

Open Access and Beyond



Gültekin Gürdal

Izmir Institute of Technology



Open Access Practices in Turkey and Europe

27.10.2021



OPEN



**International
ACCESS WEEK**



**BİLGİYE AÇIK ERİŞİMDE
YAPISAL EŞİTLİĞİ İNŞA ETMEK**

**IMPORTA CÓMO ABRIMOS EL CONOCIMIENTO
CONSTRUYENDO EQUIDAD ESTRUCTURAL**

**IT MATTERS HOW WE OPEN KNOWLEDGE
BUILDING STRUCTURAL EQUITY**

فلتنشئ عدالة بنيوية
ما يهم هو كيفية إتاحة المعرفة بحرية

**L'IMPORTANTANCE DE NOTRE FAÇON
D'OUVRIR LA CONNAISSANCE**
CONSTRUISONS L'ÉQUITÉ STRUCTURELLE

いかに知識をオープンにするか
「構造的公平性の構築を目指して」に決定しました。

Wishing equatliy for everybody in the World...

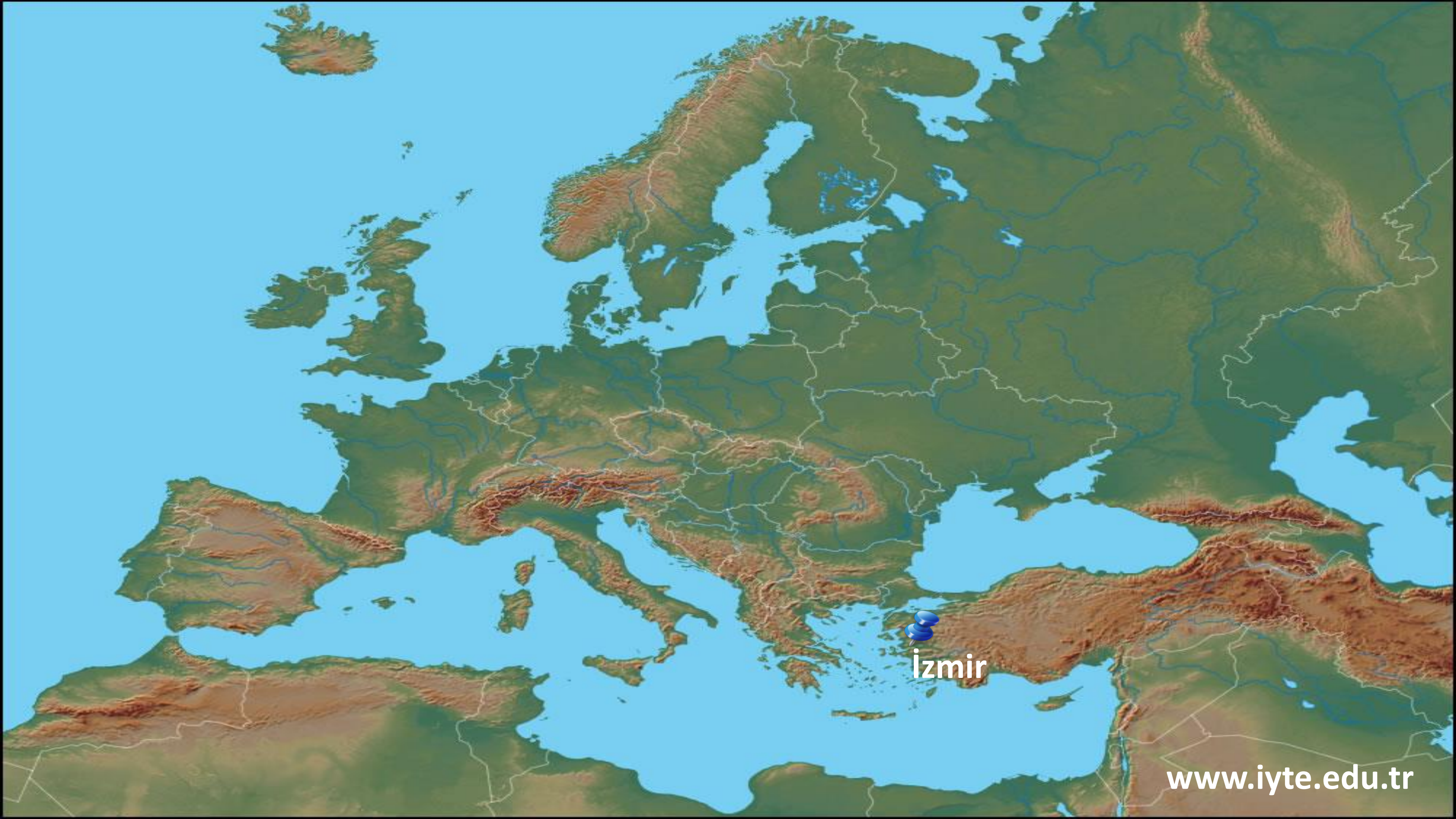


Topics to Cover

- About IZTECH
- Higher Education Landscape and Key Players for Open Science in Turkey
- Beginning of the Open Access Movement in Turkey
- Participated in EC Projects
- What We Have Done...
- Events
- Open Science @ CoHE
- Open Science @ TUBITAK
- Numbers
- Open Science Policy in Turkey
- Plan S
- Open Research Europe
- Open Citations
- OpenAIRE, Zenodo, EOSC

IZMIR INSITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY





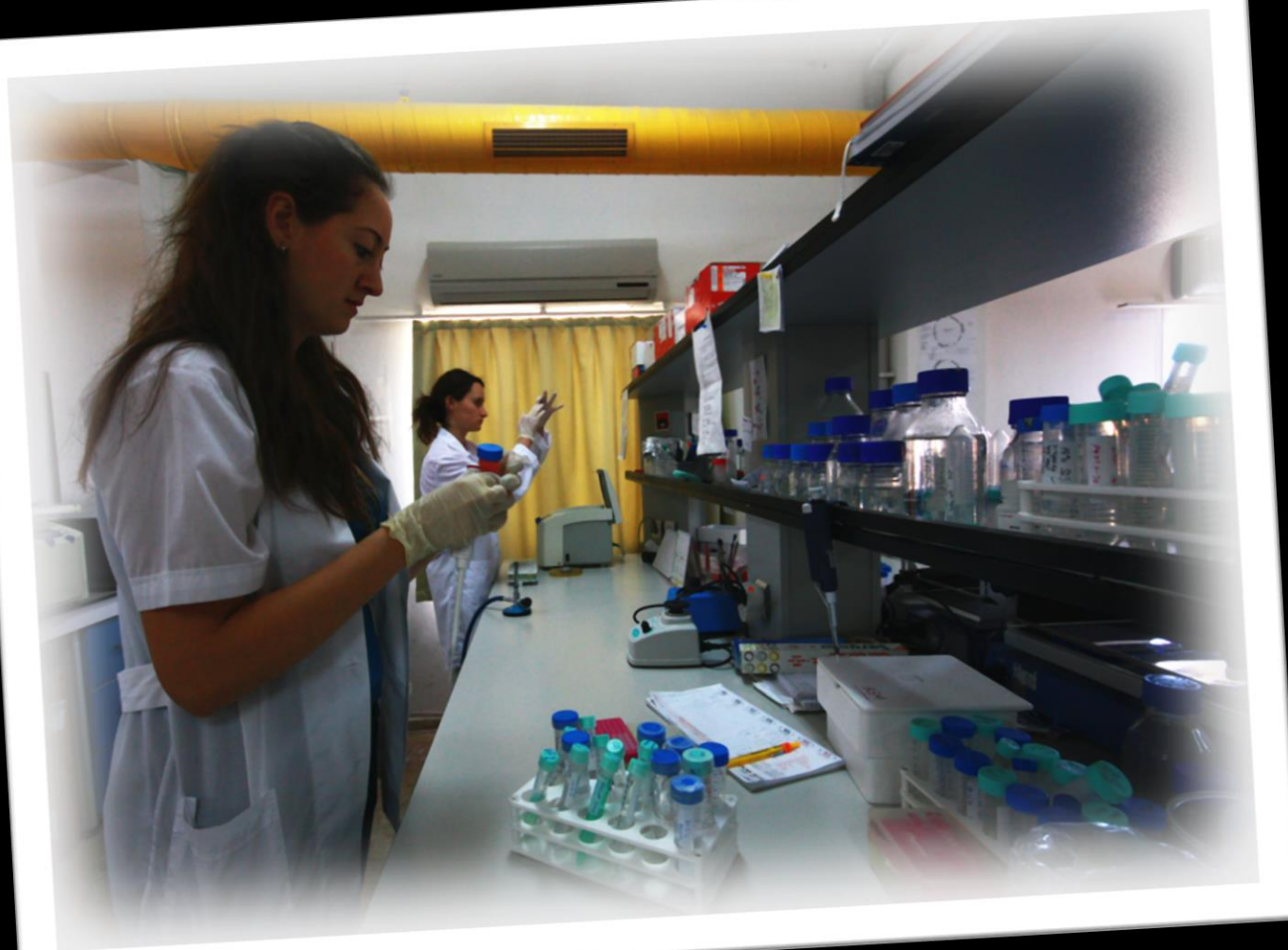
izmir



İZMİR

- "İzmir" probably derives from the former Greek name "Smyrna"
- 3.500 years of recorded urban history
- The second largest port and the third largest city in Turkey
- Population: 4.428.875
- Mediterranean climate





IZMIR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

- Founded in 1992 as a state university
- The only internationally distinguished advanced technical university in Turkey
- Emphasis on education and research in science and technology
- Language of instruction is English
- The campus is in Gülbahçe /Urla/Izmir
- 3.500 hectares campus area & 132.000 square meters closed area (The biggest campus area in İzmir)

Faculties and Departments

**18 undergraduate,
27 master's and
19 doctorate programs
Total= 6343 students.**

Faculty of Science

- Physics
- Photonics
- Chemistry
- Mathematics
- Molecular Biology and Genetics

Faculty of Architecture

- Industrial Design
- Conservation and Restoration
Cultural Heritage
- Architecture
- City and Regional Planning

Faculty of Engineering

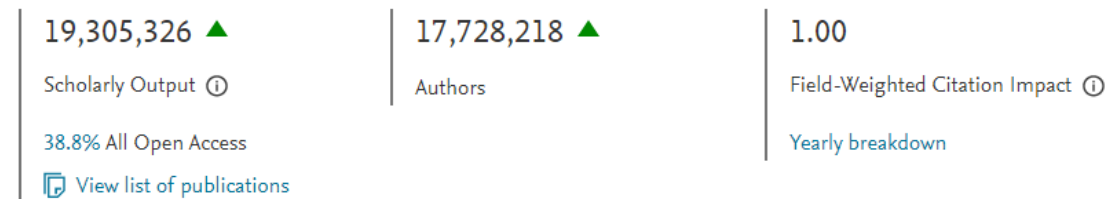
- Computer Engineering
- Bioengineering
- Environmental Engineering
- Energy Systems Engineering
- Electrical-Electronics
Engineering
- Food Engineering
- Civil Engineering
- Chemical Engineering
- Mechanical Engineering
- Materials Science and
Engineering

School of Foreign Languages

- Basic English
- Modern Languages

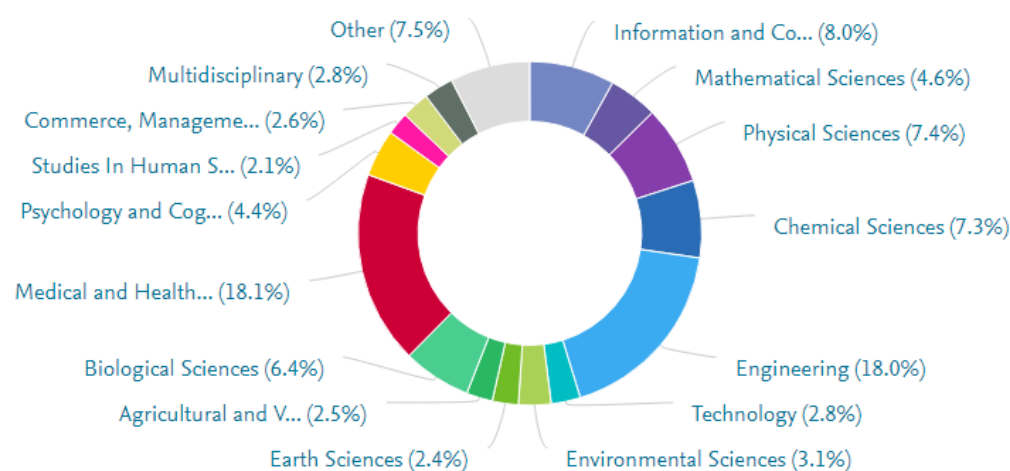
**3 Faculties with
19 Departments**

Overall research performance



Publications by Subject Area

Donut Chart

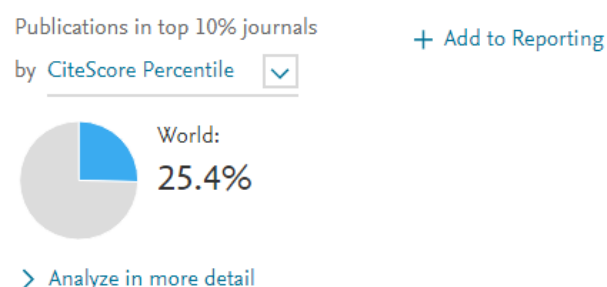


Performance indicators

Outputs in Top Citation Percentiles ⓘ



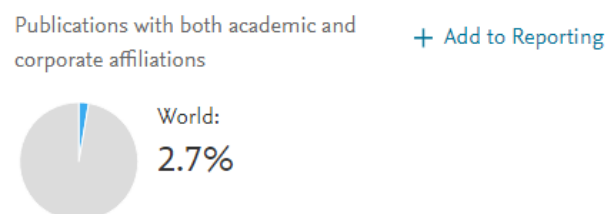
Publications in Top Journal Percentiles ⓘ



