ▼	30,356	91 ▲	3.36
3 University of Antwerp	693 ▲	31,943	58 ▲	3.25
8 United States Department of Energy	647 ▼	30,491	471 ▲	3.35
7 Purdue University	651 ▼	31,366	156 ▲	3.36
1 Middle East Technical University	726 ▲	31,171	144 ▲	3.07
2 Istanbul Technical University	704 ▲	30,922	102 ▲	3.15
9 Imperial College London	646	30,440	183 ▲	3.37
6 Cukurova University	652 ▼	30,362	100 ▲	3.32
4 CNRS	662 ▼	31,391	664 ▲	3.35
5 Bogazici University	653 ▼	30,355	74 ▼	3.31

Shows the top institutions that have co-authored scholarly outputs with the institution.

Note: for collaborations with a scholarly output less than 1,000, please beware of highly cited publications which may skew the FWCI.



Açık Erişim ve Açık Bilim

Turkish Translation

BUDAPEŞTE AÇIK ERIŞİM GİRİŞİMİ

Eski bir gelenek ve yeni bir teknoloji, eşi görülmemiş bir kamu yararını mümkün kılmak üzere birleşti. Eski gelenek, araştırma sonuçlarının ve elde edilen bilginin paylaşımı adına, bilim insanlarının çalışma çıktılarını, kendi istekleri doğrultusunda, akademik dergilerde ücretsiz olarak yayımlamasıdır. Yeni teknoloji ise İnternettir. Kamu yararı, hakemli dergi literatürünün dünya çapında elektronik ortamda dağıtımını; bu literatürün bilim insanları, araştırmacılar, öğretmenler, öğrenciler ve meraklıları için tamamen sınırsız ve ücretsiz erişimini mümkün kılar. Bilimsel literatüre erişimdeki engellerin kaldırılması; araştırmaların hızlanmasına, eğitimin geliştirilmesine, zengin ile yoksulun – yoksul ile zengin bilgiyi paylaşmasına, bu literatürün mümkün olduğu kadar kullanışlı hale getirilmesine, insanlığın ortak bir entelektüel görüş ve bilgi arama ortamında birleşmesine zemin hazırlar.

Açık erişim olarak adlandırdığımız bu tür ücretsiz ve serbest çevrimiçi kullanım, çeşitli nedenlerle dergi literatürünün küçük bir bölümü ile sınırlanmıştır. Bu sınırlı koleksiyona rağmen bir çok farklı girişim, açık erişimin ekonomik olarak uygulanabilir olduğunu göstermiştir. Açık erişim, okuyuculara, literatüre ilişkin kaynakları bulmaları ve onlardan yararlanmaları için ekstra güç verir; yazarlara ve çalışmalarına geniş ve ölçülebilir yeni görünürlük ortamları sağlar, okuyucu kitlesini ve etkisini artırır. Herkes için bu kazanımları güvence altına almak, literatürün geri kalanını erişime açmak, önümüzdeki engelleri ve özellikle fiyat engelini kaldırmak için ilgilenen tüm kurumları ve bireyleri yardıma çağırıyoruz. Bu girişimi destekleyenlerin sayısı arttıkça, hep birlikte ve daha da hızlı bir şekilde açık erişimin yararları görülmeye başlanacaktır.

<https://www.budapestopenaccessinitiative.org/read/turkish-translation/>

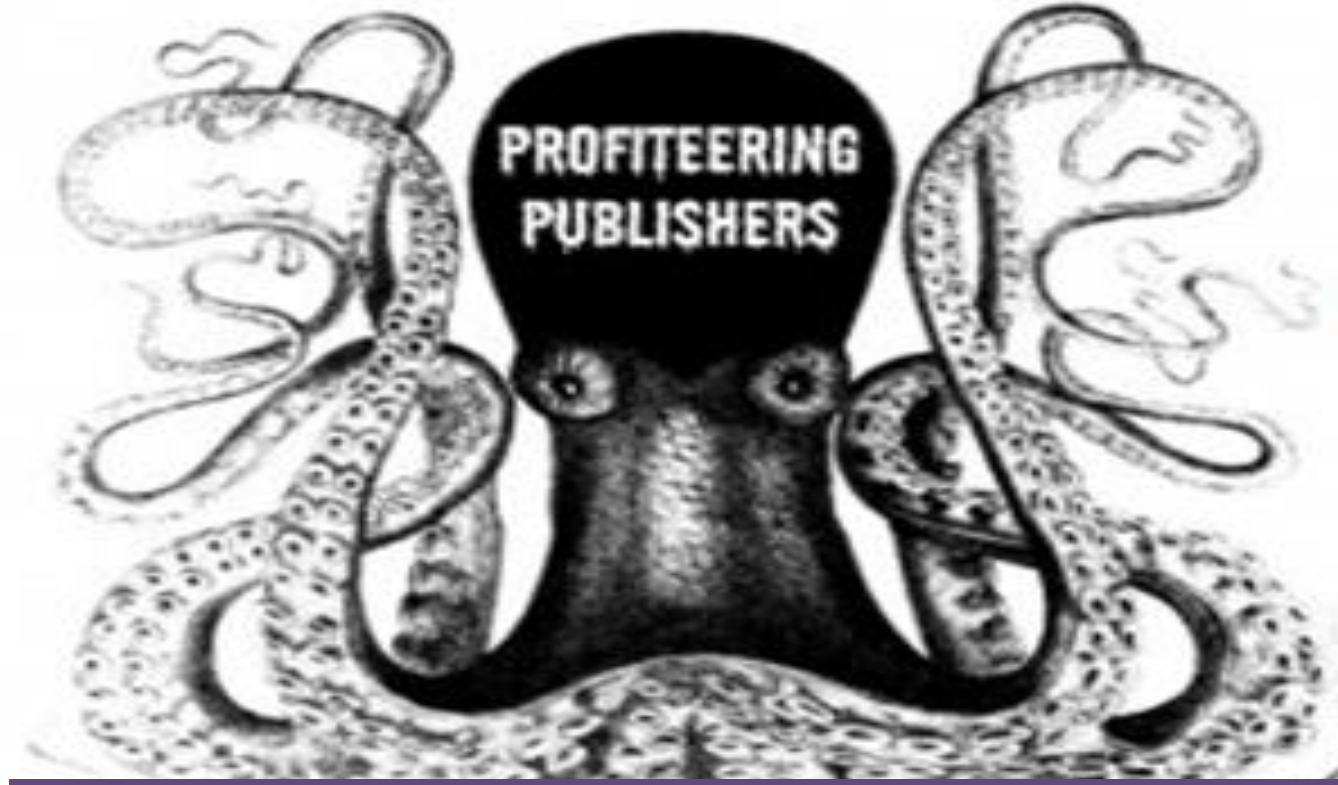
Açık Erişim:

“bilimsel literatürün internet aracılığıyla finansal, yasal ve teknik bariyerler olmaksızın, erişilebilir, okunabilir, kaydedilebilir, kopyalanabilir, yazdırılabilir, taranabilir, tam metne bağlantı verilebilir, dinlenebilir, yazılıma veri olarak aktarılabilir ve her türlü yasal amaç için kullanılabilir olması”

Neden Açık Erişim?

Araştırmacılar makalelerini yayıncıya ücretsiz veriyor

Araştırmacılar telif haklarını yayıncıya ücretsiz veriyor



Diğer araştırmacılar ücretsiz hakemlik yapıyorlar

Üniversiteler bu makalelere erişim için yüksek ücretler ödüyorlar

Kamu tarafından 3 defa ödeme:

- Araştırma için
- Araştırmacının maaşı
- Abonelik

Yayıncılar makaleleri telif hakları ve emek ücreti vermeden yazardan alıp, erişim için yüksek ücretler talep ediyorlar



A significant advantage for open access (OA) articles

On average:

4x
more
downloads



of OA articles than
non-OA articles

1.6x
more
citations



of OA articles than non-OA
articles across all subjects

2.5x
more Altmetric
attention

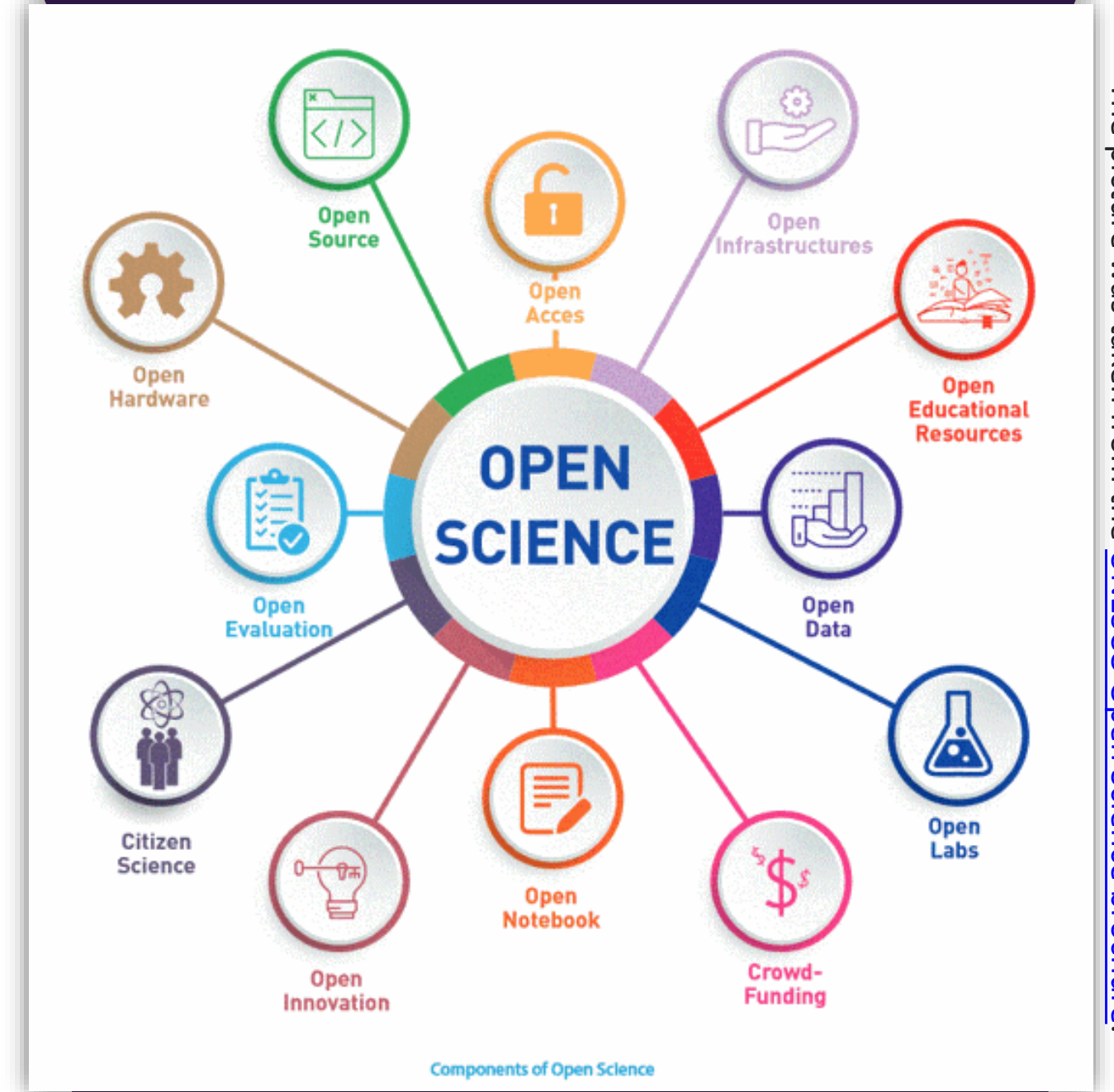


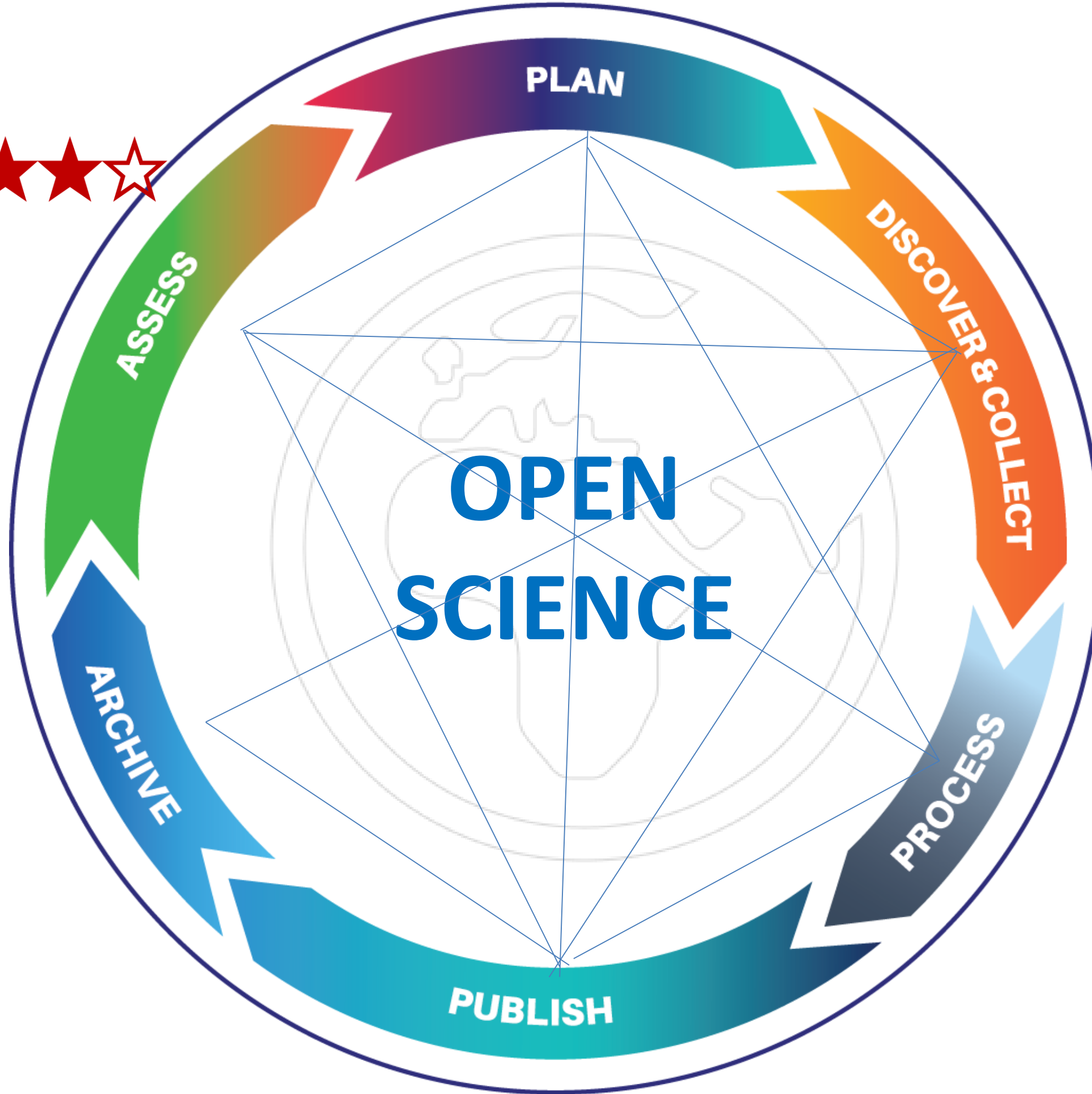
OA articles attracted
1.9x more news mentions and
1.2x more policy mentions

Açık Bilim

“Açık bilim, açık işbirlikli çalışmaya ve süreçte mümkün olduğunca erken ve geniş çapta bilgi ve araçların sistematik paylaşımına dayalı bir yaklaşımdır.” *Avrupa Komisyonu*

- Yayınlara Açık Erişim'in **Ötesinde**
- İşbirliği & Disiplinlerarası
- Yeni işlevsel ve organizasyonel tasarımlar

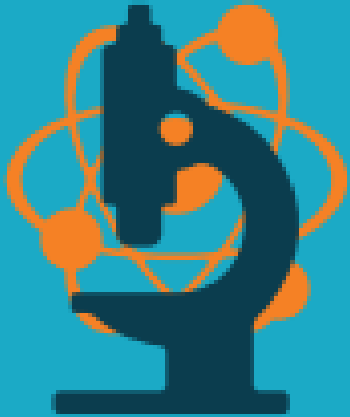




Bilim yapmanın yeni yolları

- Her şey dijital
- Her şey büyük
- Her şey bağlantılı
- Araştırma yaşam döngüsü birbirine bağlıdır ve açıklık her aşamada pozitif bir etkiye sahiptir.

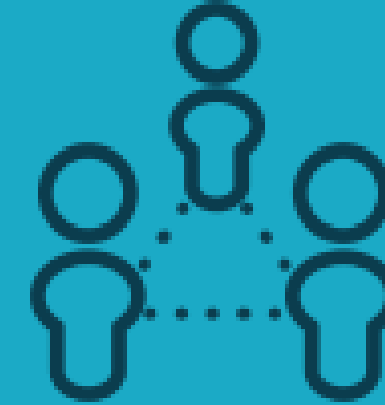
BİLİMSEL HAKEMLİ YAYINLAR NIÇİN AÇIK ERİŞİM?



BİLİM İÇİN YARARLI
bilim insanlarının daha önceki araştırma sonuçlarını toplamalarına izin verir ve gereksiz çaba sarf etmelerini önler
gelişmiş kalite ve daha yüksek verimlilik



EKONOMİ İÇİN YARARLI
inovasyonu hızlandırır
piyasada daha hızlı ilerleme



TOPLUM İÇİN YARARLI
vatandaşlar ve kar amacı gütmeyen kuruluşlar için araştırmayı kullanılabilir hale getirir
daha fazla şeffaflık

“Mümkün olduğu kadar açık, gerektiği kadar kapalı”

Açık Bilim geleceğin bilimidir.

(sürdürülebilir) bir gelecek inşa etmek için açık bilime ihtiyacımız var.



**SUSTAINABLE
DEVELOPMENT**

GOALS

Renklerle Açık Erişim



Altın (Gold) Açık Erişim: Yayıncı, tüm makaleleri ve ilgili içeriği derginin web sitesinde anında ücretsiz olarak kullanıma sunar.

Bu tür yayınlarda makaleler, Creative Commons lisansları veya benzerleri aracılığıyla paylaşılması ve yeniden kullanılması için lisanslanır.



Yeşil (Green) Açık Erişim: Yazarlar tarafından kendi kendine arşivlemeye izin verilmektedir. Yazar, bir yayıncı tarafından yayınlanmasından bağımsız olarak, çalışmayı ayrıca yazar tarafından kontrol edilen bir web sitesine, çalışmayı finanse eden veya barındıran araştırma kurumuna veya bağımsız bir merkezi açık arşive ücret ödemediği şekilde gönderir.



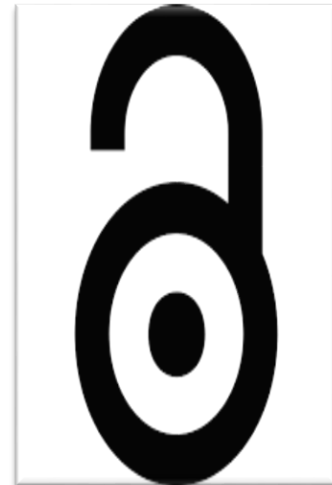
Hibrit (Hybrid) Açık Erişim: Açık erişimli makaleler ve kapalı erişimli makalelerin bir karışımını içerir. Bu modeli izleyen bir yayıncı, kısmen aboneliklerle finanse edilir ve yalnızca yazarların (veya araştırma sponsorunun) bir yayın ücreti ödediği makaleler için açık erişim sağlar.



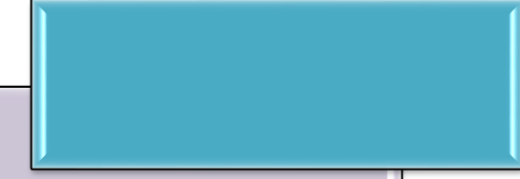
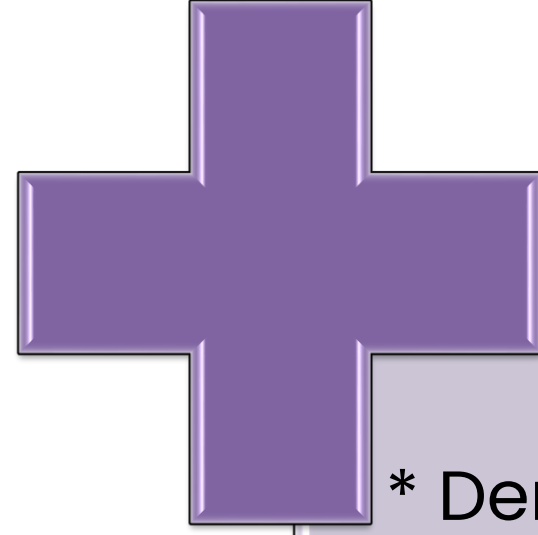
Bronz (Bronze) Açık Erişim: Yayıncı sayfasında ücretsiz olarak okunabilir, ancak açıkça tanımlanabilir bir lisansa sahip değildir. Bu tür makaleler genellikle yeniden kullanıma uygun olmaz.