International Collaboration ⓘ + Add to Reporting



Academic-Corporate Collaboration ⓘ

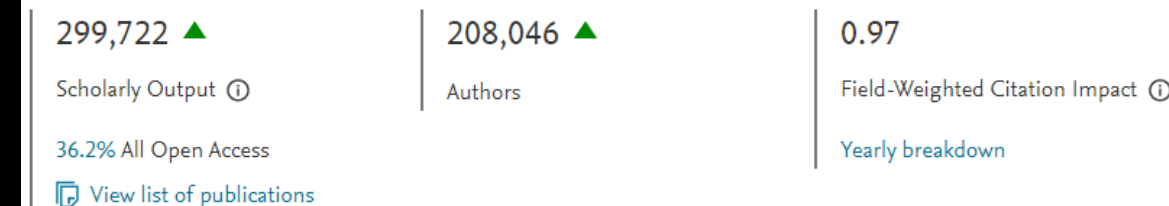


Turkey produces %1.55 of the World's Publication

%1.36 of the World's citation

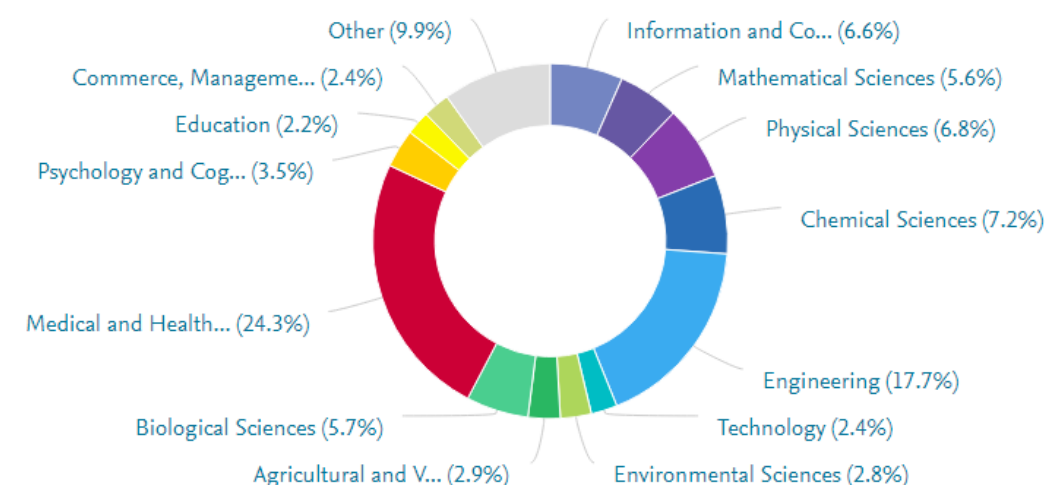
Scival – 25.10.2021

Overall research performance



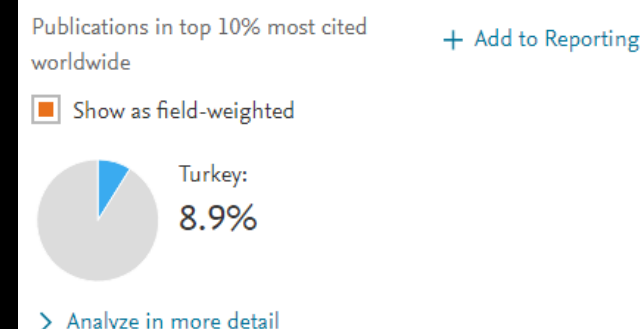
Publications by Subject Area

Donut Chart

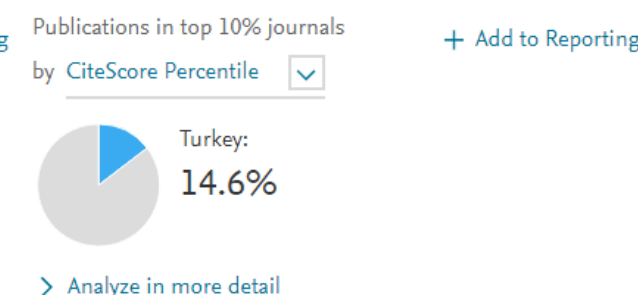


Performance indicators

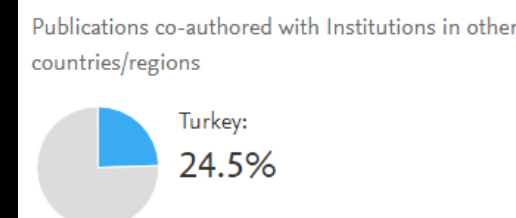
Outputs in Top Citation Percentiles ⓘ



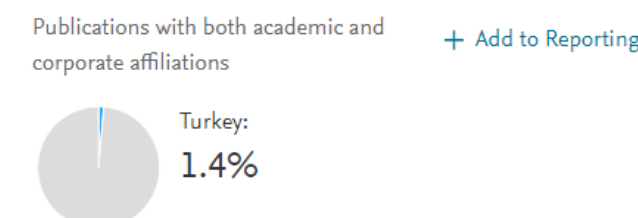
Publications in Top Journal Percentiles ⓘ



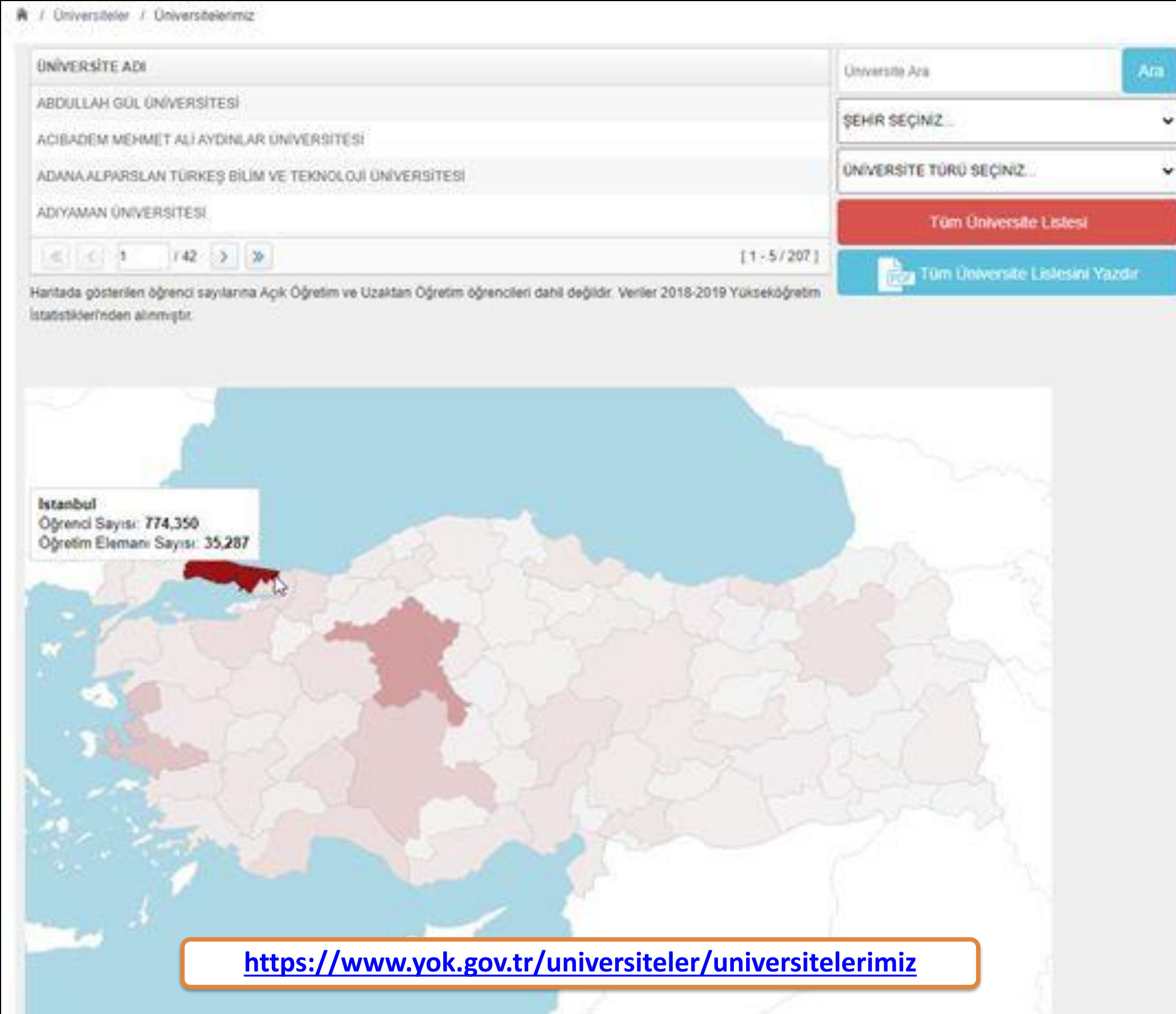
International Collaboration ⓘ + Add to Reporting



Academic-Corporate Collaboration ⓘ



Higher Education Landscape in Turkey



Higher Education Institutions: 207

State Universities: 129

Private Universities: 74

Foundation Vocational Schools: 4

Key Players for Open Science in Turkey



EC Projects



Anatolian University Libraries Consortium



Beginning of the Open Access Movement in Turkey

OA and IRs have come to the forefront with the ANKOS.

ANKOS became a member of Scholarly Publishing and Academic Resources Coalition (SPARC) in 2002.

Ankara University Open Archive was the first operational IR set up in Turkey in 2005.

ANKOS OAIR was established in 2006.

- to raise awareness of Open Access and Institutional Repositories among information professionals in Turkey.
- to ensure the cooperation between ANKOS, information professionals, researchers.
- to cooperate with domestic and international organisations operating in the relevant areas.

Participated in EC Projects



MedOANet (2011-2013)



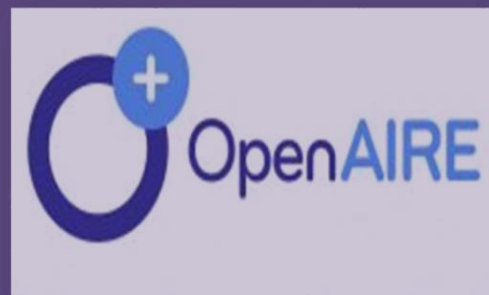
HACETTEPE
University



PASTEUR4OA (2014-2016)



HACETTEPE
University



OpenAIRE projects

- **OpenAIRE Plus (2011-2014)**
- **OpenAIRE2020 (2015-2018)**
- **OpenAIRE Advance (2018-2021)**





YÜKSEKÖĞRETİM KURULU

YÜKSEKÖĞRETİM AKADEMİK ARŞİV PROJESİ TANITIM TOPLANTISI

ULUSAL AÇIK ERİŞİM ÇALIŞTAYI

20 - 21 Ekim 2014 / ANKARA



ANKOS Open Access and Institutional Repositories Working Group (2008-2018)

- ANKOS OAIR group members worked in as OpenAIRE Turkey NOAD (2011 – 2015).

CoHE Institutional Repositories and Open Access Working Group



The working group was made up of subject specialists

The aim of the group was:

Gather the academic outputs that Turkish Universities are producing and archive them into open repositories which are compliant with international standards, present them to the service of the scientific community, and measure academic performance.

Higher Education Open Archive Project:

Gathering the academic outputs of Turkey into the institutional repositories

What These Working Groups Have Done...

Web sites

Guides

Presentations

Translations

Proceedings

Workshops

Brochures and Posters

Trainings Programmes

<http://acikerisim.yok.gov.tr>

<https://ankos.org.tr/tr/acik-erisim/kaynaklar/>

<https://www.sonmezelik.net/>

<https://acikerisim.org/>

<https://libguides.iyte.edu.tr/openaire>

ANKOS Açık Erişim ve Kurumsal Arşivler

DSpace Kurumsal Arşiv Sisteminin Kurulması ve Uygulanması

HAZIRLAYANLAR:
ANKOS AEKA Grubu Üyeleri:
Sönmez ÇELİK (Doğuş Üniversitesi)
Gültekin GÜRDAL (IYTE)
Burcu KETEN (ODTÜ)
Levent KUTLUTÜRK (Yaşar Üniversitesi)
Ata TÜRKİDANI (Yaşar Üniversitesi)

Diğer:
Onur BUĞAN (Doğuş Üniversitesi)

Ulusal Açık Erişim Çalıştayı, 8-9 Kasım 2012
Hacettepe Üniversitesi Kongre ve Kültür Merkezi, Sıhhiye, Ankara

- Açık Erişim Arşivi Oluşturma Süreci: Problemler ve Çözüm Önerileri. 3. Uluslararası Değişen Dünyada Bilgi Yönetimi Sempozyumu, 19-21 Eylül 2012, Ankara, Türkiye : Bildiriler Kitabı. Ankara: Hacettepe Üniversitesi Bilgi ve Belge Yönetimi Bölümü.
- Açık Erişim Arşivi Oluşturma Süreci: Ulusal Açık Erişim Çalıştayı, 8-9 Kasım 2012, Hacettepe Üniversitesi Kongre ve Kültür Merkezi, Sıhhiye, Ankara.
- DSpace Kurumsal Arşiv Sisteminin Kurulması ve Uygulanması. Ulusal Açık Erişim Çalıştayı, 8-9 Kasım 2012, Hacettepe Üniversitesi Kongre ve Kültür Merkezi, Sıhhiye, Ankara

ANKOS AÇIK ERİŞİM VE KURUMSAL ARŞİVLER GRUBU ÇALIŞTAYI

"Açık Erişim Arşivi Oluşturma Süreci: Problemler ve Çözüm Önerileri"

ANKOS Açık Erişim ve Kurumsal Arşivler

Açık Erişim ve DSpace Kurumsal Arşiv Yazılımı

Sönmez Çelik¹, Gültekin Gürdal², Burcu Keten³, Ata Türkdani⁴, Levent Kutlutürk⁵

¹Doğuş Üniversitesi Kütüphanesi
²İzmir Yüksek Teknoloji Enstitüsü Kütüphanesi
³Orta Doğu Teknik Üniversitesi Kütüphanesi
⁴Yaşar Üniversitesi Bilgi Merkezi

scelik@dogus.edu.tr. gultekingurdal@iyte.edu.tr. bketen@metu.edu.tr. ata.turkfidani@yasar.edu.tr. levent.kutluturk@yasar.edu.tr.

Özet: Akademik camiada ortak çıkarların yaratılması amacıyla bilginin paylaşılmasına arnağan edilmiş toplumsal bir hareket olan Açık Erişim, bugün dünyada pek çok bilim insanı, yayınevi ve araştırmacı tarafından desteklenmektedir. Açık erişimin temelini oluşturan kurumsal arşiv sistemleri için kullanılan yazılımlar, ücretsiz olan açık kaynak kodlu yazılımlar ve çeşitli firmalar tarafından geliştirilen ücretli paket programlardan oluşmaktadır. İlk sürümü 2002 yılında kullanıma sunulan DSpace Massachusetts Teknoloji Enstitüsü (MIT) ve Hewlett Packard (HP) işbirliğiyle geliştirilmiş açık kaynak kodlu kurumsal arşiv yazılımıdır ve Kasım 2012 itibarıyla dünyada 1.360'tan fazla kurum tarafından kullanılmaktadır. Bu çalışmada, açık erişim ve kurumsal arşivler üzerinde durularak, DSpace kurumsal arşiv yazılımının özellikleri ve açık erişim girişimlerine olan katkısı vurgulanmaya çalışılmıştır.

Anahtar Sözcükler: Açık Erişim, Kurumsal Arşivler, DSpace Yazılımı

Open Access and DSpace Institutional Repository System

Abstract: The Open Access movement is a social movement in academia, dedicated to the principle of open access - to information - sharing for the common good and is being supported by many scientists, publishers, and researchers in the world, today. The software that is used to operate the institutional archive systems which are the basis of the Open Access, are divided into two forms of some free open source software and paid package programs which were developed by some corporates. DSpace, whose first version was presented to use in 2002, is an open source archive software which was developed with the co-operation of Massachusetts Institute of Technology and Hewlett Packard and is being used by more than 1.360 institutions all over the world as of November, 2012. The aim of this study is to highlight the features of the DSpace institutional archive software and its contributions to the open access initiatives by emphasizing the open access and institutional archive.

Keywords: Open Access, Institutional Repositories, DSpace



DRIVER Rehberi 2.0

İçerik Sağlayıcılar İçin Rehber – OAI-PMH ile Metinsel Bilgi Kaynaklarının Keşfi

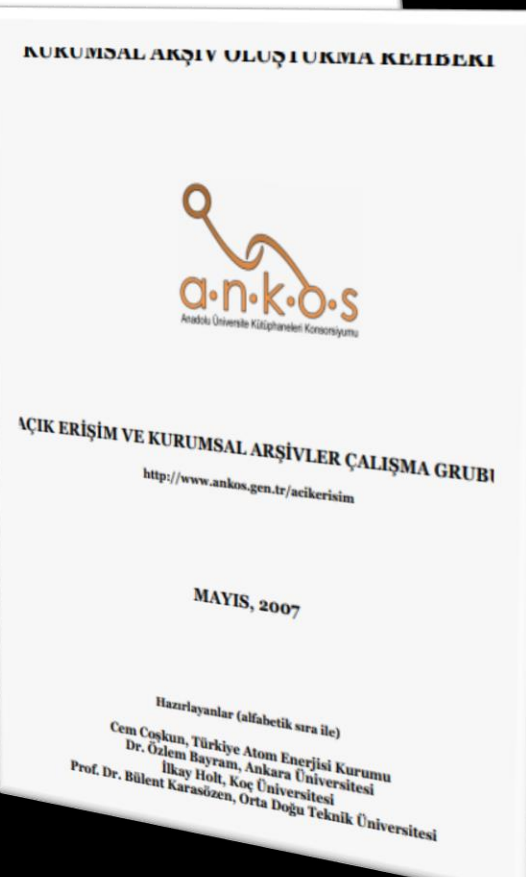
[Kasım 2008]



Araştırma Kurumları İçin OpenAIRE Kılavuzu

The OpenAIRE Guide for Research Institutions

Araştırma Kurumları İçin OpenAIRE Kılavuzu, uygulanabilir prosedürlerini hayata geçirmede araştırma kurumlarına yardımcı olacaktır.



Events (2011 – 2021)

Participated in 123 events (26 of which were international events)

- 100 presentations were made
- 15 webinars were organized



12 Workshop / Conference / Symposium / Seminar

<https://acikerisim.org/>

- 1st National Open Access Workshop (OA 2012), Final Declaration, 08-09 November 2012, Ankara - <http://ae2012.acikerisim.org/>
- 1st International Semantic Network and Metadata Systems Conference, 7-8 March 2013, Izmir -
- 2nd National Open Access Workshop (OA 2013), Final Declaration, 21-22 October 2013, Izmir - <http://ae2013.acikerisim.org/>
- 3rd National Open Access Workshop (OA 2014), Final Declaration, 20-21 October 2014, Ankara - <http://ae2014.acikerisim.org/>
- 4th National Open Access Workshop (OA 2015), Ankara Declaration, 19-21 October 2015, Ankara - <http://ae2015.acikerisim.org/>
- 5th National Open Access Conference (OA 2016), 27 October 2016, Ankara - <http://ae2016.acikerisim.org/>
- 6th National Open Access Conference and OpenAIRE2020 Workshop, 24-26 October 2017, Izmir, Declaration - <http://ae2017.acikerisim.org/>
- Turkish Open Science Summit, 10 September 2018, Istanbul - <https://summit2018.acikbilim.org/>
- Research Data Management and Open Science Workshop, 11 September 2018, Istanbul - <https://rdm.acikerisim.org/>
- On the way towards Open Science – Science Set Free- Seminar, 11 April 2019, Izmir - <https://libguides.iyte.edu.tr/acikbilimyolundaiyte>
- 7th National Open Science Conference and OpenAIRE Advance Workshop, 19-20 November 2019, Izmir - <https://os2019.acikbilim.org/>
- National Research Data Symposium, 25-26 May 2021, Online <https://acikveri.org/>



<http://summit2018.acikbilim.org/>

**September 10, 2018, Sakıp Sabancı
Museum, Istanbul**

**Turkish Open Science Summit: High level
meeting with decision makers, key players**

Extensive Preparation Time and Strategic Planning

Organized
by

- Sabancı University,
- Izmir Institute of Technology,
- The Scientific and Technological Research Council of Turkey (TUBITAK),
- Hacettepe University
- Anadolu University Libraries Consortium (ANKOS).

Attended
by
170 people
and 1.342
people also
followed
the
conference
via web.

- Administrators of the Turkish Higher Education Council (CoHE),
- Administrators of the Turkish Scientific and Technological Research Council (TUBITAK),
- University Rectors,
- Vice Rectors,
- High-level representatives of industrial organizations
- NGOs.

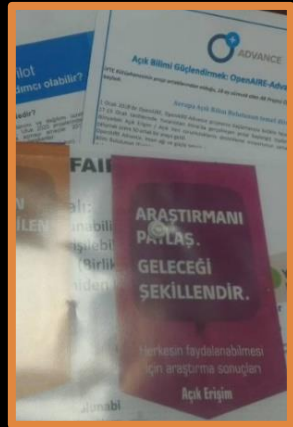
Highlights about Turkish Open Science Summit



An important milestone for long-standing works on Open Access and Open Science in Turkey.



For the first time all stakeholders came together: Universities, National Science Funder and Industry



Promotional documents related to OpenAIRE, Zenodo and Open Access and research data in Turkish were put into folders and distributed to all participants.



Broad news in the press.
12 National newspapers
77 news websites



Location: Sabancı University, Sakip Sabancı Museum the Seed, Istanbul

- a) Foundation University, by Sabancı Foundation supported Sabancı family, one of Turkey's wealthiest.
- b) Financial support

High Level Participation: The administrators of the Turkish Higher Education Council (CoHE), the Turkish Scientific and Technological Research Council (TUBITAK), University Rectors and Vice Rectors, high-level representatives of industrial organizations and NGOs.

Panel on "Open Science and Innovation" with speakers from Universities and the industry.

Panelists:

Prof. Dr. Mustafa Guden, Rector, Izmir Institute of Technology, Turkey

Prof. Dr. Mehmed Ozkan, Rector, Bogazici University, Turkey

Prof. Dr. Sirin Tekinay, Vice Rector for R&D, Sabancı University, Turkey

Ismail Gulle, President of Turkish Exporters Assembly (TIM), Turkey

Oguzhan Ozturk, CTO at Arçelik, Turkey

The First Meeting on Research Data Management

A day after Turkish Open Science Summit “Research Data Management and Open Science Workshop” was held at Bogazici University, Istanbul with nearly 200 participants.



By the cooperation of TUBITAK, Bogazici University, İzmir Institute of Technology and Hacettepe University.



Speakers: Most of the invited speakers for the Open Science Summit.

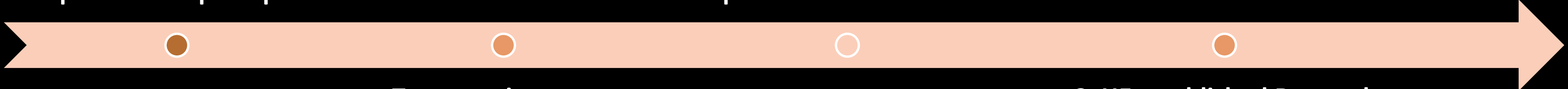
September 11, 2018, Bogazici University, Istanbul

<http://rdm.acikerisim.org/>

Impact of the Turkish Open Science Summit

Immediate invitation by CoHE to brief them about open science principles

CoHE established an official Open Science Committee



Two meetings were held with President of CoHE in October and December 2018

CoHE established Research Data and Open Data Task Force Sub-Working Group



Open Science @ CoHE

**CoHE Open Science Committee:
Responsible for preparing the OS Plan and
providing direction for its implementation in
Universities.**

- Prof.Dr. Naci Gundogan – CoHE
- Prof.Dr. Sezer Sener Komsuoglu – CoHE
- Prof.Dr. Erkan Ibis – CoHE
- Prof.Dr. Abdullah Atalar – Rector, Bilkent University
- Prof.Dr. Yasar Tonta – Hacettepe University
- Prof.Dr. Kursat Cagiltay – METU
- Prof.Dr. Dogan Atilgan – Ankara University
- Mehmet Mirat Satoglu – Director, TUBITAK – ULAKBIM
- Gultekin Gurdal – Izmir Institute of Technology
- Ahmet Kahraman – CoHE
- Hasan Lale - CoHE

CoHE Research Data and Open Data Task Force Sub-Working Group

Çalışma Grubu Üyeleri ve Yapısı			
Koordinatör :	Gültekin Gürdal		İYTE
Sekreteryaya :	Gönül Kafalı Can		İYTE
Danışmanlar:			
1	Marta TEPEREK	Delft Teknik Üniversitesi	Hollanda
2	Yasemin TÜRKYILMAZ, van der Velden	Delft Teknik Üniversitesi	Hollanda
3	İlkay HOLT	Confederation of Open Access Repository	İngiltere
İçerik			
1	Bahadır BARUT	Sabancı Üniversitesi	
2	Ayşen BİNEN	İzmir Yüksek Teknoloji Enstitüsü	
3	S. Cihan DOĞAN	Hacettepe Üniversitesi	
4	Emine Hatun GÜR	Boğaziçi Üniversitesi	
5	Burak HEKİM	İstanbul Üniversitesi	
6	Sevgi OYMAK	Orta Doğu Teknik Üniversitesi	
7	Ece ÖKSÜZ	İstanbul Bilgi Üniversitesi	
8	Fadime TAŞÇI	Özyeğin Üniversitesi	
9	Çiğdem YILDIRIM	Koç Üniversitesi	
Teknik			
10	Zeki ÇELİKBAŞ	İstanbul Teknik Üniversitesi	

CoHE Research Data and Open Data Sub-Working Group



BİLİMİ ÖZGÜR BIRAK
Daha iyi bir gelecek için. Araştırma çıktılarını paylaş!



Research Data and Open Data Task Force comprised of librarians from 6 Research Universities and selected 4 Foundation Universities

The targets of this group are:

- * Research data management for Turkish Universities,
- * Preparing a data management plan,
- * Following developments in the world about research data such as open data,
- * Cooperating with relevant institutions in Turkey,
- * Providing trainings on RDM,
- * Supporting the creation of interoperable systems in particular with Europe,
- * Preparing reports,
- * Making translations...

CoHE Research Data and Open Data Sub-Working Group

<https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/YJRZD>

Engaging Researchers with Data Management The Cookbook

CONNIE CLARE, MARIA CRUZ, ELLI PAPADOPOULOU, JAMES SAVAGE,
MARTA TEPEREK, YAN WANG, IZA WITKOWSKA, AND JOANNE YEOMANS

Veri Yönetiminde Araştırmacılarla Etkileşim Örnek Çalışmalar Kitabı

CONNIE CLARE, MARIA CRUZ, ELLI PAPADOPOULOU, JAMES SAVAGE,
MARTA TEPEREK, YAN WANG, IZA WITKOWSKA VE JOANNE YEOMANS

<https://argos.openaire.eu/login>

Sign in to account

GitHub ORCID EUDAT Google Facebook Twitter

English
Greek
Spanish
German
Turkish
Slovak
Serbian
Portuguese

**DATA REUSE
STORY FROM
IZMIR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**



Turkey's Roadmap for Universities

5b: Open access to publications and data in an open science context

Open Access and Open Science constitute basis for increased visibility, increased citations, equal access (including disabled people), wider dissemination of scientific knowledge and research results. The impact of open access is favourable in terms of capturing value out of research and achieving increased returns to public investment in research.

Council of Higher Education (YÖK) together with TÜBİTAK are leading the processes for enabling open access at national scale. The national level strategies and actions would be complemented by university level activities for open access.

Objective 5b: Promoting and implementing an Open Science and Open Access approach

YÖK formed a Commission on Open Access including the rectors, related faculty members, TÜBİTAK representatives and library documentation experts. In this context, YÖK highlighted the importance of establishment of the "Open Academic Archive System" in the international standards in all universities, the integration of the university archives into "Open Access" (OpenAIRE)" through Harman (national installation of OpenAIRE software), and using of "Universal Researcher Numbers (ORCID)".

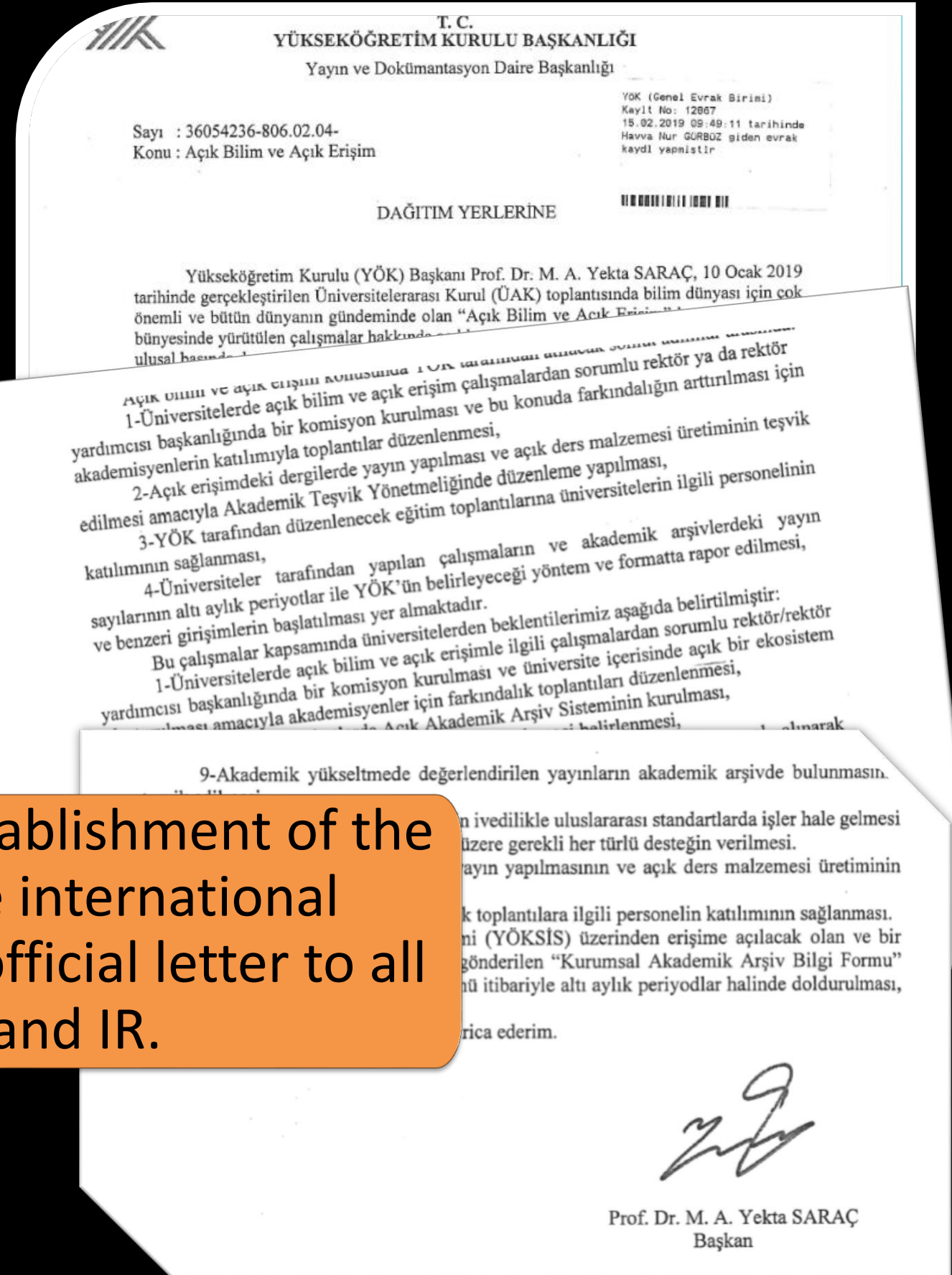
Concrete steps are declared by YÖK as of January 2019:

- Reporting of the work carried out by universities and the number of publications in open academic archives in a method and format determined by YÖK in six-month periods,
- Establishing a commission responsible for open access awareness meetings to develop awareness,
- Revision of the Academic Incentive System to include open access journals and productivity,
- Ensuring the participation of universities in the trainings organized by YÖK.

In 2019, TÜBİTAK will take decisive cooperation with YÖK:

- Adoption of TÜBİTAK's Open Science Policy (effective as of 14 March 2019)
- Adoption of the timeline: 2019 as a pilot year for selected support programmes, and 2020 as the year of transition to mandatory policy implementations in Open Access for all support programmes
- Launching pilot call with Open Science requirements in the second half of 2019
- Setting up of the aperta.ulakbim.gov.tr (Institutional Repository for TUBITAK and Research Data Management to serve all universities) as a live system (live)

CoHE highlighted the importance of the establishment of the "Open Academic Archive System" in the international standards in all universities. CoHE sent an official letter to all universities about open science and IR.





Members of TUBITAK Open Science Committee (Establishment in 2015)

Mehmet Mirat SATOĞLU	TÜBİTAK ULAKBİM Müdürü/Komite Başkanı
Mustafa SANCAR	TÜBİTAK ULAKBİM Müdür Yardımcısı
Filiz MENGÜÇ	TÜBİTAK ULAKBİM (Uzman)
Ebru SOYUYÜCE AYDIN	TÜBİTAK ULAKBİM (Başuzman)
Prof. Dr. Yaşar TONTA	Hacettepe Üniversitesi Bilgi ve Belge Yönetimi Bölümü
Prof. Dr. Altuğ ÖZPİNECİ	ODTÜ Fizik Bölümü
Av. Gülmelahat DOĞAN	TÜBİTAK Hukuk İşler Başkanlığı
Dr. Derya DÖNERTAŞ	TÜBİTAK Uluslararası İşbirliği Daire Başkanlığı /Bilimsel Programlar Uzmanı
Dr. Banu BURUK	TÜBİTAK Araştırma Destek Programları Başkanlığı
Dr. Alp Eren YURTSEVEN	TÜBİTAK Teknoloji ve Yenilik Destek Programları Başkanlığı
Melis KOCATÜRK	TÜBİTAK Bilim, Teknoloji ve Yenilik Politikaları Daire Başkanlığı Bilimsel Programlar Uzmanı
Gültekin GÜRDAL	İzmir Yüksek Teknoloji Enstitüsü (İYTE) Kütüphane ve Dokümantasyon Daire Başkanı

Composed of academicians, Library experts and TÜBİTAK representatives.