Elmas Platin (Diamond/Platinum) Açık Erişim: Yazarlardan makale işlem ücreti talep etmeden açık erişim yayınlayan dergilere bazen elmas veya platin AE denir. Okuyuculardan veya yazarlardan doğrudan ücret almadıkları için, bu tür yayıncılar genellikle reklam satışı, akademik kurumlar, bilgi toplulukları, hayırseverler veya devlet hibeleri gibi dış kaynaklardan finansmana ihtiyaç duyar.



Siyah (Black) Açık Erişim: Büyük ölçekli telif hakkı ihlali nedeniyle yetkisiz dijital kopyalamanın artması, ödeme duvarlı literatüre ücretsiz erişim sağladı. Bu, mevcut sosyal medya sitelerinin (örn. ICanHazPDF hashtag'i) yanı sıra özel siteler (örneğin Sci-Hub) aracılığıyla yapılmaktadır.



* Dergiler ve platformlar yazarlar ve okuyucular için ücretsiz

* Dünya çapında tahmini 17.000–29.000 Elmas AE dergisi (2021 yılında)

* Toplam makale yayın hacminin %9'u

* Açık Erişim yayıncılığının %45'i

* Dergilerin ve platformların

teknik kapasitesi,

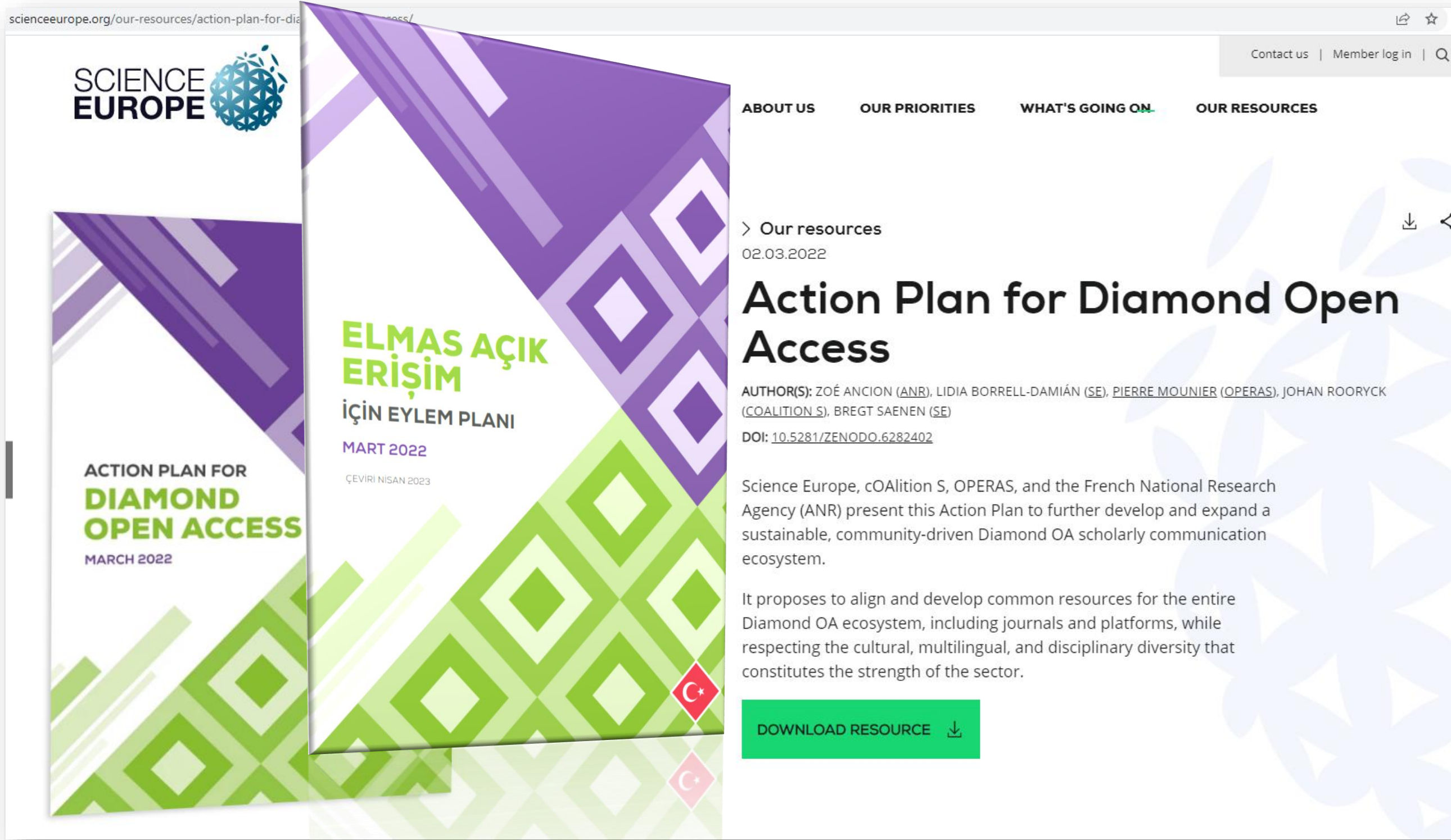
yönetimi,

görünürlüğü,

sürdürülebilirliği

ile ilgili zorluklar

Elmas Açık Erişim



scienceeurope.org/our-resources/action-plan-for-dia.../

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> Our resources
02.03.2022

Action Plan for Diamond Open Access

AUTHOR(S): ZOÉ ANCION (ANR), LIDIA BORRELL-DAMIÁN (SE), PIERRE MOUNIER (OPERAS), JOHAN ROORYCK (COALITION S), BREGT SAENEN (SE)

DOI: [10.5281/ZENODO.6282402](https://doi.org/10.5281/ZENODO.6282402)

Science Europe, cOAlition S, OPERAS, and the French National Research Agency (ANR) present this Action Plan to further develop and expand a sustainable, community-driven Diamond OA scholarly communication ecosystem.

It proposes to align and develop common resources for the entire Diamond OA ecosystem, including journals and platforms, while respecting the cultural, multilingual, and disciplinary diversity that constitutes the strength of the sector.

DOWNLOAD RESOURCE ↓








































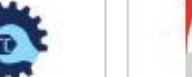














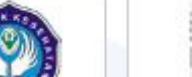
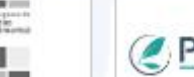












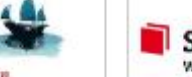












































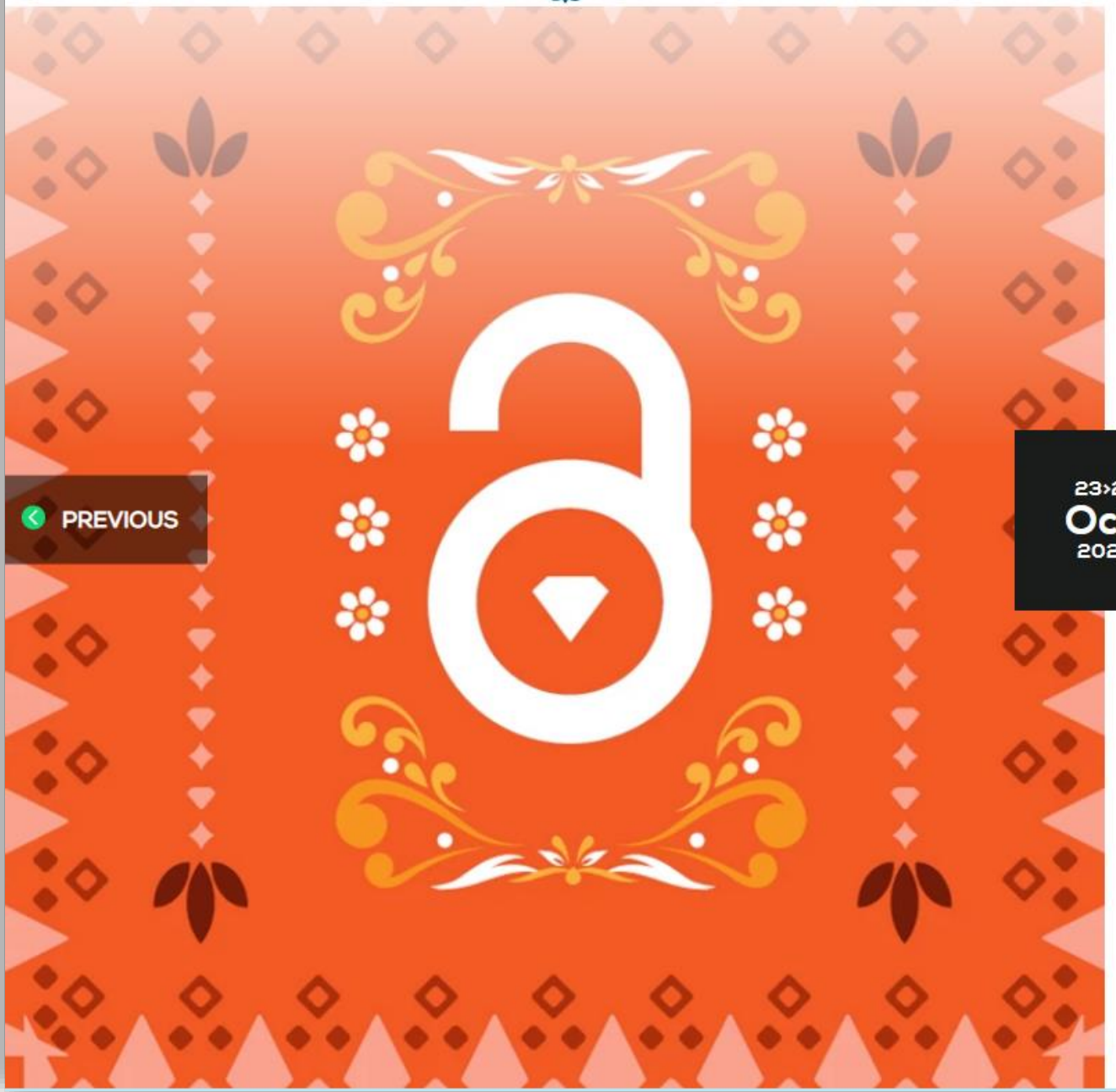
Elmas Açık Erişim'in etkinliğini, kalite standartlarını, kapasite geliştirilmesini ve sürdürülebilirliğini daha da yükseltmek isteyen bir grup kuruluş tarafından Mart 2022'de

başlatıldı.