TUBITAK ULAKBİM Open Science

DergiPark
AKADEMİK

Dergipark

<https://dergipark.org.tr/en/>

2014

aperta
TÜRKİYE AÇIK ARŞİVİ

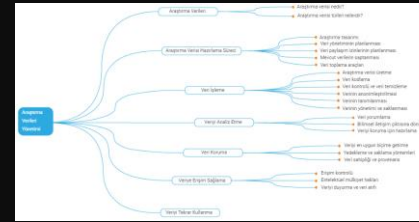
TUBITAK Open Archive Aperta
<https://aperta.ulakbim.gov.tr/>

2016

Harman
Türkiye Akademik Arşivi

National Harvesting
System: Turkey Academic
Archive
<https://harman.ulakbim.gov.tr/>

2018



Research Data Management
Training Portal
<https://acikveri.ulakbim.gov.tr/>

2019

TRUBA
Türk Ulusal Bilim e-Altyapısı

Turkish National e-Science e-
Infrastructure (TRUBA)
EOSC European Open
Science Cloud membership
<http://www.truba.gov.tr/index.php/eosc-hub-2/>

2020

aperta
TÜRKİYE AÇIK ARŞİVİ

Aperta Turkey Open Archive

2021



Open Science
Portal

2022

DergiPark- National Open Journal Hosting Platform

DergiPark
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New designs have been added to the journal pages. You can look to the Help menu for your page edits.
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Science

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8th Year

International Journal of Environment and Geoinformatics

eISSN: 2148-9173

Quarterly

52K ± 160K

11th Year

İNÖNÜ ÜNİVERSİTESİ SANAT VE TASARIM DERGİSİ

eISSN: 1309-9884

ISSN: 1309-9876

Biannually

182K ± 448K

İZMİR KATİP ÇELEBİ ÜNİVERSİTESİ SAĞLIK BİLİMLERİ FAKÜLTESİ SAĞLIK BİLİMLERİ DERGİSİ

ISSN: 2458-9799

Tri-annual

144K ± 422K

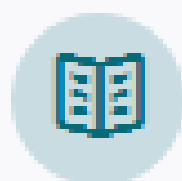
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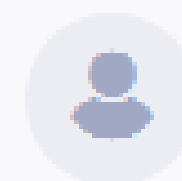
<https://dergipark.org.tr/en/>



Article
521.688



Journal
2.375



Researcher
426.088



Publisher
1.068

Turkey Academic Archive: Harman

Harman

Türkiye Akademik Arşivi

Hakkında Arama Arşiv Bilgileri Başvuru Harmanlama Kuralları İletişim

Türkiye Akademik Arşivi

"Açık Arşivlere Açılan Kapı"

Arşivlerde ara...

It harvests IRs in Turkey compliant with international standards.

152 institutions
2.092.090 records

Toplam 152 kurumda ve 2.092.090 kayıt içerisinde arama yapabilirsiniz...

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Örn. Hacettepe Üniversitesi

#	ARŞİV	KAYIT SAYISI	SON DURUM	SON ERİŞİM TARİHİ	EKLENME TARİHİ
1	29 Mayıs Üniversitesi	1.315	Çalışıyor	15.10.2021	19.01.2020
2	Abdullah Gül Üniversitesi	807	Çalışıyor	15.10.2021	18.01.2020
3	Acıbadem Üniversitesi	608	Çalışıyor	15.10.2021	18.01.2020
4	Adana Alparslan Türkeş Bilim ve Teknoloji Üniversitesi	3.204	Çalışıyor	15.10.2021	18.01.2020
5	Adnan Menderes Üniversitesi	3.908	Çalışıyor	15.10.2021	18.01.2020
6	Afyon Kocatepe Üniversitesi	7.431	Çalışmıyor	08.10.2021	18.01.2020
7	Afyonkarahisar Sağlık Bilimleri Üniversitesi	774	Çalışıyor	15.10.2021	07.05.2021
8	Aksaray Üniversitesi	5.925	Çalışıyor	15.10.2021	20.02.2021
9	Alanya Alaaddin Keykubat Üniversitesi	1.283	Çalışıyor	15.10.2021	15.12.2020
		1.996	Çalışıyor	15.10.2021	12.05.2021

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2021 (v1.0.0) Software Open Access

Simulation-Optimization of a Patented Baffle Design with Parallel Computing on TRUBA

Kuzay, Mustafa ; Nasyrlayev, Nazhmiddin ; Demirel, Ender

Treatment of surface waters in large cities has been emerged as a critical point of interest for governments in recent years with increasing clean water demand and development of energy intensive water treatment technologies such as ozone and ultraviolet. Raw water is mixed with the disinfectant in a multi-chambered contact tank at the last stage of the treatment procedure to remove viruses and pathogens from the water. An efficient contact system is required for the effective... g systems suffer from low...

view

view

view

What is Aperta?



Aperta is the name of the Turkish Open Archive. You can upload your scientific studies within the scope of Aperta to this portal or you can easily access the uploaded studies.

What is the Scope of Aperta?

- **Safe and Reliable** – Your data is securely stored by ULAKNET as long as it exists at TUBITAK ULAKBİM.
- **DOI Support** – a Digital Object Identifier (DOI) is assigned to make records referenceable and traceable.
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Provide open access to scientific publications and research data by adopting the "TÜBİTAK Open Science Policy".
Over 55,400 publications
Free DOI support will be provided for two years for the data sets to be uploaded.



re3data <https://www.re3data.org/repository/r3d100013444>

cytokine response despite inadequate antiviral immunity seem to be the main mechanisms underlying the pathogenesis. The diagnosis of

TUBITAK: DMP Templates

Welcome to vyp.

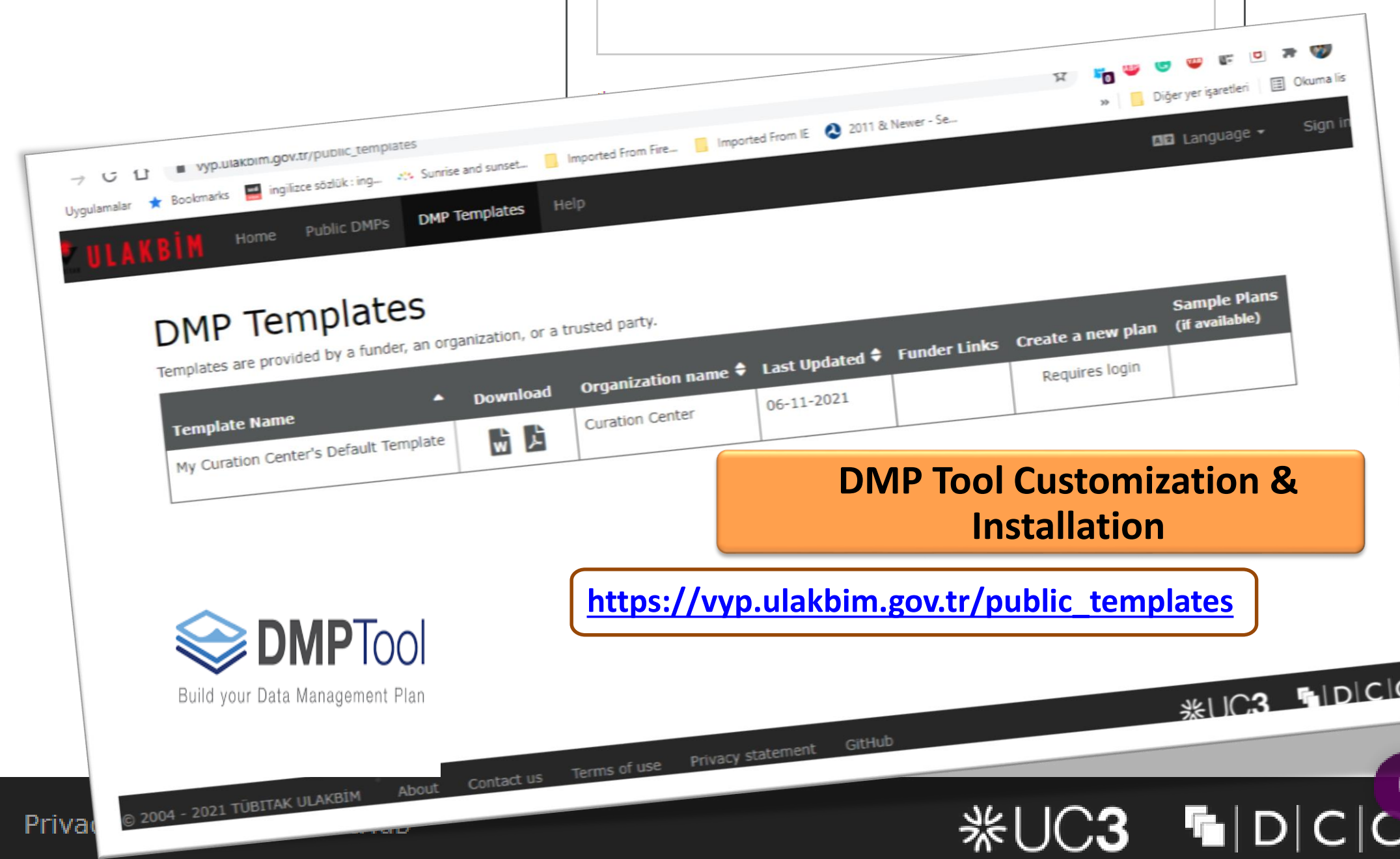
vyp has been developed by the TÜBİTAK ULAKBİM to help you write data management plans.

Getting started:

- Aperta
- Araştırma Verileri Yönetimi Eğitim Portalı
- Türkiye Ulusal Bilim e-Altyapısı

Sign in Create account

* Email



<https://vyp.ulakbim.gov.tr/>

https://vyp.ulakbim.gov.tr/public_templates

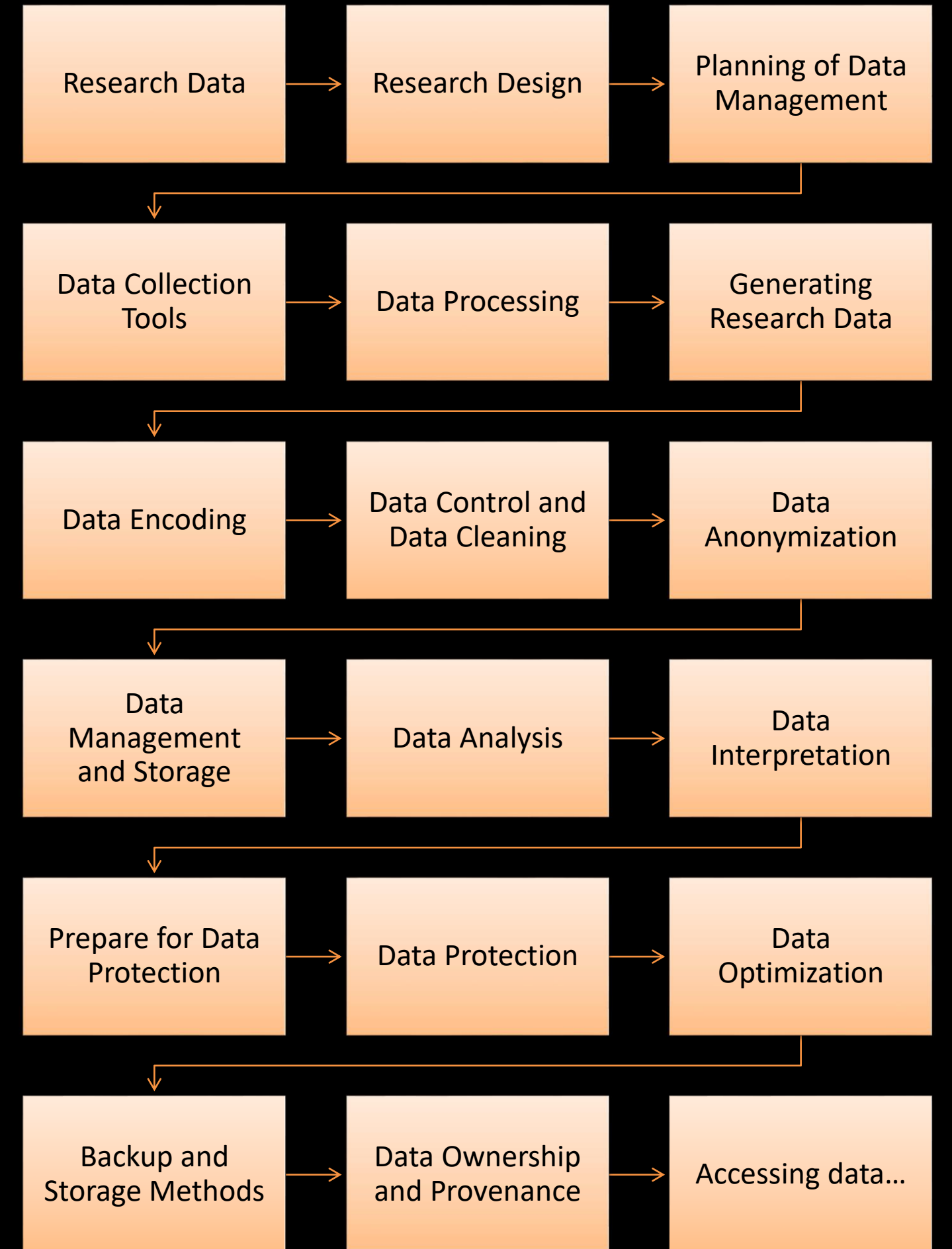
Research Data Management Training Portal

Araştırma Verileri Yönetimi Eğitim Portalı

Anasayfa Araştırma Verileri Yönetimi Aperta Açık Erişim Videolar İletişim

```
graph LR; A[Araştırma Verileri Yönetimi] --- B[Araştırma Verileri]; A --- C[Araştırma Verisi Hazırlama Süreci]; A --- D[Veri İşleme]; A --- E[Veriyi Analiz Etme]; A --- F[Veri Koruma]; A --- G[Veriye Erişim Sağlama]; A --- H[Veriyi Tekrar Kullanma]; B --- B1[Araştırma verisi nedir?]; B --- B2[Araştırma verisi türleri nelerdir?]; C --- C1[Araştırma tasarımı]; C --- C2[Veri yönetiminin planlanması]; C --- C3[Veri paylaşım izinlerinin planlanması]; C --- C4[Mevcut verilerin saptanması]; C --- C5[Veri toplama araçları]; D --- D1[Araştırma verisi üretme]; D --- D2[Veri kodlama]; D --- D3[Veri kontrolü ve veri temizleme]; D --- D4[Verinin anonimleştirilmesi]; D --- D5[Verinin tanımlanması]; D --- D6[Verinin yönetimi ve saklanması]; E --- E1[Veri yorumlama]; E --- E2[Bilimsel iletişim çıktısına dönüştürme]; E --- E3[Veriyi koruma için hazırlama]; F --- F1[Veriyi en uygun biçime getirme]; F --- F2[Yedekleme ve saklama yöntemleri]; F --- F3[Veri sahipliği ve provenans]; G --- G1[Erişim kontrolü]; G --- G2[Entelektüel mülkiyet hakları]; G --- G3[Veriyi duyurma ve veri atfı]; H --- H1[Veriyi tekrar kullanma];
```

Bu portal Türkiye'de görev yapan araştırmacılar, proje yöneticileri, fon sağlayıcı kurumlar ve akademik kuruluşlar için araştırma verilerinin yönetimi konusunda temel bir rehber sunmayı amaçlamaktadır. Portal kapsamında araştırma verilerinin tanımı, hazırlanması, işlenmesi, analiz edilmesi, korunması, erişim sağlanması ve yeniden kullanılması gibi çeşitli unsurlar hakkında detaylı bilgiler sunulmaktadır.