<https://www.scienceeurope.org/our-resources/action-plan-for-diamond-open-access/>

Destekleyen Kuruluşlar

 <p>FCT Fundação para a Ciência e a Tecnologia Foundation for Science and Technology (FCT) Portugal</p>	 <p>FREE JOURNAL NETWORK Free Journal Network United States</p>	 <p>INSTITUT NATIONAL DU CANCER French National Cancer Institute (INCa) France</p>	 <p>CNRS French National Centre for Scientific Research (CNRS) France</p>	 <p>Inria French National Institute for Research in Digital Science and Technology (INRIA) France</p>	 <p>anr French National Research Agency (ANR) France</p>	 <p>dini German Initiative for Network Information (DINI) Germany</p>	 <p>DFG German Research Foundation (DFG) Germany</p>	 <p>pulse Global China Pulse Sweden</p>	 <p>gfi Europe Good Food Institute Europe Belgium</p>	 <p>SUB Göttingen State and University Library Germany</p>	 <p>BIBLIOTHEK HAMBURG Hamburg State and University Library Germany</p>	 <p>HARVARD LIBRARY Harvard Library United States</p>	 <p>HELMHOLTZ Open Science Helmholtz Open Science Office Germany</p>	 <p>hhmi Howard Hughes Medical Institute United States</p>
 <p>INSEE Indian Society for Ecological Economics India</p>	 <p>BL Institute of Literary Research of the Polish Academy of Sciences Poland</p>	 <p>IOAP Irish Open Access Publishers (IOAP) Ireland</p>	 <p>Izmir Institute of Technology Turkey</p>	 <p>JRDHOCHSCHULE Jadehochschule Germany</p>	 <p>Jisc Jisc United Kingdom</p>	 <p>JPE Journal of Political Ecology United States</p>	 <p>JoSTrans The Journal of Specialised Translation United Kingdom</p>	 <p>Journal of West African Languages Nigeria</p>	 <p>KISTI Korea Institute of Science and Technology Information Republic of Korea</p>	 <p>CLASCO Latin American Council of Social Sciences (CLASCO) Argentina</p>	 <p>LE RU League of European Research Universities (LERU) Belgium</p>	 <p>LENS.ORG The Lens Australia</p>	 <p>UMSDA Library of Universitas Muhammadiyah Sidoarjo Indonesia</p>	 <p>Library Publishing Coalition Library Publishing Coalition United States</p>
 <p>LingOA Linguistics in Open Access The Netherlands</p>	 <p>université Lumière LYON 2 Lumière University Lyon 2 France</p>	 <p>FNRS Luxembourg National Research Fund (FNRS) Luxembourg</p>	 <p>Lyrisis LYRISIS United States</p>	 <p>MADE IN CHINA JOURNAL Australia/Sweden</p>	 <p>Maison des Sciences de l'Homme Paris Nord France</p>	 <p>Management & Economics Research Journal (MERJ) Algeria</p>	 <p>MARIE CURIE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION (MCAA) Belgium</p>	 <p>MathOA Mathematics in Open Access Netherlands</p>	 <p>Max Weber Stiftung Max Weber Stiftung - Deutsche Geisteswissenschaftliche Institute im Ausland Germany</p>	 <p>Medien Pädagogik Zeitschrift für Theorie und Praxis der Medienbildung Switzerland</p>	 <p>Military Technical Courier Serbia</p>	 <p>Miroslav Krleža Institute of Lexicography Croatia</p>	 <p>INFN National Institute for Nuclear Physics Italy</p>	 <p>NTNU Norwegian University of Science and Technology Norway</p>
 <p>OPEN Open Access OPEN Foundation The Netherlands</p>	 <p>CASPA CASPA The Netherlands</p>	 <p>OPEN ACCESS AUSTRALASIA Open Access Australasia Australia/New Zealand</p>	 <p>Open Access Nigeria Nigeria</p>	 <p>Open Library of Humanities United Kingdom</p>	 <p>OpenAIRE OpenAIRE Greece</p>	 <p>OpenEdition OpenEdition France</p>	 <p>OPERAS Open library open access in the European research area for books, articles and book reviews Belgium</p>	 <p>Orvium Orvium Spain</p>	 <p>BLOCKCHAIN TELEHEALTH HEALTHCARE MEDICINE Partners in Digital Health United States</p>	 <p>PCI Peer Community In France</p>	 <p>Pobekkes Kemenkes Kendari Indonesia</p>	 <p>Prairie Journal Prairie - Editorial Center Lyon-Saint-Etienne France</p>	 <p>PKP Public Knowledge Project Public Knowledge Project Canada</p>	
 <p>p. Punctum Books United States</p>	 <p>redalyc.org Redalyc Mexico</p>	 <p>REGISTRE DE LAISSEZ Registre de dactylé pédonale de langue Française France</p>	 <p>REJELAWAN Relawan Jurnal Indonesia Indonesia</p>	 <p>Repères Network of Open Access Scientific Journal Platforms France</p>	 <p>Research Council of Finland (AKA) Research Council of Finland (AKA) Finland</p>	 <p>Research Council of Norway (RCN) Research Council of Norway (RCN) Norway</p>	 <p>fwo Opening new horizons Research Foundation Flanders (FWO) Belgium</p>	 <p>Research Institute for Development (IRD) Research Institute for Development (IRD) France</p>	 <p>Research Institute of the Peruvian Amazon (IAP) Research Institute of the Peruvian Amazon Peru</p>	 <p>Revista Científica de Historia (CHE) Revista Científica de Historia (CHE) Argentina</p>	 <p>Sampan Sampan - Academia & Publishing The Netherlands</p>	 <p>SLUB Wir führen Wissen Saxon State and University Library Germany</p>	 <p>SciELO SciELO - Scientific Electronic Library Online Brazil</p>	 <p>SCIENCE EUROPE Science Europe ...</p>
 <p>SciPost SciPost The Netherlands</p>	 <p>SDG Academy SDG Academy - UN SDSN United States</p>	 <p>ARIS Slovenian Research Agency Slovenia</p>	 <p>FECYT INNOVACION Spanish Foundation for Science and Technology (FECYT) Spain</p>	 <p>Spanish State Research Agency (AEI) Spanish State Research Agency (AEI) Spain</p>	 <p>SPARC Europe SPARC Europe ...</p>	 <p>Statistical and Social Inquiry Society of Ireland Statistical and Social Inquiry Society of Ireland Ireland</p>	 <p>Stichting eIFL-net (EIFL) Stichting eIFL-net (EIFL) Netherlands</p>	 <p>SUPMICROTECH-ENSMM SUPMICROTECH-ENSMM France</p>	 <p>FORTE Forskningsrådet för Hälsa, Arbetsliv och Välfärd Sweden</p>	 <p>Swiss Academy of Humanities and Social Sciences Swiss Academy of Humanities and Social Sciences Switzerland</p>	 <p>smw Swiss Medical Weekly Switzerland</p>	 <p>Swiss National Science Foundation Swiss National Science Foundation Switzerland</p>	 <p>Technological University Dublin Technological University Dublin Ireland</p>	 <p>The Guild The Guild of European Research-Intensive Universities Belgium</p>
 <p>FOASAS The Initiative for Fair Open Access Publishing in South Asian Studies Australia</p>	 <p>TIB TIB - Leibniz Information Centre for Science and Technology Germany</p>	 <p>TUBITAK ULAKBİM Tubitak Ulakbim Turkey</p>	 <p>UIT The Arctic University of Norway UIT The Arctic University of Norway Norway</p>	 <p>UNITED ACADEMICS United Academics Netherlands</p>	 <p>University Library of Bern University Library of Bern Switzerland</p>	 <p>UNIVERSITAT DE BARCELONA University of Barcelona Spain</p>	 <p>UNIVERSIDADE DE COIMBRA University of Coimbra Portugal</p>	 <p>University of Glasgow University of Glasgow United Kingdom</p>	 <p>Universidad de La Sabana University of La Sabana Colombia</p>	 <p>Unil UNIL Université de Lausanne University of Lausanne Switzerland</p>	 <p>Université de Liège Library University of Liège Library Belgium</p>	 <p>UNIVERSITA LUBJANA University of Ljubljana Slovenia</p>	 <p>UNIVERSITÉ DE LORRAINE University of Lorraine France</p>	 <p>UNIVERSIDADE DO MINHO University of Minho Portugal</p>
 <p>UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI TORINO University of Turin Italy</p>	 <p>UNIVERSITY OF WESTMINSTER PRESS University of Westminster United Kingdom</p>	 <p>UNIVERSITETA ZADAR University of Zadar Croatia</p>	 <p>UNIVERSITY OF JYVASKYLÄ University of Jyväskylä Finland</p>	 <p>srce University of Zagreb University Computing Centre Croatia</p>	 <p>Universität Zürich University of Zurich Switzerland</p>	 <p>UNIVERSITAT DE VALÈNCIA University of Valencia Spain</p>	 <p>Yerun Yerun - Young European ...</p>	 <p>ZB MED ZB MED - Informationsdienste Germany</p>	 <p>ZBW ZBW - Leibniz Information Germany</p>	 <p>ZB Zentralbibliothek Zürich Zentralbibliothek Zürich Switzerland</p>	 <p>zhaw Zürcher Hochschule für Angewandte Wissenschaften Switzerland</p>	 <p>ZRC SAZU ZRC SAZU Slovenia</p>		



PREVIOUS

23-27
Oct.
2023

> Events

Global Summit on Diamond Open Access

Open Access | Open Science



<https://globaldiamantoa.org/en/home-2/>

The Global Summit on Diamond Open Access (*Cumbre Global sobre Acceso Abierto Diamante*) is a series of hybrid and multilingual events, including the second Diamond Open Access conference. The events are organised by a group of organisations committed to progressing Open Science and Diamond Open Access: [Redalyc](#), [UAEMéx](#), [AmelICA](#), [UNESCO](#), [CLACSO](#), [UÓR](#), [ANR](#), [cOAlition S](#), [OPERAS](#), and Science Europe.

Interpretation will be foreseen in different languages.

<https://www.scienceeurope.org/events/2023-global-summit-diamond-oa/?fromnext=24695>

Bugüne kadar açık bilim ve açık erişime gelmiş en güçlü destek...



Plan S Principles & Implementation Services cOAlition S Ne

Plan S

Making full and immediate Open Access a reality

Açık erişimin anahtarı fon sağlayıcıların elindedir.

Robert-Jan Smits-Science Europe Başkanı

<https://www.coalition-s.org/>

About Plan S

Plan S is an initiative for Open Access publishing that was launched in September 2018. The plan is supported by cOAlition S, an international consortium of research funding and performing organisations. Plan S requires that, from 2021, scientific publications that result from research funded by public grants must be published in compliant Open Access journals or platforms.

[Read more](#)



JOINT STATEMENT OF OA2020 AND COALITION S

<https://oa2020.org/joint-statement-oa2020-coalition-s/>

RESEARCH PERFORMING AND RESEARCH FUNDING
ORGANIZATIONS WORKING TOGETHER TO ACCELERATE
THE TRANSITION TO OPEN ACCESS

PDF version of the joint statement

Over the past 20 years, many thoughtful strategies have been devised to promote open access to scholarly research publications, including the development of repositories and new publishing venues. Yet, the vast majority of scholarly articles continue to be locked behind subscription paywalls of traditional scholarly journals.

Taking decisive steps toward the realisation of full and immediate open access, a global consortium of research funders (*cOAlition S*) have established the *Plan S principles* to ensure full and immediate access to all scholarly articles, whether published in subscription journals, open access journals or other platforms. In explaining *why Plan S*, Marc Schiltz, President of Science Europe and Chair of cOAlition S states "In the 21st century, science publishers should provide a service to help researchers disseminate their results. They may be paid fair value for the services they are providing, but no scholarly outputs should be locked behind paywalls!"

Araştırma fonu ve araştırma yapan kuruluşların küresel olarak ödeme duvarı yayıncılığında desteklerini çekmeleri ve bilimsel araştırma yayınlarına tam ve anında açık erişim sağlamaları için kendilerine katılma çağrısı.



ABOUT NEWS EVENTS MARKET WATCH TRANSFORMATIVE AGREEMENTS DATA ANALYTICS WORKFLOWS MORE

Transformative (Dönüştürücü Anlaşmalar)
Read and Publish (Oku ve Yayımla)

American Chemical Society	Turkey	ANKOS (Anatolian University Libraries Consortium)	115	01/01/2022	12/31/2024	acs2022ankos
Cambridge University Press	Turkey	ANKOS (Anatolian University Libraries Consortium)	150	01/01/2022	12/31/2022	cam2022ankos
Wiley	Turkey	EKUAL/TUBITAK	1500	01/01/2023	12/31/2025	wiley2023tubitak

ACM (American Computing Machinery Digital Library - ANKOS)

ABD
Almanya
Avustralya
Avusturya
Belçika
Çek Cumhuriyeti
Çin
Danimarka
Estonya
Filistin
Finlandiya
Fransa
Gana
Güney Afrika
Güney Kore
Hırvatistan
Hollanda
Hong Kong
İngiltere
İrlanda
İspanya
İsrail
İsveç
İsviçre
İzlanda
İtalya
Japonya
Kanada
Katar
Kolombiya
Letonya
Lüksemburg
Macaristan
Moldova
Norveç
Polonya
Portekiz
Sırbistan
Slovenya
Suudi Arabistan
Türkiye
Yunanistan

EIFL (Kütüphaneler için
Elektronik Bilgi)

Arnavutluk, Ermenistan,
Azerbaycan, Beyaz Rusya,
Kongo, Etiyopya, Gana, Fildişi
Sahili, Kenya, Kosova,
Kırgızistan, Laos, Lesoto, Kuzey
Makedonya, Malavi, Maldivler,
Moldova, Myanmar, Nepal,
Senegal, Sudan, Tanzanya,
Uganda, Özbekistan, Zambiya,
Zimbabve

COAR's response to the American Chemical Society's new fee for repository deposit

COAR joins a growing chorus of voices (1,2) denouncing a new authors' fee introduced by the American Chemical Society (ACS), which charges authors \$2,500 US for the right to deposit their accepted manuscript into a repository without an embargo period.

COAR strongly objects to this charge for the following reasons:

- **Authors own their manuscripts and should retain their rights.** Authors typically hold the copyright to their research, but too often transfer those rights to publishers when publishing their manuscript. When authors retain the copyright to their manuscript, they have the right to disseminate and use their own manuscript as they choose. If authors' rights are retained, publishers do not own an article accepted manuscript (AAM) and researchers should not be duped into paying a fee to exercise a right they already have.
- **This fee is in direct contravention with the ethos of open science, scholarship and equity.** Science is about sharing and advancing knowledge and open access policies are being designed very carefully to ensure that all researchers are able to do so, even if they do not have funding to pay to publish their articles.
- **ACS is charging \$2,500 while providing no added value.** There is not a fee for an extra service offered. It requires no extra work on the side of the publisher, but rather is an attempt to develop a new revenue stream, while at the same time they will be receiving funds from subscriptions and pay-to-access for this same article.
- **ACS is creating a false impression about compliance with funder policies.** There is no charge for complying with funder OA policies. Nor is there any charge for depositing manuscripts in OA repositories. A fee is only required if you want to publish in an ACS journal and sign over your rights.

Repositories are and should always be free for researchers to access and deposit their work!!!

Repositories are critical for ensuring that the research community can freely access and contribute to the full corpus of scientific knowledge. This fee erects unnecessary and artificial barriers for researchers.

COAR strongly encourages others in the scholarly community to raise their objections to this fee, and in particular, urges ACS authors and all researchers to refuse to sign over the rights to their Article Accepted Manuscripts, or pay any charges to share a work that they already own.

Other statements

1. American Chemical Society (ACS) and authors' rights retention
2. Council of Australian University Librarians and Open Access Australasia Statement on the American Chemical Society's new Article Development Charges

American Chemical Society (ACS) dergilerinde yayınlanan yayınların kurumsal arşive konulması için yeni ücret getiriyor:

Makale Geliştirme Ücreti (ADC): Kabul edilen bir makalenin ambargo süresi olmaksızın bir arşive konulma hakkı için yazarlardan alınan 2.500 ABD Doları

COAR tüm kurumsal arşivlerin ortak sesi olarak bu ücrete şiddetle karşı çıkıyor:

- Yazarlar makalelerinin sahibidir ve haklarını ellerinde tutmalıdır.
- Bu ücret, açık bilim ve eşitlik ilkelerine doğrudan aykırıdır.
- ACS hiçbir katma değer sağlamadığı halde 2.500 Dolar ücret talep etmektedir.
- ACS, fon sağlayıcı politikalarına uyum konusunda yanlış bir izlenim yaratmaktadır. Fon sağlayıcıların AE politikalarına uymak için herhangi bir ücret alınmamaktadır.

Arşivler, araştırma topluluğunun bilimsel bilginin tamamına özgürce erişebilmesini ve katkıda bulunabilmesini sağlamak açısından kritik öneme sahiptir. Bu ücret, araştırmacılar için gereksiz ve yapay engeller oluşturmaktadır.



UNESCO Recommendation on Open Science

The UNESCO Recommendation on Open Science is the first international standard setting instrument on open science.

Last update: 21 September 2023

Summary

- About open science
- International standard setting instrument
- Values
- Guiding principles
- Development of the Recommendation

Open science is a set of principles and practices that aim to make scientific research from all fields accessible to everyone for the benefits of scientists and society as a whole. Open science is about making sure not only that scientific knowledge is accessible but also that the production of that knowledge itself is inclusive, equitable and sustainable.

The UNESCO Recommendation on Open Science provides an internationally agreed definition, as well as a set of shared values and guiding principles for open science. It also identifies a set of actions conducive to a fair and equitable operationalization of open science for all at the individual, institutional, national, regional and international levels.

Draft text of the UNESCO Recommendation on Open Science

Following the consensus reached during the intergovernmental meeting of experts held from 6 to 11 May 2021, the Draft text of the Recommendation was put forward for adoption by UNESCO's General Conference during its 41st session in November 2021:
 English | Français | Español | Русский | العربية | 中文

UNESCO Açık Bilim Tavsiyesi: Kasım 2021'de UNESCO Genel Konferansı'nda kabul edildi.

 United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'éducation, la science et la culture Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Educación, la Ciencia y la Cultura Организация Объединенных Наций по вопросам образования, науки и культуры منظمة الأمم المتحدة للتربية والعلم والثقافة 联合国教育、 科学及文化组织	General Conference 41st session, Paris, 2021	41 C
		41 C/22 8 September 2021 Original: English
	Item 8.1 of the provisional agenda	

DRAFT RECOMMENDATION ON OPEN SCIENCE

OUTLINE

Source: 40 C/Resolution 24.

Background: At its 206th session, the Executive Board invited the Director-General to submit to the General Conference at its 40th session the preliminary study on the technical, financial and legal aspects of the desirability of a standard-setting instrument on open science, together with the relevant observations and decisions of the Executive Board thereon (206 EX/Decision 9).

By 40 C/Resolution 24, the General Conference invited the Director-General to submit to it at the earliest possible session, preferably the 41st session, the draft text of a UNESCO Recommendation on Open Science in accordance with the Rules of Procedure concerning recommendations to Member States and international conventions covered by the terms of Article IV, paragraph 4, of the Constitution.

Purpose: This document presents the final draft of the Recommendation on Open Science for consideration and possible adoption by the General Conference.

Decision required: paragraph 9.

<https://en.unesco.org/science-sustainable-future/open-science/recommendation>



19 January 2022 | Report

A closer look at Open Access to research publications in European universities:

Follow-up to the 2020-21 EUA Open Science survey

Rita Morais, Stephane Berghmans and Vinciane Gaillard

This report specifically presents the findings on Open Access from EUA's 2020-2021 Open Science Survey.

How do universities monitor Open Access activities? How are universities preparing for the implementation of Plan S, which will apply to all Horizon Europe funding recipients? What major steps have universities recently taken to further the implementation of Open Access?

<https://eua.eu/resources/publications/1002:a-closer-look-at-open-access-to-research-publications-in-european-universities.html>



EUA'nın 2020-2021 Açık Bilim Anketinde Açık Erişime ilişkin bulgular yer alıyor:

- Üniversiteler Açık Erişim faaliyetlerini nasıl izliyor?
- Üniversiteler, tüm Ufuk Avrupa fon alıcıları için geçerli olan Plan S'nin uygulanmasına nasıl hazırlanıyor?
- Üniversiteler Açık Erişim uygulamasını ilerletmek için son dönemlerde hangi önemli adımları attı?

eua EUROPEAN UNIVERSITY ASSOCIATION

A closer look at Open Access to research publications in European universities

Follow-up to the 2020-21 EUA Open Science survey

Rita Morais, Stephane Berghmans and Vinciane Gaillard

January 2022

<https://eua.eu/downloads/publications/open%20access%20follow-up%20report.pdf>

<http://coara.eu/>

Coalition for Advancing Research Assessment

Our vision is that the assessment of research, researchers and research organisations recognises the diverse outputs, practices and activities that maximise the quality and impact of research. This requires basing assessment primarily on qualitative judgement, for which peer review is central, supported by responsible use of quantitative indicators.

The Agreement

Based on 10 commitments, establishes a common direction for research assessment reform, while respecting organisations' autonomy. The Agreement on Reforming Research Assessment sets a shared direction for changes in assessment practices for research, researchers and research performing organisations, with the overarching goal to maximise the quality and impact of research.

The Agreement includes the principles, commitments and timeframe for reforms and lays out the principles for a Coalition of organisations



Açık Akran Değerlendirmesi

en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Open_peer_review

marks İngilizce sözlük : ing... Sunrise and sunset... Imported From Fire... Imported From IE 2011 & Newer - Se... Data Structures - C... Diğer yer işaret

Open peer review

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Open_peer_review

Open peer review is the various possible modifications of the traditional **scholarly peer review** process. The three most common modifications to which the term is applied are:^[1]

- Open identities:** Authors and reviewers are aware of each other's identity.^{[2][3]}
- Open reports:** Review reports are published alongside the relevant article (rather than being kept confidential).
- Open participation:** The wider community (and not just invited reviewers) are able to contribute to the review process.