TRUBA
Turkish Science e-Infrastructure

Main Page

The TRUBA Initiative

Resources

CA

Performance Indices



EOSC-hub Project

» > EOSC-hub Project

Services for the European Open Science Cloud

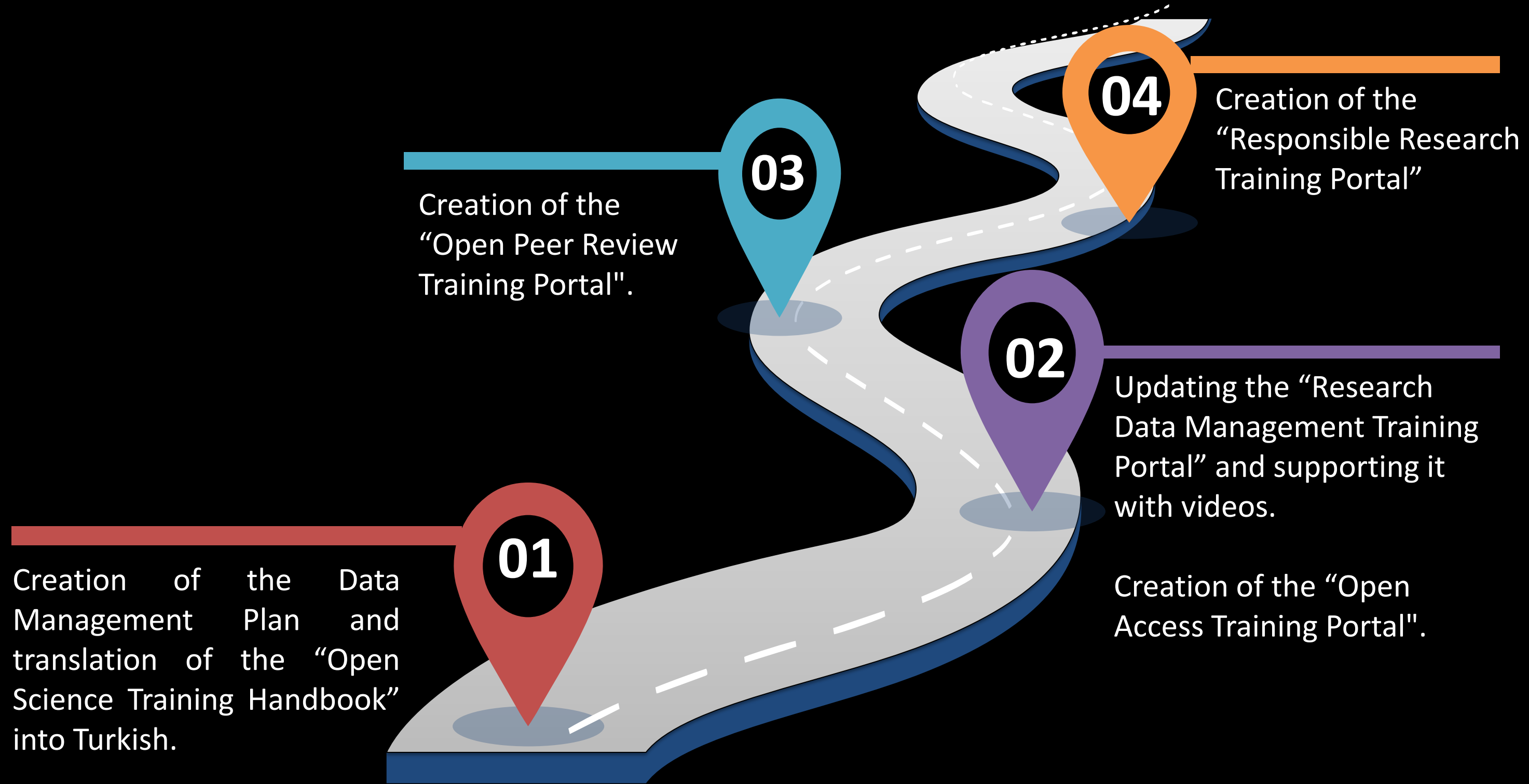


<https://www.eosc-hub.eu/>

<http://www.truba.gov.tr/index.php/en/eosc-hub/>

EGI, EUDAT, and INDIGO Data Cloud projects, with unique open access to research data and services through the EOSC-hub project, are planning to lay the foundations of EOSC. The project will present these resources as "Hub".

TUBITAK: Until the End of the Year 2021



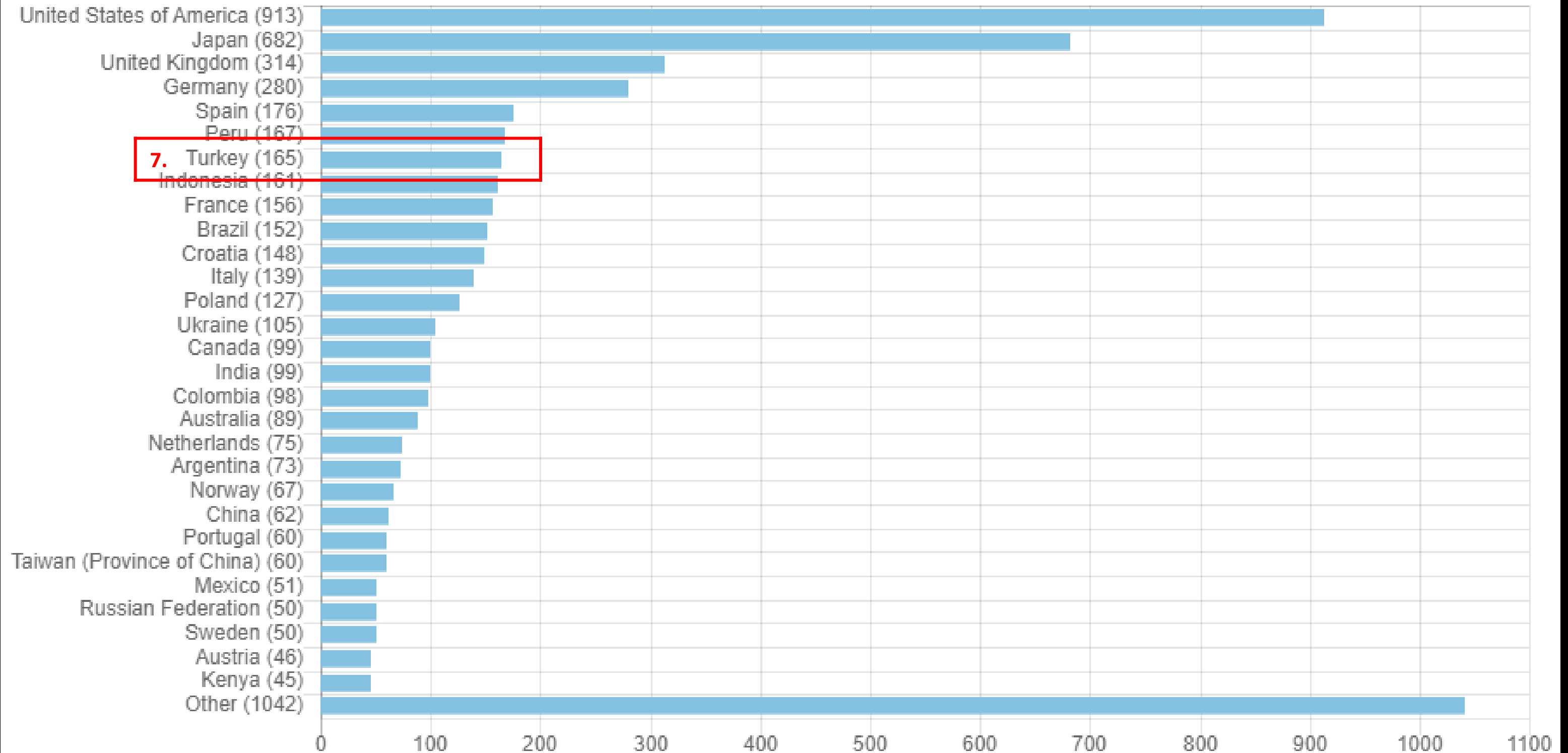
Numbers

Services	Institutions
Harman – Turkey Academic Archive	152 (2.092.090 records)
OpenAIRE	129
OpenDOAR	165
ROAR	159
ROARMAP	109

Data as of October 21, 2021

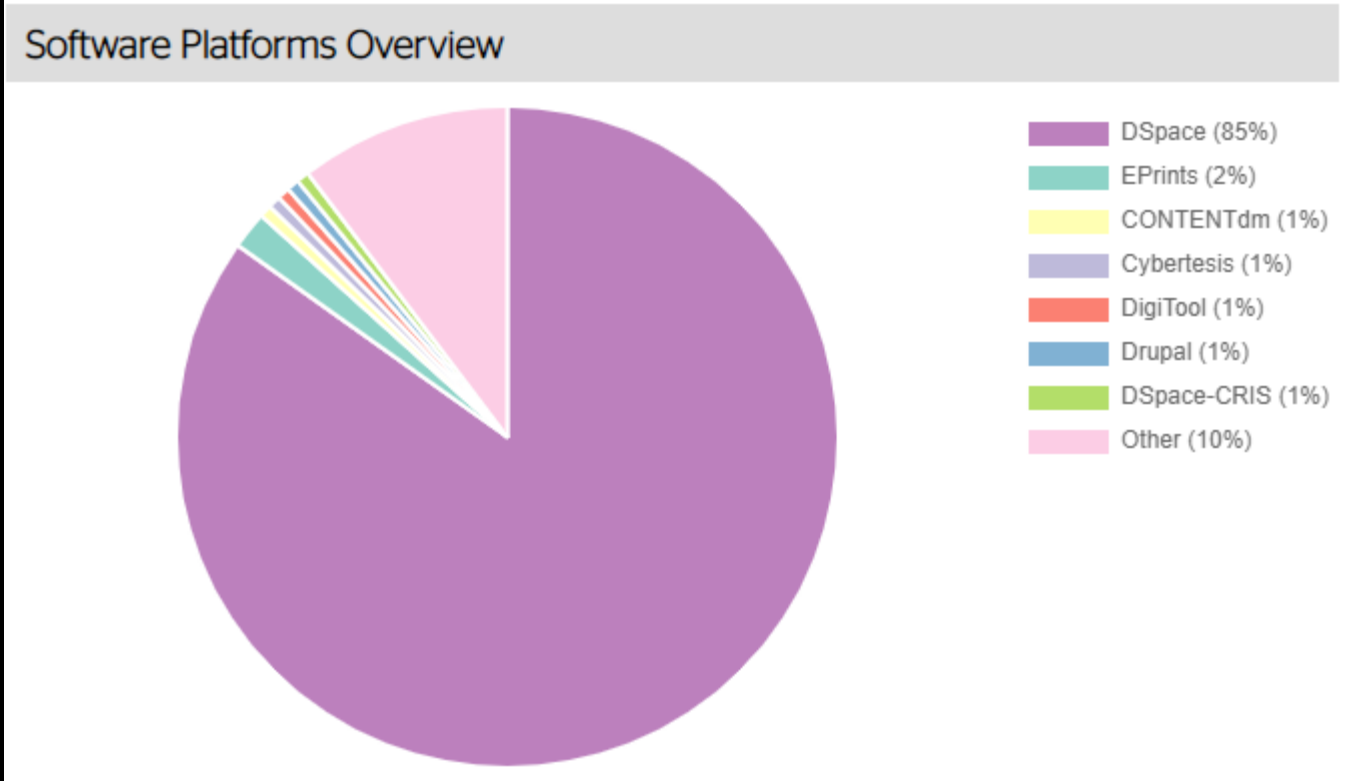
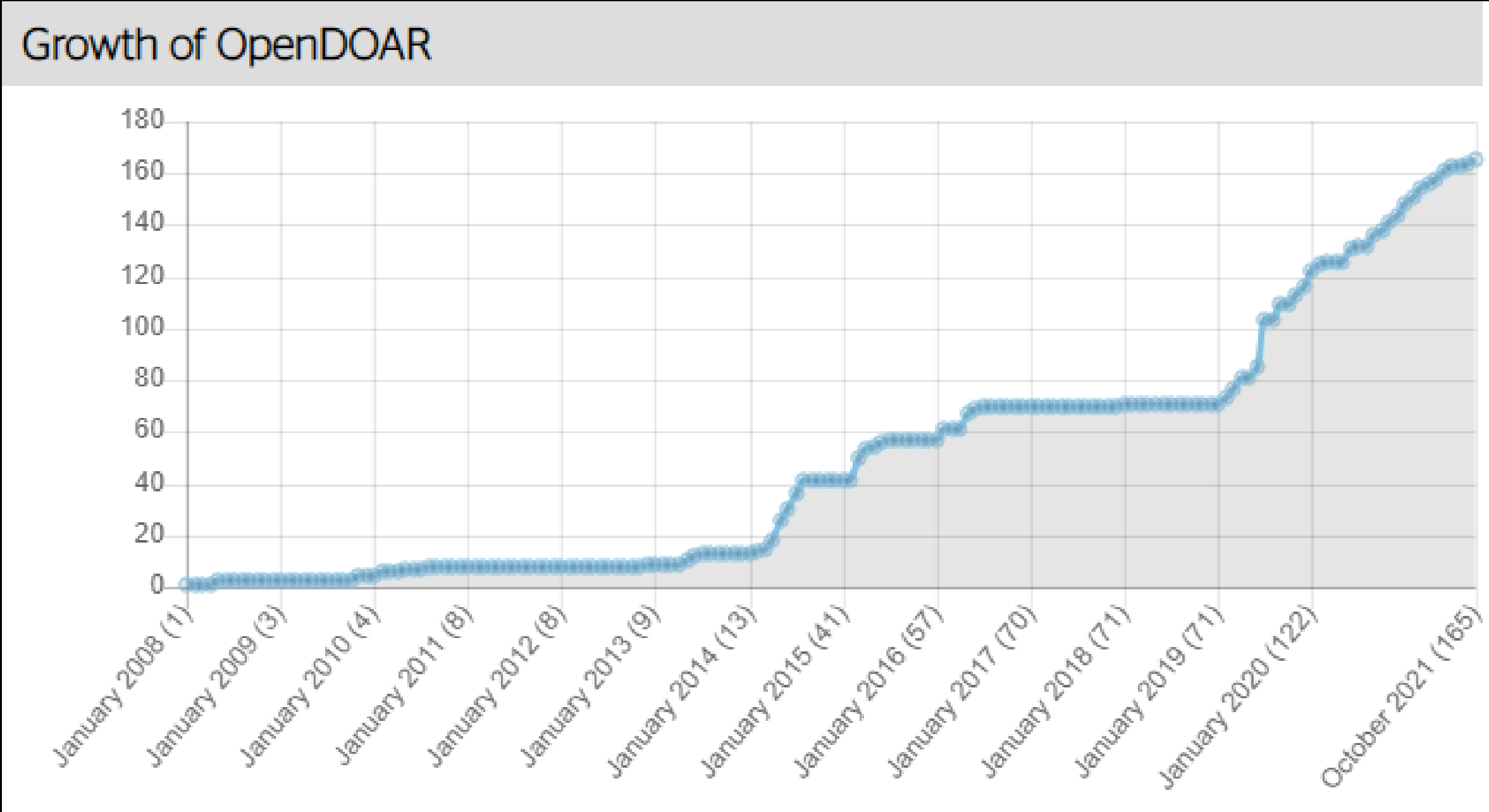
OpenDOAR Statistics: Repositories by Country

Repositories by Country



Data as of October 21, 2021

OpenDOAR Statistics: Turkey



https://v2.sherpa.ac.uk/view/repository_by_country/Turkey.default.html

Data as of October 21, 2021

Translations into Turkish: COAR

January 8, 2021

Report Open Access

COAR Açık Arşivlerde İyi Uygulamalar için Topluluk Çerçevesi

Confederation of Open Access Repositories

Editor(s)

Holt, İlkay

Bu çerçevenin amacı, açık arşivlerin mevcut operasyonlarını bir dizi uygulanabilir ve başarılabılır iyi uygulamaya dayalı olarak değerlendirmesine ve iyileştirmesine yardımcı olmaktır.

Halen, açık arşivlerin operasyonlarını belirli açılardan (keşif, erişim, yeniden kullanım, bütünlük, kalite güvencesi, koruma, gizlilik ve sürdürülebilirlik gibi) değerlendirmesine yardımcı olmak için geliştirilmiş bir dizi mevcut çerçeve ve değerlendirme kriteri mevcut, ancak bu kriterler belli kuruluşlar tarafından benimsenmiş ve sıklıkla yalnızca bir bölge veya bir arşiv türü ile ilgilidir.

Bu çalışmada benimsenmiş çerçeve ve uygulamalarda bir

COAR Community Framework for Good Practices in Repositories

This document is translation of COAR Community Framework for Best Practices in Repositories. (Version 1) available at <http://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.4110829> = Bu doküman COAR Community Framework for Best Practices in Repositories. (Version 1). <http://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.4110829> künyeli yayının çevirisidir.

<https://zenodo.org/record/4428521>

Preview

Page: 1 of 5 Automatic Zoom:

COAR Açık Arşivlerde İyi Uygulamalar için Topluluk Çerçevesi

Kamuya açık versiyon 1 – 8 Ekim 2020

Bu metin Confederation of Open Access Repositories. (2020, October 8). COAR Community Framework for Best Practices in Repositories. (Version 1). Zenodo. <http://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.4110829> künyeli, CC BY lisanslı yayının çevirisidir. Daha fazla bilgi için www.coar-repositories.org adresini ziyaret edebilirsiniz.

Amaç

COAR kaynak türleri sözlüğünün 3.0 sürümünü yayınladı



Orçun Madran

11 Ağustos 2021

Açık Arşivler, COAR, Kontrollü Sözlük, Kurumsal Arşivler

Kaynak türleri sözlüğünün 3.0 sürümünün yayımlandığını duyurmaktan mutluluk duyuyoruz. 2015'ten bu yana, Kontrollü Sözlükler Editör Kurulu tarafından üç COAR Kontrollü Sözlüğü geliştirildi ve sürdürülmekte: Kaynak türleri, erişim hakları ve versiyon türleri. Bu sözlükler şimdi yeni bir görünüme sahip ve Viyana Üniversitesi Kütüphanesi bünyesinde barındırılan iQvoc platformu kullanılarak yönetiliyor.

COAR Controlled Vocabularies for Repositories

çok dillilik desteği ile pek çok dilde mevcuttur. Ayrıca, özellikle

<https://acikerisim.org/coar-kaynak-turleri-sozlugunun-3-0-surumunun-yayinladi/#more-129>

Not: İlkay Holt'un COAR'daki [blog yazısından](#) Türkçe çevrilmiştir.



Working on integration of Controlled Vocabularies with IYTE GCRIS and accelerating to implementation of good practices in Turkey.

Next Generation Repositories: IZTECH Example



GCRIS

Home

Collections

Research Outputs

Researchers

Organizations

Projects

Reports

Awards

Equipments

Help

English

Türkçe

IYTE GCRIS Database

GCRIS Database is a research and performance evaluation information system that enables searching and discovering all research outputs within the Izmir Institute of Technology research ecosystem, associating these outputs with researchers, providing advanced reporting with different metrics, and supporting corporate strategic decisions. Besides, it is an institutional repository at international standards that brings together and organizes all kinds of academic outputs related to research activities and allows sharing with the whole scientific world by providing long-term preservation.

<https://gcris.iyte.edu.tr/>

Search



All



Publications

8050



Organisations

27



Researchers

247

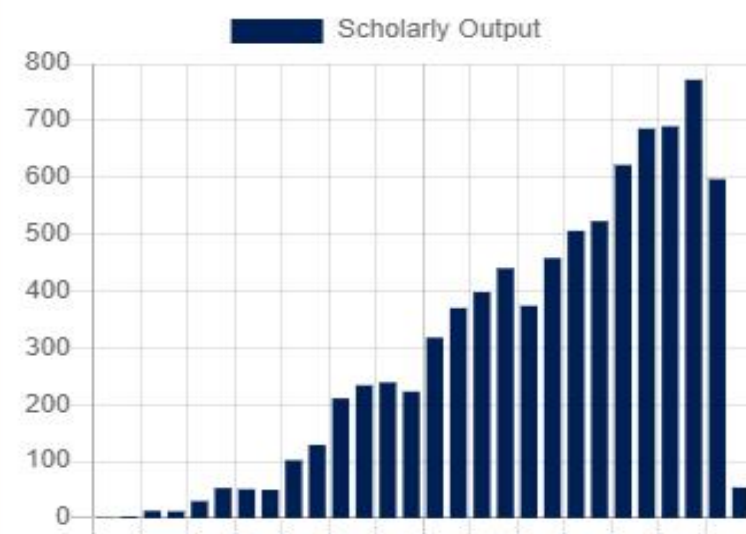


Projects

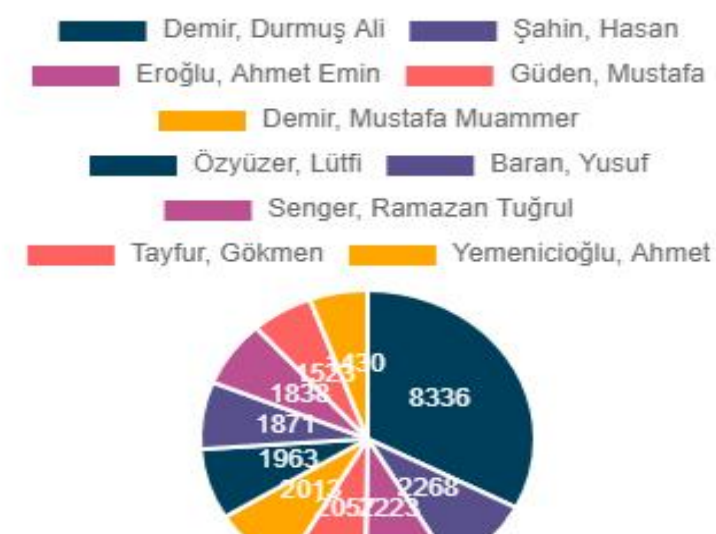
982

The only RIS system from Turkey registered in EuroCRIS and OpenAIRE.

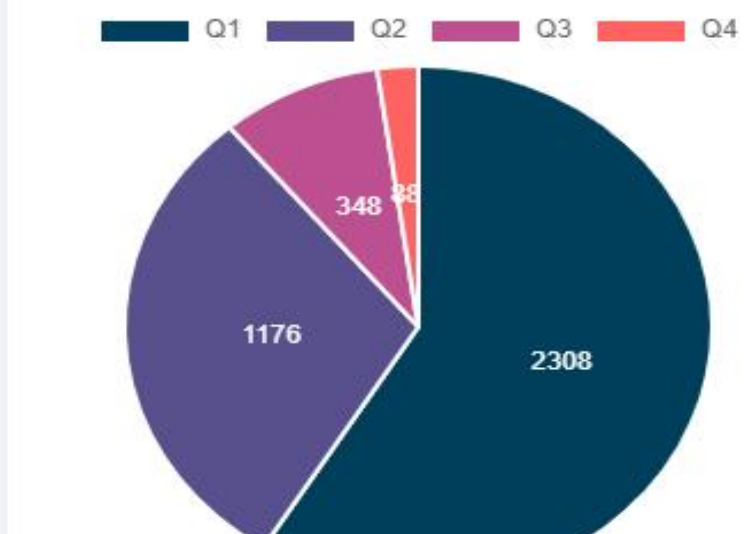
Scholarly Output



Citation Counts



Journal Distribution



Bölümler ve Koleksiyonlar

00. Veri Setleri / Datasets 6

Veri Makaleleri / Data Papers [3]

Veri Setleri / Datasets [3]

01. Patentler / Patents 1

Patent Koleksiyonu / Patent Collection [1]

02. Fen Fakültesi / Faculty of Science 1680

Chemistry / Kimya [289]

Collection of Chemistry / Kimya Bölümü koleksiyonu

Mathematics / Matematik [619]

Collection of Mathematics / Matematik Bölümü koleksiyonu

Molecular Biology and Genetics / Moleküler Biyoloji ve Genetik [310]

Collection of Molecular Biology and Genetics / Moleküler Biyoloji ve Genetik Bölümü koleksiyonu

Photonics / Fotonik [57]

Collection of Photonics / Fotonik Bölümü koleksiyonu

Physics / Fizik [442]

Bu öğeye atıf yapmak veya köprü kurmak için bu tanımlayıcıyı kullanınız: <https://gcris.iyte.edu.tr/handle/grandcris/10764>

Başlık: Experimental data showing the thermal behavior of a flat roof with phase change material

Yazarlar: Tokuç, Ayça
Başaran, Tahsin
Yesügey, Sadık Cengiz
Dokuz Eylül Üniversitesi
Izmir Institute of Technology
Dokuz Eylül Üniversitesi

Anahtar kelimeler: Latent energy storage
Phase change material
Roof
Thermal behavior
Thermal energy storage

Yayın Tarihi: Ara-2015

Yayıncı: Elsevier

Özet: The selection and configuration of building materials for optimal energy efficiency in a building require some assumptions and models for the thermal behavior of the utilized materials. Although the models for many materials can be considered acceptable for simulation and calculation purposes, the work for modeling the real time behavior of phase change materials is still under development. The data given in this article shows the thermal behavior of a flat roof element with a phase change material (PCM) layer. The temperature and energy given to and taken from the building element are reported. In addition the solid-liquid behavior of the PCM is tracked through images. The resulting thermal behavior of the phase change material is discussed and simulated in [1] A. Tokuç, T. Başaran, S.C. Yesügey, An experimental and numerical investigation on the use of phase change materials in building elements: the case of a flat roof in Istanbul, Build. Energy, vol. 102, 2015, pp. 91-104.

URI: <https://gcris.iyte.edu.tr/handle/grandcris/10764>

Koleksiyonlarda Veri Setleri / Datasets
Görünür:

Bu Öğenin Dosyaları:

Dosya	Açıklama	Boyut	Biçim	
Supplementary Table 1.xls	Veri Seti	18.75 MB	Microsoft Excel	Göster/Aç
Supplementary Table 2.xls	Veri Seti	27.5 kB	Microsoft Excel	Göster/Aç
5821.pdf	Makale Dosyası	588.4 kB	Adobe PDF	Göster/Aç



Bu öğeye atıf yapmak veya köprü kurmak için bu tanımlayıcıyı kullanınız: <https://hdl.handle.net/11147/10765>

Başlık: Small RNA data set that includes tRNA-derived fragments from Jurkat cells treated with camptothecin

Yazarlar: Coşacak, Mehmet İlyas
Erdoğan, İpek
Nalbant, Ayten
Akgül, Bünyamin
Izmir Institute of Technology
Izmir Institute of Technology
Izmir Institute of Technology
Izmir Institute of Technology

Anahtar kelimeler: RNA data set
Jurkat cells
tRNA-derived fragments (tRF)
Camptothecin

Yayın Tarihi: Nis-2018

Yayıncı: Elsevier

Özet: In this article, we report a small RNA data set obtained from human T cell acute leukemia Jurkat cells, which were treated with the universal apoptotic agent camptothecin. Based on the Annexin-V labeling pattern, we sorted two Jurkat subpopulations in treated cells: one that is sensitive to the drug and the other being relatively more resistant. We report new original data that include the frequency of tRNA-derived fragments (tRF) in drug-sensitive and resistant cells. We also present partially analyzed data to show the origin of reads on tRNAs as well as the borders of the fragments. We believe that this data can benefit the science community working in the field of tRF and/or apoptosis.

Açıklama: Yayına ait veri setlerine <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE35442> linki aracılığıyla ulaşabilirsiniz.

URI: <https://hdl.handle.net/11147/10765>

Koleksiyonlarda Görünür: Veri Setleri / Datasets

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Atıflar

1

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WEB OF SCIENCE™
Atıflar

1

09.Eki.2021 tarihinde kontrol edildi



Sayfa
görüntülenmesi

920

14.Eki.2021 tarihinde kontrol edildi

İndirme(ler)

172

14.Eki.2021 tarihinde kontrol edildi



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Baran, Yusuf

Print

Varyantlar	Baran, Y., Baran, Y
Ana Birim	Department of Molecular Biology and Genetics
Eposta	yusufbaran[at]iyte.edu.tr
Diğer Epostalar	ybaran[at]gmail.com
ORCID	0000-0002-1056-4673
Scopus Author ID	9636164400
WoS Researcher ID	F-8535-2012
Bağlantılar	Google Scholar
Website	http://yusufbaran.net/tr/ana-sayfa/
Durum	Aktif Personel

Bibliyometri

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Eş Yazarlar

Google

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2808

tümü / 2016'dan beri

H-İndeks

34 / 25

tümü / 2016'dan beri

I10-İndeks

71 / 51

tümü / 2016'dan beri

Eş Yazarlar

0

Yıllık Atıflar



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İYTE

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Alan Ağırlıklı Atıf Etkisi

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Yayınlar

Tez Danışmanlığı

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Dersler

Çalıştığı Kurumlar

Eğitimler

Biyografi

Yetkinlik Bulutu

Araştırma İlgi Alanları

Ödüller

Makaleler (64)	Konferanslar (58)	Kitaplar (0)	Kitap Bölümleri (0)	Diğerleri (0)
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Yayınlar

#	Tarihi	Başlık	Yazar(lar)	Atıflar
1	2020	Synergistic apoptotic effects of bortezomib and methylstat on multiple myeloma cells	Kaci, Fatma Necmiye; Kiraz, Yağmur; Çekdemir, Demet; Baran, Yusuf	0
2	2020	Therapeutic Potentials of Inhibition of Jumonji C Domain-containing Demethylases in Acute Myeloid Leukemia	Koca, Duygu; Hastar, Nurcan; Engür, Selin; Kiraz, Yağmur; Ulu, Gizem Tuğçe; Çekdemir, Demet; Baran, Yusuf	0
3	2019	Investigation of Potential Anticarcinogenic Effects of Corilagin in Lung Cancer Cells	Baran, Yusuf; Çiçin, Zeynep Birsu; Rencüzoğulları, Çağla; İplik, Elif Sinem; Çakmakoğlu, Bedia	0
4	2018	An answer to colon cancer treatment by mesenchymal stem cell originated from adipose tissue	İplik, Elif Sinem; ERTuğrul, Barış; Kozanoğlu, İlknur; Baran, Yusuf	4
5	2018	Hesperidin promotes programmed cell death by downregulation of nongenomic estrogen receptor signalling pathway in endometrial cancer cells	Baran, Yusuf; Kiran, Bayram; Cincin, Zeynep Birsu; Çakmakoğlu, Bedia	17
6	2018	A minimally invasive transfer method of mesenchymal stem cells to the intact periodontal ligament of rat teeth: a preliminary study	Gül Amuk, Nisa; Kurt, Gökmen; Kartal Yandım, Melis; Adan, Aysun; Baran, Yusuf	1
7	2017	Biodiversity, drug discovery, and the future of global health: Introducing the biodiversity to biomedicine consortium, a call to action	Shrestha, Uttam Babu; Neergheen-Bhujun, Vidushi; Awan, Almas Taj; Pesic, Milica; Kagansky, Alexander; Egamberdieva, Dilfuza;	5

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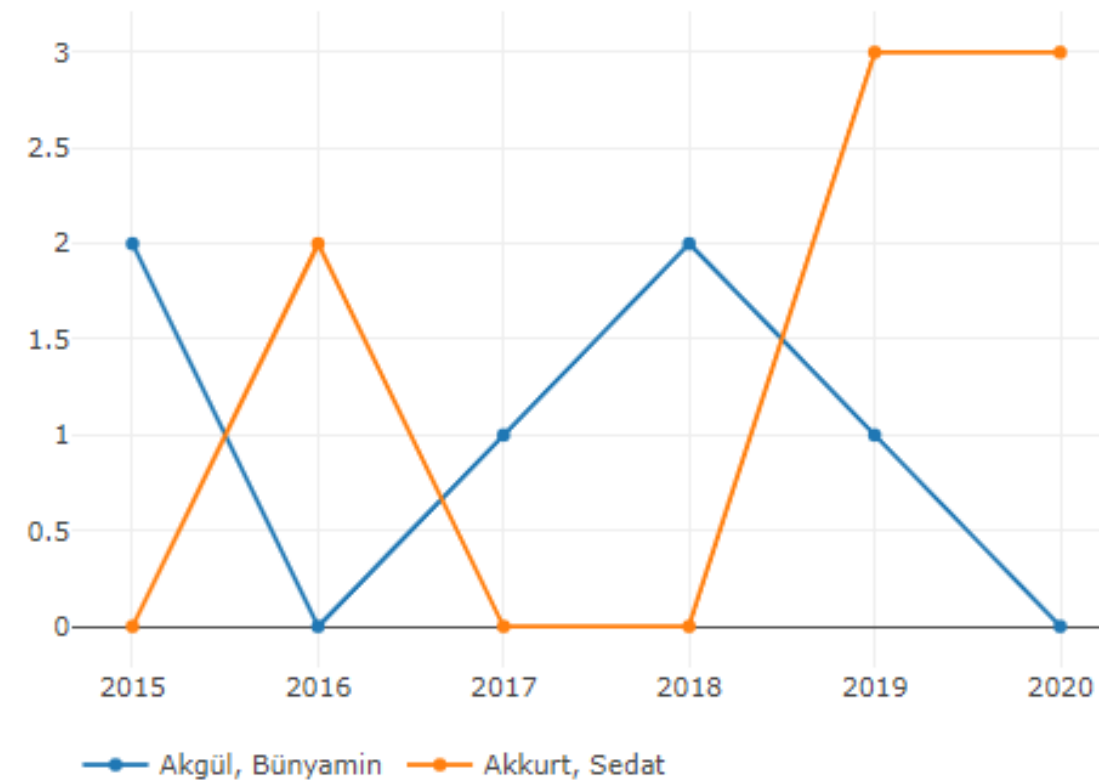
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Open Science Policy in Turkey: National Policy

 **OpenAIRE BLOG**

THIS BLOG HAS BEEN DISCONTINUED. Please acco

Open Access to Theses and Dissertations in Turkey has been Enacted by the Parliament

Gültekin Gürdal | 2018-08-07 | country highlights | Add Reply

48

This has been an extremely important improvement for the open access in Turkey. The Council of Higher Education (YÖK) National Theses Center and Turkey OpenAIRE NOAD had worked hard to make compulsory open access to theses and dissertations. As a result of these efforts, the Art. 10 of Law numbered 7100 has been entered into force upon publication of the Official Gazette numbered 30352 and dated March 06, 2018. According to this article, which constitutes Additional Art 40 of Higher Education Code numbered 2547:

07.08.2018

"Unless a decision of secrecy is taken by the authorized institutions and organizations, the graduate theses shall be opened to access in electronic environment by the National Theses Center of the Council of Higher Education in order to contribute to science."