These modifications are supposed to address various perceived shortcomings of the traditional scholarly peer review process, in particular its lack of transparency, lack of incentives, and wastefulness.^[1]

Contents [hide]

- Definitions
 - Open identities
 - Open reports
 - Open participation
- Adoption
 - Adoption by publishers
 - Open peer review of preprints
- Advantages and disadvantages
 - Argued
 - Observed
- See also

Açık akran değerlendirilmesinde, geleneksel akran değerlendirilme sürecine göre dikkat çeken üç farklılık:

Açık kimlikler:
Yazarlar ve hakemler birbirlerinin kimliğinin farkındadır.

Açık raporlar:
inceleme raporları, (gizli tutulmak yerine) ilgili makalenin yanında yayınlanır.

Açık katılım:
Daha geniş topluluk (sadece davetli incelemeciler değil) inceleme sürecine katkıda bulunabilir.

Açık Atıflar

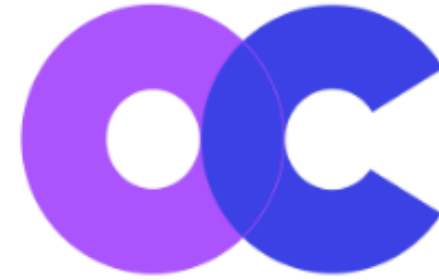
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Açık bilim için bağımsız bir altyapı organizasyonu OpenCitations, Anlamsal Web (Bağlantılı Veri) teknolojilerini kullanarak açık bibliyografik ve atıf verilerinin yayınlanmasına hizmet etmektedir.

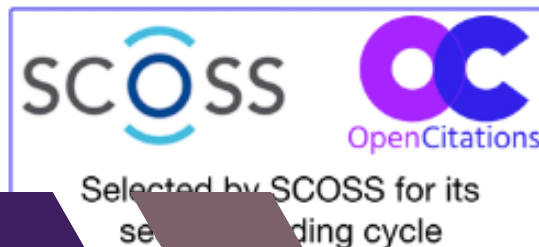
Welcome to the [OpenCitations](#) homepage!

[OpenCitations](#) is an independent not-for-profit infrastructure organization for open scholarship dedicated to the publication of open bibliographic and citation data by the use of [Semantic Web \(Linked Data\)](#) technologies. It is also engaged in advocacy for open citations, particularly in its role as a key founding member of the [Initiative for Open Citations \(I4OC\)](#). For administrative convenience, [OpenCitations](#) is managed by the [Research Centre for Open Scholarly Metadata](#) at the [University of Bologna](#).

[OpenCitations](#) espouses fully the founding principles of Open Science. It complies with the [FAIR data principles](#) by [Force11](#) that data should be **findable**, **accessible**, **interoperable** and **re-usable**, and it complies with the recommendations of [I4OC](#) that citation data in particular should be **structured**, **separable**, and **open**. On the latter topic, [OpenCitations](#) has recently published a formal definition of an [Open Citation](#), and has launched a system for globally unique and persistent identifiers (PIDs) for bibliographic citations – [Open Citation Identifiers \(OCIs\)](#).

[OpenCitations'](#) involvement in international networks and collaborations, together with the need of identifying and reaching out to new stakeholders to assure [OpenCitations'](#) development and sustainability, has made it necessary to define [OpenCitations'](#) mission, unique strengths and next developmental steps, summarized in the following publicly available documents: [OpenCitations Mission Statement](#), [The Uniqueness of OpenCitations](#) and [OpenCitations – Present Status and Future Plans](#).

Please follow us on [Twitter](#) and read the [OpenCitations Blog](#) to be kept updated with news about [OpenCitations](#)!



"It is clear that OpenCitations is one of the fundamental projects in open publishing specifically in open scientific publishing"



1 milyardan fazla atıf!

COCI (the OpenCitations Index of Crossref open DOI-to-DOI citations)

- OpenCitations tarafından oluşturulan ilk açık atıf dizini
- Toplam 1,09 milyar DOI'den DOI'ye atıf bağlantısı



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Recent PREreviews

Violet Goat reviewed "HIV incidence among non-migrating persons following a household migration event: a population-based, longitudinal study in Uganda"	Pablo Ranea-Robles and Marina Scherthanner of the ASAPbio Metabolism Crowd reviewed "GLUD1 dictates muscle stem cell differentiation by controlling mitochondrial glutamate levels"	Torben Sunkel reviewed "Cell size scaling laws: a unified theory"	Hugo Caffaratti, Christopher Petkov, and Daniela Saderi reviewed "Hearing loss in juvenile rats leads to excessive play fighting and hyperactivity, mild cognitive deficits and altered neuronal activity in the prefrontal cortex"	Ashraya Ravikumar reviewed "Approximating conformational Boltzmann distributions with AlphaFold2 predictions"
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PCI, a free recommendation process of scientific preprints based on peer reviews and a journal

Peer Community in:

Araştırma ön baskılarını ücretsiz, açık erişimde değerlendirmek, önermek ve yayınlamak için bilim adamlarından oluşan kar amacı gütmeyen bir açık bilim kuruluşu.

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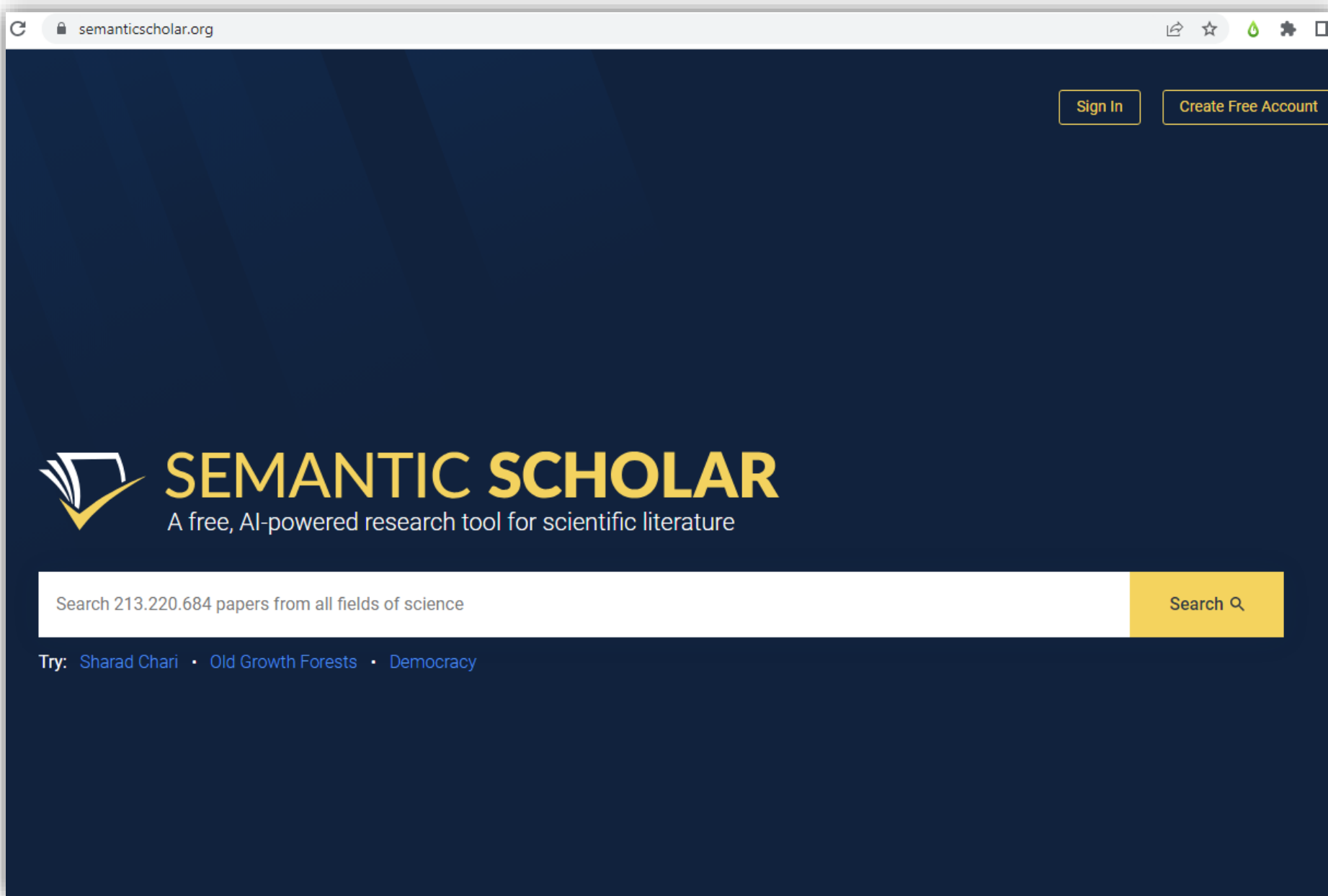
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PCI is a non-profit organization of researchers offering peer review, recommendation and publication of scientific articles in open access for free.

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The screenshot shows the Semantic Scholar homepage. The header is dark blue with a search bar and a search button. The main content area is white with a large search bar and a search button. The footer is dark blue with the Semantic Scholar logo and tagline.

semanticscholar.org

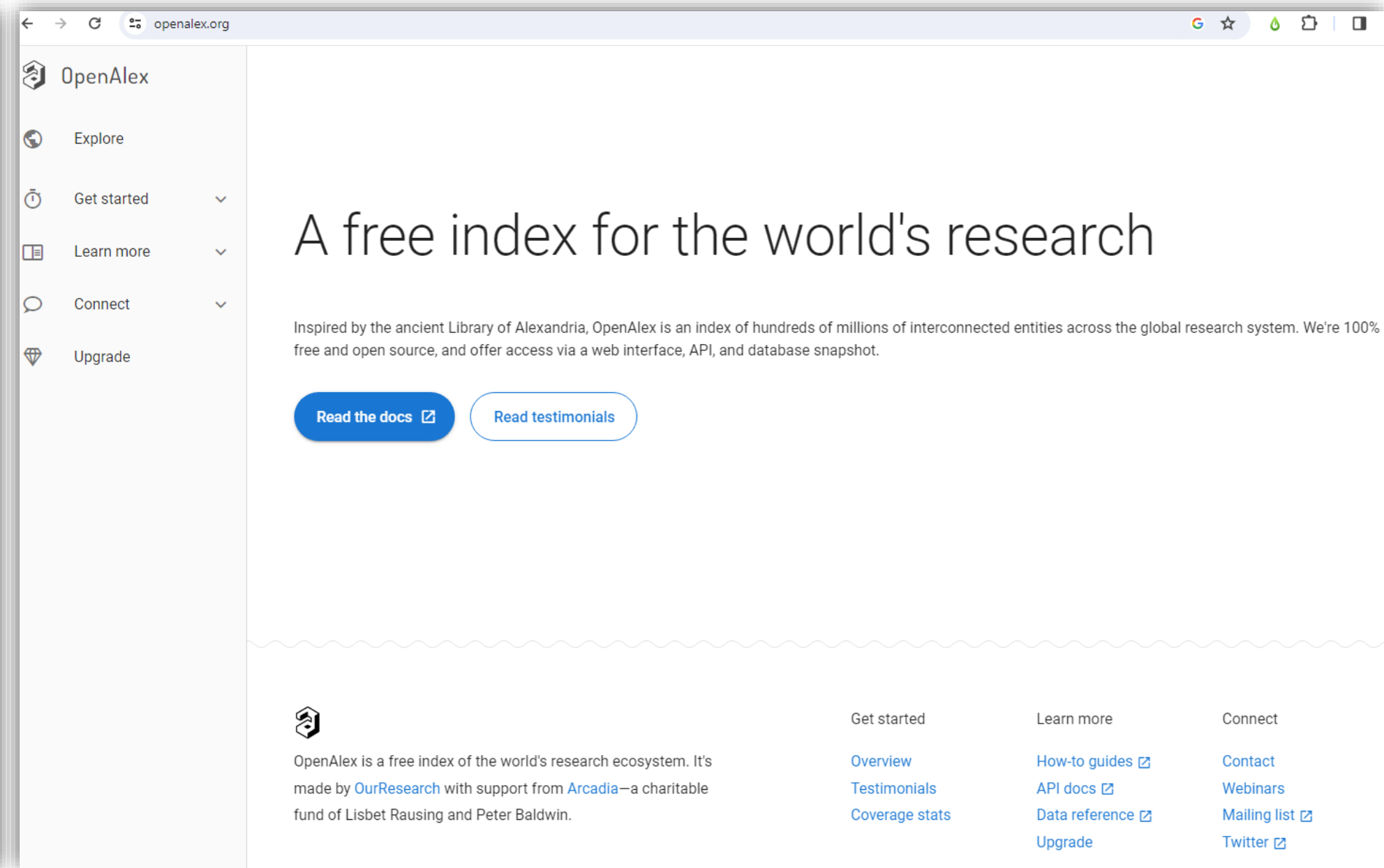
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Inspired by the ancient Library of Alexandria, OpenAlex is an index of hundreds of millions of interconnected entities across the global research system. We're 100% free and open source, and offer access via a web interface, API, and database snapshot.

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GET THE EXTENSION

The image shows a tilted screenshot of the Unpaywall browser extension interface. At the top, there is a green header with the Unpaywall logo. Below this, a browser window is shown displaying a paywall for an article from the 'International Journal of Nutritional Science'. The article title is 'Exercise for weight loss: a systematic review and meta-analysis'. The authors listed are Perez, M., Trang, H., and Mulworth. The DOI is 10.4977/isns/498768. The paywall interface shows a 'FREE' button in green and a 'PAYWALL \$40 Pay to read' button in grey. A green lock icon is visible on the right side of the article preview. To the right of the browser window, the text reads 'Read research papers for free.' followed by 'Click the green tab and skip the paywall on millions of peer-reviewed journal articles. It's fast, free, and legal.' Below this is a blue button that says 'ADD TO CHROME - IT'S FREE'. At the bottom right, it states '600.000+ users on Chrome and Firefox'.

"Unpaywall is transforming Open Science"

—Nature feature article, August 2018

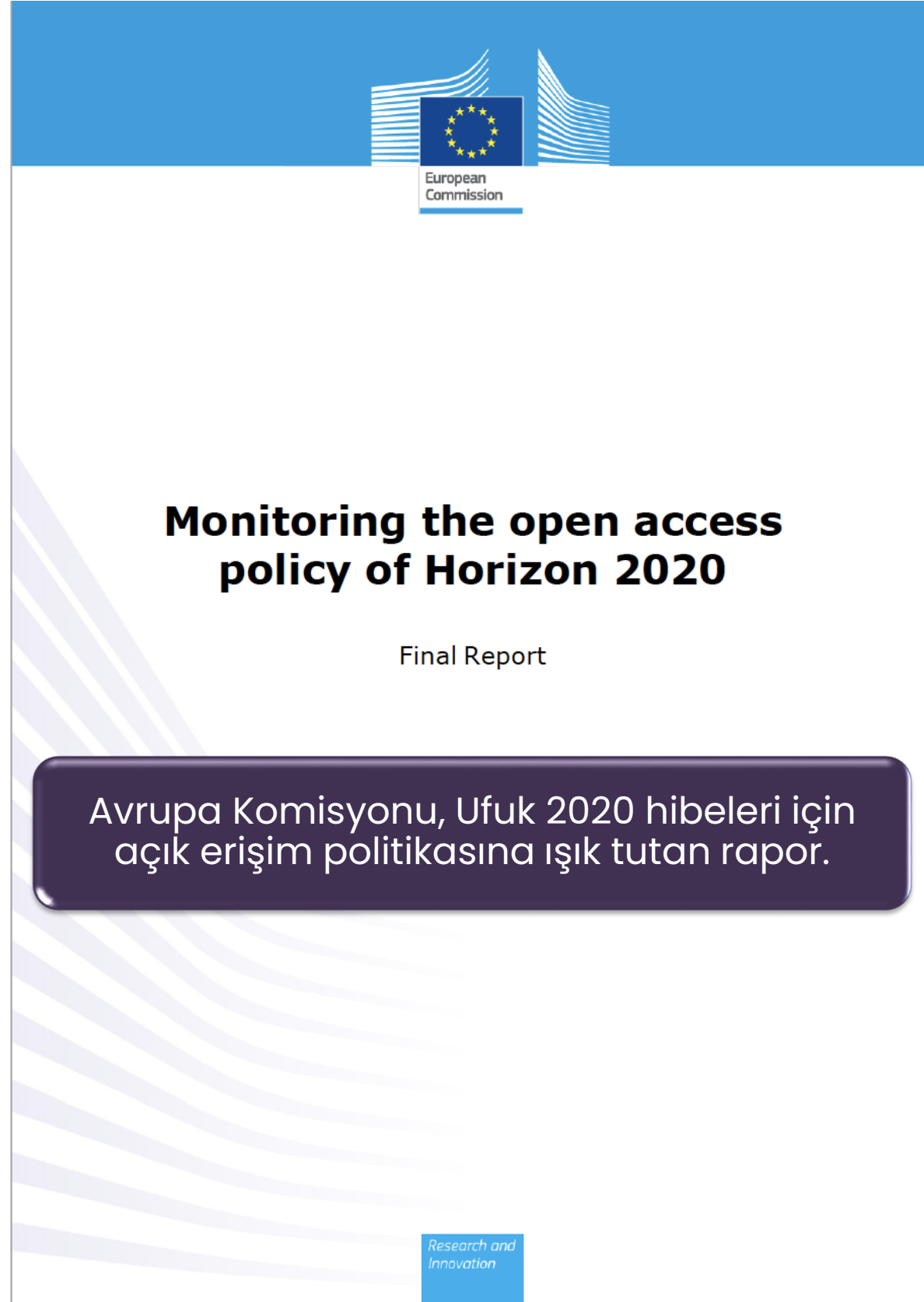


Avrupa Birliđi ve Aık Bilim

Açık Bilim Politikaları: AB Araştırma ve Yenilik Fon Programlarının Gelişimi

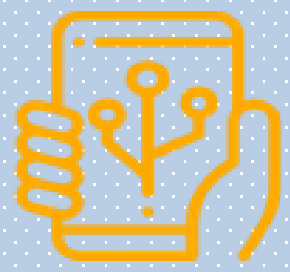


Avrupa Komisyonu'nun U2020 programı kapsamındaki bilimsel yayınlarının %83'ü açıkça erişilebilir...



Raporda U2020 programı kapsamındaki bilimsel yayınlar için öne çıkan bulgular:

- **Açık erişim oranı:** 2014 yılında %65 civarı, 2019'da %86.
- **Ortalama Makale İşlem Bedeli (MİD):** "Altın" açık erişim yaklaşık 2.200 Euro, "Hibrit" (*Horizon Europe kapsamında ödemesi yok*) açık erişim yaklaşık 2.600 Euro.
- **Lisans:** %49'u, yeniden kullanıma izin veren (çeşitli düzeylerde kısıtlamalarla) Creative Commons (CC) lisansları, %33'ü metin ve veri madenciliğine (TDM) kısıtlamalar getiren yayıncıya özel lisanslar.
- **Kurumsal arşivler** FAIR erişim sağlama konusunda (dahili süreçler ve üst verilerde değişiklik) tatmin edici.
- **U2020 AE politikası:**
 - Açık Bilim konusunda bilgi ve farkındalık artışı, ilgili becerilerde gelişme,
 - Diğer Avrupa araştırma fon sağlayıcılarını ve kurumları benzer açık erişim politikalarını ve önlemlerini benimsemeye teşvik.



Ufuk Avrupa Programında Açık Bilim

Açık Bilim

Araştırma ve İnovasyon sonuçlarının daha iyi yayılması ve kullanılması, toplumun aktif katılımına destek

Yayınlara Açık Erişim Zorunlu: yararlanıcılar, kendilerinin veya yazarların açık erişim gereksinimlerine uymaları için gerekli fikri mülkiyet haklarına sahip olmalarını sağlayacaktır.

Araştırma Verilerine Açık Erişim: "mümkün olduğu kadar açık gerektiği kadar kapalı" ilkesi doğrultusunda; FAIR (Bulunabilir, Erişilebilir, Birlikte Çalışabilir, Yeniden Kullanılabilir) Veri Yönetim Planı Zorunlu ve Araştırma Verileri Açık.