It is compulsory to send all theses and dissertations to YÖK National Theses Center in Turkey. Therefore, after the said provision entered into force, "The Directive on Collecting, Organizing and Opening to Access The Theses and Dissertations in Electronic Environment" is prepared in cooperation with YÖK National Theses Center and OpenAIRE NOAD Turkey and shared with all universities in the country.

Before this regulation, theses and dissertations were closed to access for 3 years in accordance with the request of the respective author. However, it is no longer possible to prevent access to theses and dissertations except for the provisions of the regulation. In other words, the author's request is not enough to close theses and dissertations, but also university administration decision is necessary. This improvement is an important step in the liberation of science. Henceforth, much more theses and dissertations from Turkey will be available to the scientific world.

The rate of
OA Theses
and
Dissertations
raised from
%56.3 to
%98.7

Turk Telekom 10:19 %98

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 **M. A. Yekta Saraç** @yekta_sarac

YÖK'ün girişimi ile başlatılan yasal süreç sonucunda, lisansüstü tezlerin elektronik ortamda erişime açılması ile birlikte erişime açık tez sayısının oranı 2017 yılında %56,3 iken, 2018 yılında %98,7'ye yükseldi. Tabloda konuya ilişkin bilgiler yer almaktadır:

SAYILARLA, YÖK ULUSAL TEZ MERKEZİ (31 ARALIK 2018)

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Erişime Açık Tez Sayısı	: 343.631
Yararlanan Araştırmacı Sayısı	: 4.019.895
İndirilen Tez Sayısı	: 14.640.189

Yıl	Sisteme Eklene Tez Sayısı	Erişime Açık Tez Sayısı	Erişime Açık Tez Sayısının % Oranı
2017	36.610	20.617	%56.3
2018	41.816	41.314	%98.7

Yanıtını Tweetle

The number of theses downloaded from the CoHE National Thesis Center increased by 110% in May, compared to the figure in March when the novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic started to be seen in Turkey.

IZTECH Open Access Policy

İZMİR YÜKSEK TEKNOLOJİ ENSTİTÜSÜ

Senato Karar Tarihi: 08.10.2013

**İZMİR YÜKSEK TEKNOLOJİ ENSTİTÜSÜ
AÇIK ERİŞİM POLİTİKASI**

POLİTİKA BAŞLIĞI:

İzmir Yüksek Teknoloji Enstitüsü (İYTE) bünyesinde yapılan akademik çalışmalar için açık erişim, kurumsal arşivleme, uzun dönemli derleme ve dijital koruma.

BAĞLAM:

Özellikle ileri düzeyde eğitim-öğretim, araştırma, üretim, yayın ve danışmanlık yapmak üzere 1992 yılında kurulmuş olan İYTE, Türkiye Cumhuriyeti'nin çıkarlarına ve kalkınmasına hizmet edecek, sanayinin ve toplumun ihtiyaçlarına cevap verecek nitelikte eğitim vermeyi, araştırmalar yapmayı ve araştırma sonuçlarının mümkün olan en geniş çevrelere sunulmasını ilke edinmiştir. Bir devlet üniversitesi olarak İYTE, lisans ve lisansüstü seviyelerde; araştırmacı, yaratıcı ve girişimci, eleştirel düşünceye yatkın ve karar vermede özgür, ekip çalışmasında başarılı, kendi teknolojimizin üretilmesine katkısı olacak, hammadde kaynaklarımızı değerlendirecek, katma değeri yüksek üretime önderlik edecek, kendi iş ortamını yaratacak bilim insanları, mühendisler, mimarlar ve planlılar yetiştirerek ülkemize katkıda bulunmayı hedeflemekte ve bir araştırma üniversitesi olarak geniş kitlelere karşı taşıdığı sorumluluklarının önemini çok iyi bilmektedir.

Türkiye'nin sanayi alanında gelişimi ve Türkiye ekonomisinin geleceği, yeni teknolojilerden yararlanılmasına ve bu teknolojilerin geliştirilmesinde oynanacak aktif role bağlı olacaktır. Bunun içindir ki, ileri ülkelerde, özellikle teknolojik alanda üst düzeyde eğitim-öğretim ve araştırma yapma temel amacıyla benimsenen en gelişmiş teknik üniversite modeli, teknoloji enstitüleridir. Ülkemizde böylesi bir misyonu yüklenmesi için kurulan iki teknoloji enstitüsünden biri olan İYTE'nin akademik çalışmalarının açık erişim olarak paylaşılması, bu çalışmaların görünürlüğünü ve tanınırlığını arttırmayı mümkün kılarak, yapılacak yeni araştırmalarda kamu ve özel sektörden daha fazla proje desteği sağlanmasına olanak tanıyacaktır. Bu nedenle İYTE, mensuplarına ait akademik çalışmaları mümkün olan en geniş kitlelere ulaştırabileceği bir açık erişim mekanizması ve bu kapsamda hizmet verecek bir açık erişim arşivi kurmaya karar vermiştir. İYTE Kütüphanesi, üniversite araştırmacılarına ait çalışmaların uygun formatlarda derlenmesinde, uzun dönemli korunmasında ve en geniş şekilde erişime sunulmasında stratejik bir rol oynayacaktır.

POLİTİKA AMAÇLARI:

1. İYTE bünyesinde üretilen akademik çalışmaların uzun dönemli derlenmesinin ve korunmasının sağlanması.
2. İYTE bünyesinde üretilen akademik çalışmaların mümkün olan en geniş çevrelerde erişime sunulması.

IZTECH Open Access Policy was approved by IZTECH Senate on 08 October 2013.

IZTECH Policy was the first Open Access Policy in Turkey. Sent to other Turkish universities as a model policy by CoHE.

<https://hdl.handle.net/11147/7216>

IZTECH Open Science Policy

www.iyte.edu.tr



Senato Karar Tarihi/Sayısı: 26.03.2019/2

İZMİR YÜKSEK TEKNOLOJİ ENSTİTÜSÜ AÇIK BİLİM POLİTİKASI

Bağlam

Özellikle ileri düzeyde eğitim-öğretim, araştırma, üretim, yayın ve danışmanlık yapmak üzere 1992 yılında kurulmuş olan İYTE, Türkiye Cumhuriyeti'nin çıkarlarına ve kalkınmasına hizmet edecek, sanayinin ve toplumun ihtiyaçlarına cevap verecek nitelikte eğitim vermeyi, araştırmalar yapmayı, araştırma verilerinin ve sonuçlarının mümkün olan en geniş çevrelere sunulmasını ilke edinmiş bir devlet üniversitesidir. İYTE, araştırmacılarına ait çalışmaların uygun formatlarda derlenmesi, uzun dönemli korunması ve en geniş şekilde erişime sunulabilmesi için bu Açık Bilim Politikasını oluşturmuştur.

Bu politikanın oluşturulmasında AB destekli OpenAIRE Advance projesi Açık Erişim/Açık Veri Politikası Hazırlama Rehberi, UNESCO Açık Erişim Politikası Geliştirme Rehberi, MedOANet ve PASTEUR4OA Politika Hazırlama Rehberi, LEARN projesi Modern Araştırma Verisi Yönetimi Politikası, SPARC Europe Açık Veri ve Açık Bilim Politikaları Avrupa Raporu, İYTE Açık Erişim Politikasından yararlanılmıştır.

Translated OpenAIRE model Policy on Open Science for Research Performing Organisations (RPOs) into Turkish and adapted it to Izmir Institute of Technology (IZTECH) as a model.

IZTECH Open Science Policy was approved by IZTECH Senate on 26 March 2019.

This policy, which is the first Open Science Policy in Turkey, includes details on both publications and research data.

Sent to other Turkish universities as a model policy by CoHE.

<http://hdl.handle.net/11147/51>

Funder Policy: TUBITAK Open Science Policy

The Scientific and Technological Research Council of Turkey (TUBITAK) got accepted Open Science Policy on March, 14 2019.

Based on OpenAIRE model Policy on Open Science for Research Funding Organisations (RFOs).

It covers publications (peer reviewed articles, etc.) and research data which is produced by TUBITAK support, completely or partially, and the publications and research data of TUBITAK researchers.

It has been deemed appropriate to implement the policy to pilot programs in 2019 and to all support programs in 2020.

The number of researchers affected by this policy ~ 25.000

<https://ulakbim.tubitak.gov.tr/en/haber/tubitak-open-science-policy-accepted>

The screenshot shows the TUBITAK website header with the logo and the text "THE SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNOLOGICAL RESEARCH COUNCIL OF TURKEY". The navigation menu includes "About TUBITAK", "Funds", "Scholarships", and "R&D Activities". The main content area features the TUBITAK logo and the title "TUBITAK Open Science Policy". Below the title, there is a "Home Page" link and a blue bar with the text "TUBITAK Open Science Policy". To the right of this bar are links for "News Archive" and "Announcement Archive". The main text of the policy is displayed below, starting with "Policy Title:" and "Purpose:". The "Policy Title" section describes the management, storage, archiving, compilation, and digital protection of publications and research data. The "Purpose" section explains the concept of Open Access, introduced in 2002, as "free availability of scientific literature on the public internet, permitting any users to read, download, copy, distribute, print, search, or link to the full texts of these articles, index them, pass them as data to software, or use them for any other lawful purpose, without financial, legal, or technical barriers other than".



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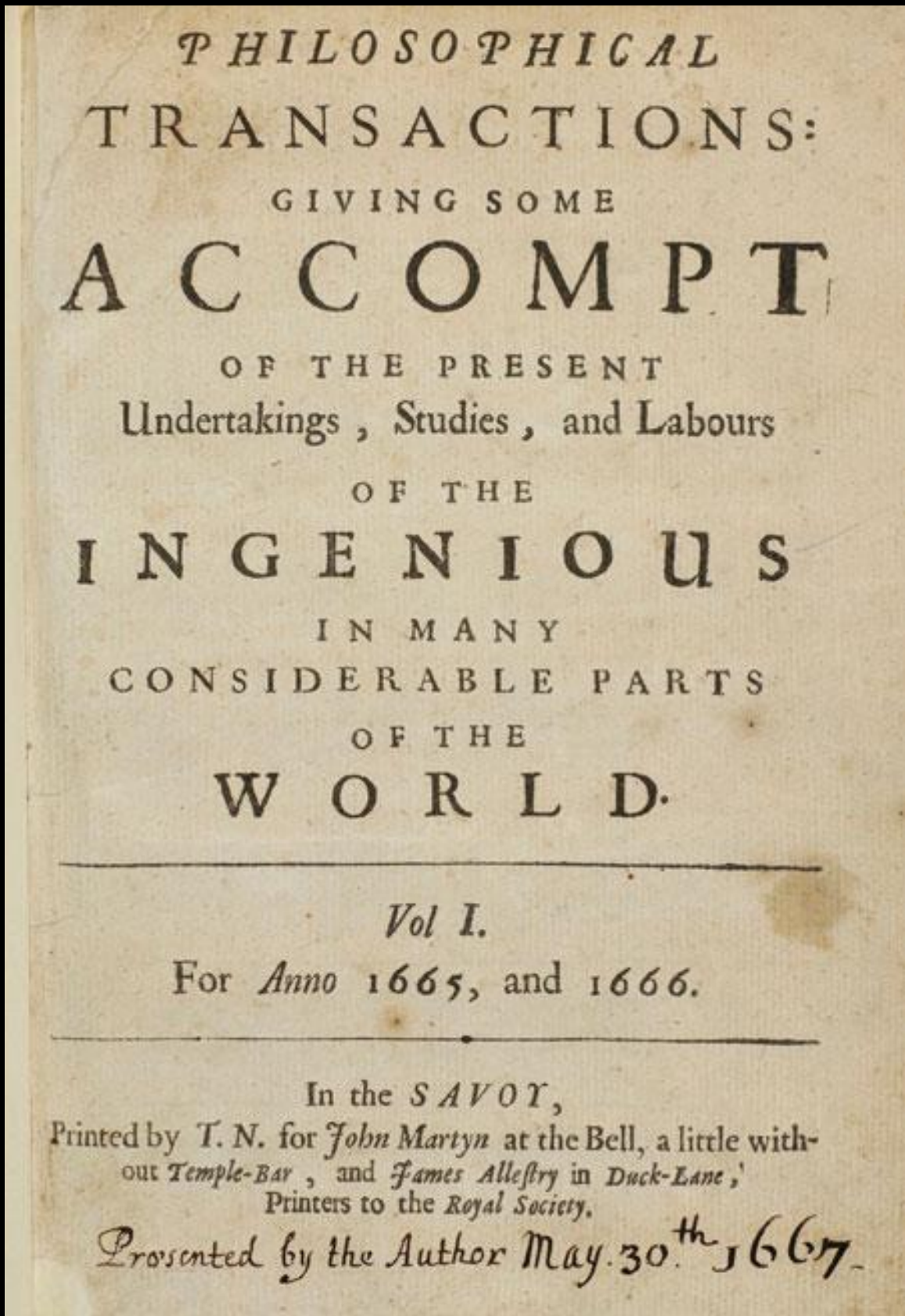
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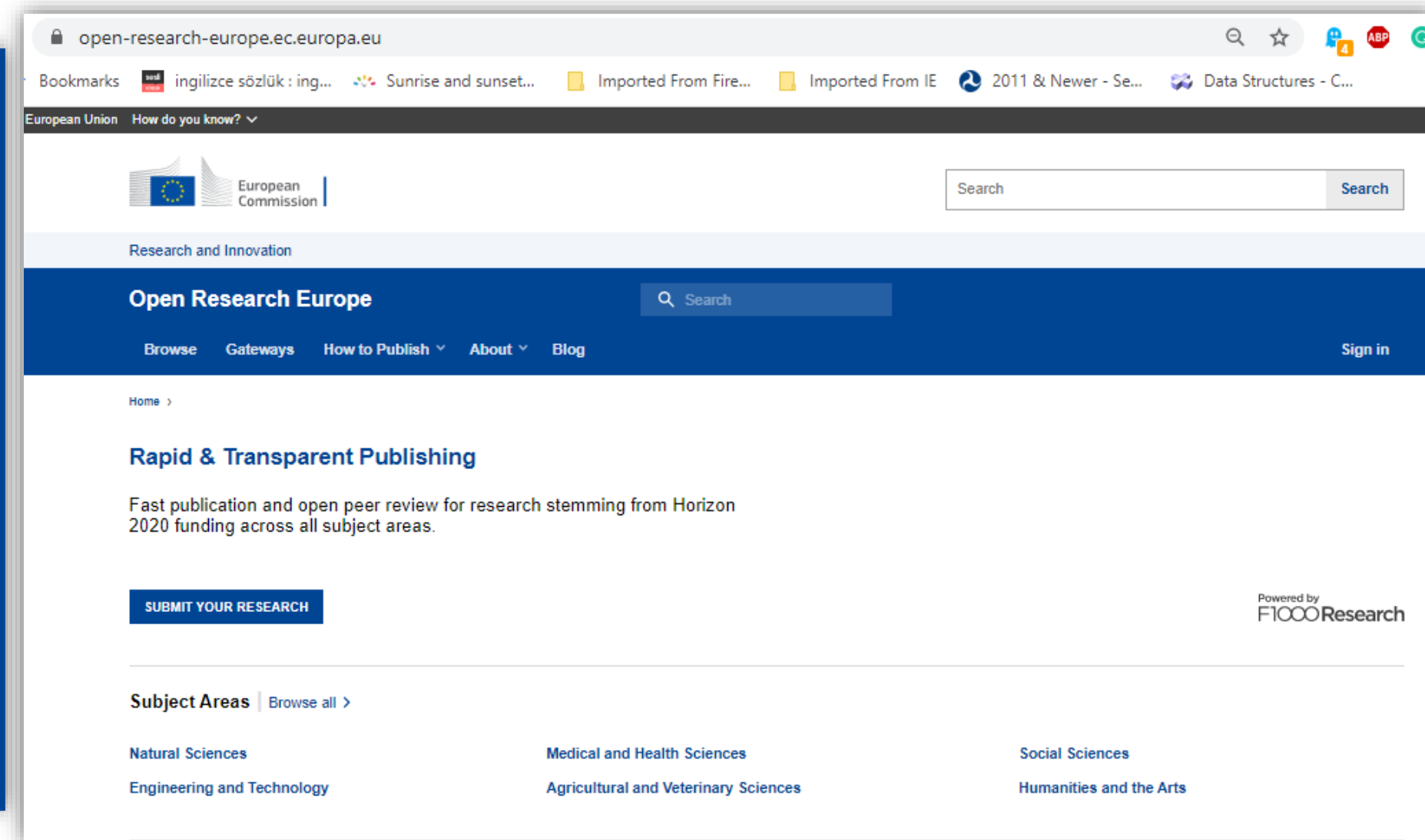