- Açık Bilim için araştırmacı yetenek ve ödül sistemlerine destek
- Avrupa Açık Bilim Bulutu'nu kullanma



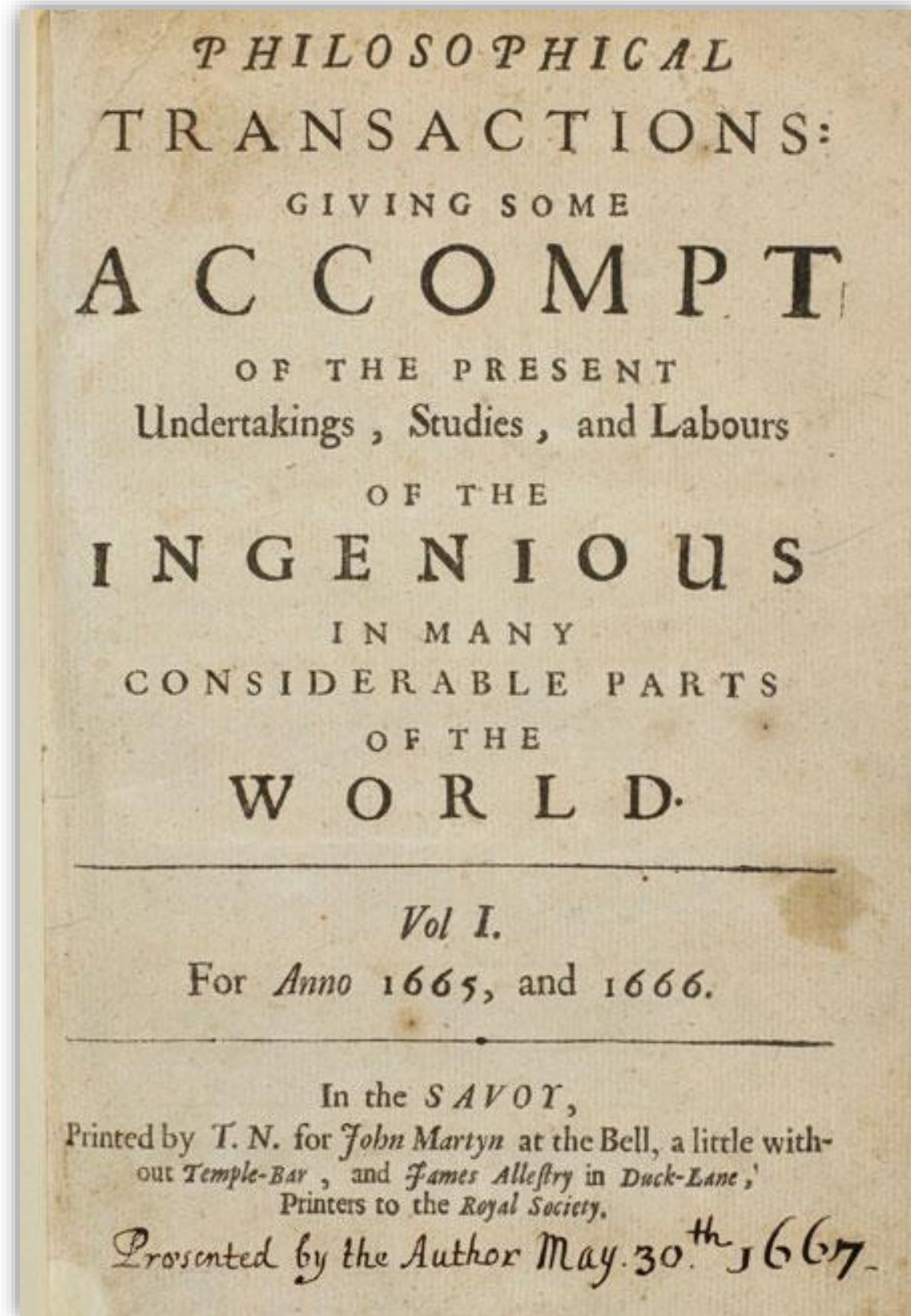


Açık Erişim Yayın Platformu

Akademik Derginin 358 Yılı!

PHILOSOPHICAL TRANSACTIONS

Philosophical Transactions is the world's first and longest-running scientific journal. It was launched in March 1665 by Henry Oldenburg (c.1619-1677), the Society's first Secretary, who acted as publisher and editor.



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Article Type: Research Article (23077), Review Article (4048), Letter (2158), Introduction (1058), Case Report (761)

Publication Date: 1665 - 2023

Author: Massey, Harrie Stewart Wilson (279), Runcorn, Stanley Keith (240), Thompson, J M T (157), Eglington, Geoffrey (122), Home, Everard (122)

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Introduction: The evolutionary ecology of nests: a cross-taxon approach
Mark C. Mainwaring, Mary Caswell Stoddard, Iain Barber, D. Charles Deeming and Mark E. Hauber
Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences | Volume 378, Issue 1884
Published: 10 July 2023 | <https://doi.org/10.1098/rstb.2022.0136>
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Research articles: Long-term effects of incubation temperature on growth and thermal physiology in a small ectotherm
Madeleine J. De Jong, Lesley A. Alton, Craig R. White, Moira K. O'Brian, David G. Chapple and Bob B. M. Wong
Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences | Volume 378, Issue 1884
Published: 10 July 2023 | <https://doi.org/10.1098/rstb.2022.0137>
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Review articles: Nest construction in mammals: a review of the patterns of construction and functional roles
D. Charles Deeming
Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences | Volume 378, Issue 1884
Published: 10 July 2023 | <https://doi.org/10.1098/rstb.2022.0138>
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October 30, 2023


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By F1000

October 3, 2023

F1000

F1000 is delighted to announce that it has been awarded a second contract for the ongoing technology and publishing services for **Open Research Europe (ORE)**, the European Commission's open research publishing venue for Horizon funded research and other eligible European Commission research programs in all subject areas.



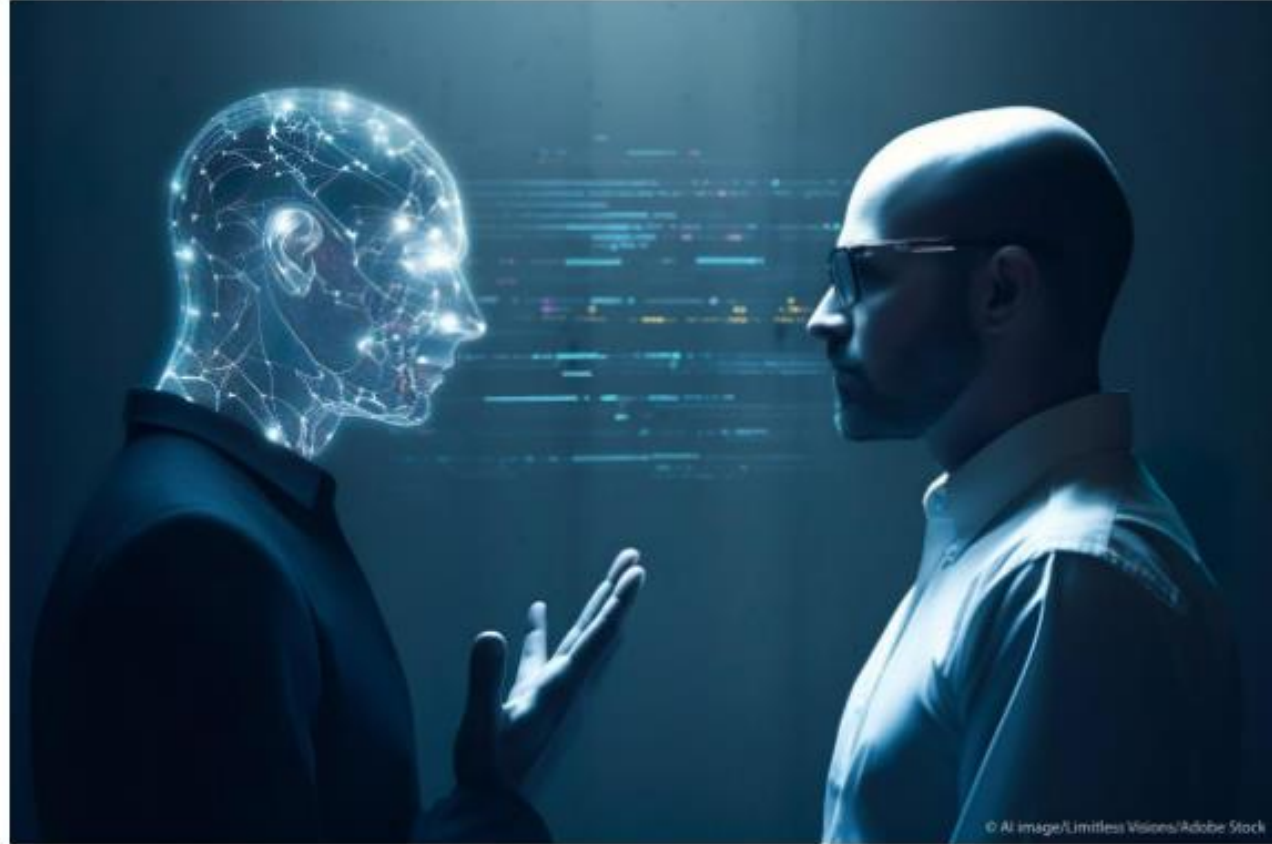
Avrupa Komisyonu, Open Research Europe'ü desteklemeye devam etmesi için F1000' le yeni bir sözleşme imzaladı.

<https://www.f1000.com/european-commission-awards-new-contract/>

EU AI Act: first regulation on artificial intelligence

Society Updated: 14-06-2023 - 14:06
Created: 08-06-2023 - 11:40

The use of artificial intelligence in the EU will be regulated by the AI Act, the world's first comprehensive AI law. Find out how it will protect you.



This illustration of artificial intelligence has in fact been generated by AI

As part of its [digital strategy](#), the EU wants to regulate artificial intelligence (AI) to ensure better conditions for the development and use of this innovative technology. [AI can create many benefits](#), such as better healthcare; safer and cleaner transport; more efficient manufacturing; and cheaper and more sustainable energy.

In April 2021, the European Commission proposed the first EU regulatory framework for AI. It says that AI systems that can be used in different applications are analysed and classified according to the risk they pose to users. The different risk levels will mean more or less regulation. Once approved, these will be the world's first rules on AI.

[Learn more about what artificial intelligence is and how it is used](#)

What Parliament wants in AI legislation

[Parliament's priority](#) is to make sure that AI systems used in the EU are safe, transparent, traceable, non-discriminatory and environmentally friendly. AI systems should be overseen by people, rather than by automation, to prevent harmful outcomes.

Parliament also wants to establish a technology-neutral, uniform definition for AI that could be applied to future AI systems.

[Learn more about Parliament's work on AI and its vision for AI's future](#)

Avrupa Birliği'nde yapay zekanın kullanımı, dünyanın ilk kapsamlı yapay zeka yasası olan «Yapay Zeka Yasası» tarafından düzenlenecek.

Nisan 2021 - Avrupa Komisyonu yapay zekaya yönelik ilk AB düzenleyici çerçevesini önerdi.



14 Haziran 2023 - Avrupa Parlamentosu Üyeleri tarafından Yapay Zeka Yasasına ilişkin müzakere önerisi kabul edildi.

- Yasanın son şekli konusunda AB ülkeleriyle görüşmeler başlayacak.



Yıl sonuna kadar anlaşmaya varılması hedefleniyor.

Parlamentonun önceliği:

AB'de kullanılan yapay zeka sistemlerinin güvenli, şeffaf, izlenebilir, ayrımcı olmayan ve çevre dostu olmasını sağlamak.

Açık Erişim sadece bir başlangıç...

Açık erişim, bir makaleyi okuyabilmek veya paylaşabilmekten daha fazlasıdır.



Açıklık,

- yeniden üretilebilirlik ve tekrarlanabilirliğin,
- artan işbirliği ve inovasyonun,
- bilginin daha adil katılımı ve dağılımının anahtarıdır.

OPEN

**Açık Bilim bir Devrimdir;
Her Devrimin Zorlukları vardır.**





Teşekkürler

Gültekin Gürdal

İzmir Yüksek Teknoloji Enstitüsü

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