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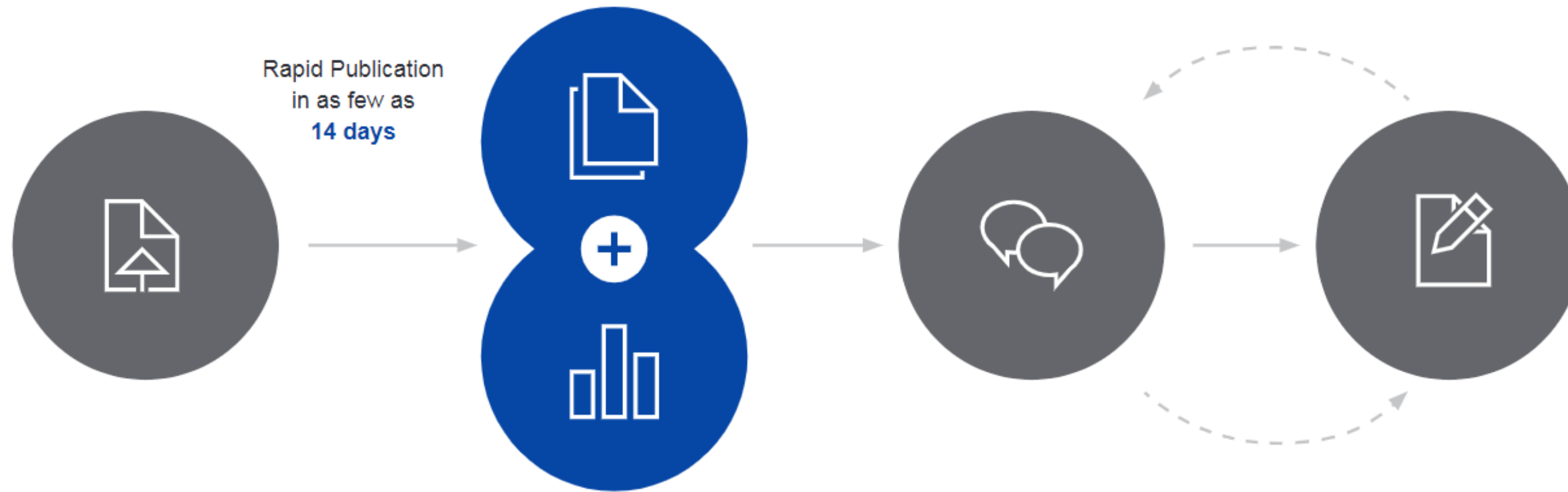


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Open peer review example

Reviewer Report

14 May 2020 | for Version 1

Richard Dortch , Division of Neuroimaging Research, Barrow Neurological Institute, Phoenix, AZ, USA

26 Views

 Cite this report

 Responses (1)

? APPROVED WITH RESERVATIONS

This well-written manuscript seeks to develop and evaluate a silent myelin-specific MRI sequence for applications in infants and the elderly, where loud imaging sequences can be problematic. Recent work has demonstrated that so-called inhomogeneous MT (ihMT), which arises primarily from dipolar order effects in myelin lipids, may be a more specific assay of myelin content than other MRI measures (e.g., T_2 relaxation, diffusion, conventional magnetization transfer). As a result, there is significant interest in developing clinically feasible ihMT sequences for applications in neurodegenerative diseases, development, and aging. Overall, the study was well designed (e.g., strong repeatability and ROI analyses) and the results were compelling. However, there are several minor-to-moderate flaws, particularly in the motivation (e.g., the need for silent ihMT sequences) and methods (e.g., the influence of head orientation on ihMT), that slightly reduced my enthusiasm and lead me to recommend a minor revision.

1. The case made for silent MT sequences is not particularly compelling. The authors mention that these are "among the loudest" sequences because they use fast gradient-echo readouts to obtain whole-brain data in clinically feasible scan times. However, these sequences are usually SAR-limited with fairly reasonable TRs (typically between 25-50 ms) that are acquired at lower resolutions to ensure adequate SNR. Together, this results in a sequence with reduced acoustic noise compared to most rapid, high-resolution gradient echo sequences as well as other quantitative approaches that use EPI (e.g., diffusion). (moderate)
2. Furthermore, the benefits of using a silent myelin sequence may not outweigh the drawbacks. For example, the proposed method requires very low flip angles (2 degrees), which results in a significant SNR penalty relative to standard ihMT sequences. In addition, the RUFIS readout results in a small increase in scan time. Given that SNR is already relatively low for ihMT indices, the proposed method may be suboptimal in many clinical scenarios. (moderate)
3. The study was not designed to specifically measure the effect of head orientation on ihMT. Subjects were scanned four times (across two sessions), but head orientation was not directly controlled or measured across these scans. Instead a mixed effects model was used and head orientation was inferred from the images (rather than the orientation of individual tracts being measured using DTI for example). Furthermore, the confounding influences of T_1 and B_1 were not measured. The authors attempt to overcome this by using

Responses (1)

AUTHOR RESPONSE 19 Aug 2020

Tobias C. Wood, King's College London, London, UK

We thank the reviewer for their time and insight. There were in total five reviewers, with many helpful suggestions, and hence there have been many edits to the paper. Responses to this particular review follow below.

1. We concede that the acoustic noise from any scan will depend on the precise sequence settings. However, we note that recent ihMT work has used both an MP-RAGE style acquisition, with an imaging TR of 4.3ms and also SSFP with a TR of only 5ms. The introduction has been amended to explicitly reference these papers.
2. We agree that radial sequences are SNR constrained relative to cartesian sequences, this has now been explicitly stated in the discussion. Although the 3D radial readout does imply a time penalty relative to cartesian, we note that our overall scan time is competitive with recent cartesian ihMT papers. This has been added to the discussion.
3. We agree that it would have been preferable to acquire explicit T1 & B1 maps for comparison, but total protocol time prevented that in this study. In our opinion the ihMTRinv maps display more even contrast than the ihMTR maps, we hope that the revised figures with axial and coronal sections make this clearer.
4. We did not have a conventional cartesian ihMT implementation available when this study was conducted. However, as there are multiple such implementations in the literature, it is possible to broadly compare image quality and achieved ihMTR values. We have added a table of ihMTR values to make this comparison easier. We concede that it is not possible to compare acoustic noise levels, because it is not standard in the MR literature to record and report the acoustic noise of a sequence. In previous work (reference 22) we did directly compare noise levels between a radial ZTE and cartesian implementation of Variable Flip-Angle T1 mapping, which in our opinion would be similar to the noise levels in this work and found a 30 dB reduction in noise level.
5. Figure 1 has been updated with a reduced number of spokes to emphasise the stepped gradients. We hope this is clearer.
6. We thank you for pointing out that the frequency offset is not ideal for generating single-sided MT contrast. With hindsight, this is obvious. The discussion has been amended to reflect this.
7. Because the MT pulses are applied off-resonance they should not significantly interact with the

REVISED Amendments from Version 1

The manuscript has been updated in response to the reviewer's helpful and insightful comments. The most important changes are that the figures have been redesigned and the emphasis on the head-orientation study reduced. The MR images have been updated to use a consistent set of slices, Figures 3 & 4 have been merged into a single figure, and the average within-subject CoV has been added. Figure 1 (the number of spokes) and Figure 6 (colour scheme) have been updated for clarity. We hope that these new figures are clearer and more intuitive than the previous figures. The language used to refer to the head orientation study has been clarified to refer to results as "highly statistically significant" rather than "strong". A reviewer provided a plausible explanation for the negative values of ihMTR in CSF, namely the use of Fermi pulses in the preparation module, and this limitation has been discussed. A table with the mean ihMTR and inverse ihMTR values has been added. The discussion has been expanded to better set the context of the paper within existing literature, with better comparisons between our results and previous papers. We think the resulting paper is much improved and thank the reviewers again for their valued input.

[See the authors' detailed response to the review by Douglas Dean](#)

[See the authors' detailed response to the review by Gunther Helms](#)

[See the authors' detailed response to the review by Richard Dortch](#)

[See the authors' detailed response to the review by Olivier Girard and Lucas Soustelle](#)

Open data example

Data availability

Underlying data

Zenodo: IRM raw data (video format) and dataset (csv) supporting platelet attachment to collagen IV or fibrinogen in percentage over time (related to Figure 1), <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3774819>⁴⁷.

Zenodo: Raw data, temporal profiling for platelet spreading dynamics (related to Figure 3). <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3774823>⁴⁸.

Zenodo: Raw data for microtubule extension IRM images (videos) and raw data set (csv) (related to Figure 4), <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3774827>⁴⁹.

Zenodo: Raw data (IRM videos) of Nocodazole experiments (videos) and raw dataset for statistical purposes (csv) (related to Figure 4), <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3774835>⁵⁰.

Zenodo: Nocodazole experiment low mag images, IRM, raw data. Platelets fixed, imaged by IRM in low magnification for counting purposes. Platelets are either control or treated with nocodazole, <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3774843>⁵¹.

Zenodo: Raw data to support percentage of platelets in each morphological state, 1 hour post-platelet seeding (related to Figure 8), <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3774845>⁵².

Zenodo: Dynamics of platelet spreading over time with/without treatments with manganese and thrombin (related to Figure 8). Raw images of platelets treated with and without Manganese and thrombin (tif, jpegs) and raw data set (csv), <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3774849>⁵³.

Zenodo: Un-cropped and unedited images/movies for all (DIC, movies, cryo-ET, SEM images). <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3773437>⁵⁴.

Extended data

Figshare: Differential dynamics of early stages of platelet adhesion and spreading on collagen IV- and fibrinogen-coated surfaces, <https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.c.4944738>²⁴.

This project contains the following extended data:

- **Figure S1. Platelet integrated activity.** Integrated activity of platelets: the mean absolute value $|\Delta\text{IRM}|$ at every time point. X-axis: Time in seconds. Y-axis: Platelet mean activity. Red dotted lines separate the phases: background, prior to platelet attachment, filopodial spreading phase, lamellipodial spreading phase, and the fully spread phase.
- **Figure S2. Interactions with the surface for collagen IV and fibrinogen.** The number of pixels interacting with the surface over time for the surfaces collagen IV and fibrinogen. Time in seconds.
- **Figure S3. Quantification and image analysis of platelet spreading, based on IRM live imaging for fibrinogen.** (A) Platelet spreading viewed by IRM, and the corresponding focal activity map, $\Delta\text{IRM}_t = \text{IRM}_t - \text{IRM}_{t+1}$. Positive values (yellow) imply local attachment; negative values (blue) imply local detachment (bottom right). One filopodia initially attaching and detaching (black arrow). Scale bar 2 μm (B) Integrated tapping activity of platelets: the mean absolute value $|\Delta\text{IRM}|$ at every time point. X-axis: Time in seconds. Y-axis: Platelet mean activity. Red dotted lines separate the phases: background, prior to platelet attachment, filopodial spreading phase, lamellipodial spreading phase, and the fully spread phase. (C) Total number of pixels interacting with the surface over time. Time in seconds. (D) Accumulated attachment and detachment over time shown by activity map, yellow means more attachment events, blue means fewer attachment event. Right images, correspond IRM images. Scale bar 2 μm .
- **Movie S1.** Shows the accumulated number of transitions from interaction to not interacting with the surface at every pixel over time.
- **Movie S2.** Shows an overlay of the highly active regions on top of the IRM images over time on collagen IV.
- **Movie S3.** Shows an overlay of the highly active regions on top of the IRM images over time on fibrinogen.

Data are available under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International license](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/) (CC-BY 4.0).

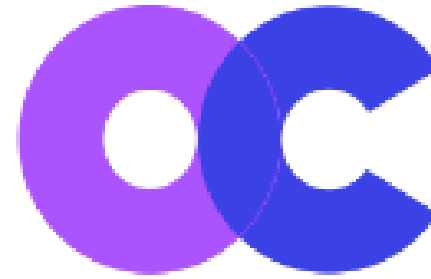
Software availability

IRM spreading dynamics source code available from: <https://github.com/assafZaritskyLab/IRM-Spreading-Dynamics>

Archived source code as at time of publication: <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3770506>²¹

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<https://journals.plos.org/plosone/article?id=10.1371/journal.pone.0230416>

The citation advantage of linking publications to research data

Giovanni Colavizza, Iain Hrynaszkiewicz, Isla Staden, Kirstie Whitaker, Barbara McGillivray

Published: April 22, 2020 • <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0230416>

Article	Authors	Metrics	Comments	Media Coverage	Peer Review
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- Abstract
- Introduction
- Materials and methods
- Results
- Discussion
- Conclusion
- Data and code availability
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- References
- Reader Comments (0)
- Figures

Abstract

Efforts to make research results open and reproducible are increasingly reflected by journal policies encouraging or mandating authors to provide data availability statements. As a consequence of this, there has been a strong uptake of data availability statements in recent literature. Nevertheless, it is still unclear what proportion of these statements actually contain well-formed links to data, for example via a URL or permanent identifier, and if there is an added value in providing such links. We consider 531, 889 journal articles published by PLOS and BMC, develop an automatic system for labelling their data availability statements according to four categories based on their content and the type of data availability they display, and finally analyze the citation advantage of different statement categories via regression. We find that, following mandated publisher policies, data availability statements become very common. In 2018 93.7% of 21,793 PLOS articles and 88.2% of 31,956 BMC articles had data availability statements. Data availability statements containing a link to data in a repository—rather than being available on request or included as supporting information files—are a fraction of the total. In 2017 and 2018, 20.8% of PLOS publications and 12.2% of BMC publications provided DAS containing a link to data in a repository. We also find an association between articles that include statements that link to data in a repository and up to 25.36% ($\pm 1.07\%$) higher citation impact on average, using a citation prediction model. We discuss the potential implications of these results for authors (researchers) and journal publishers who make the effort of sharing their data in repositories. All our data and code are made available in order to reproduce and extend our results.

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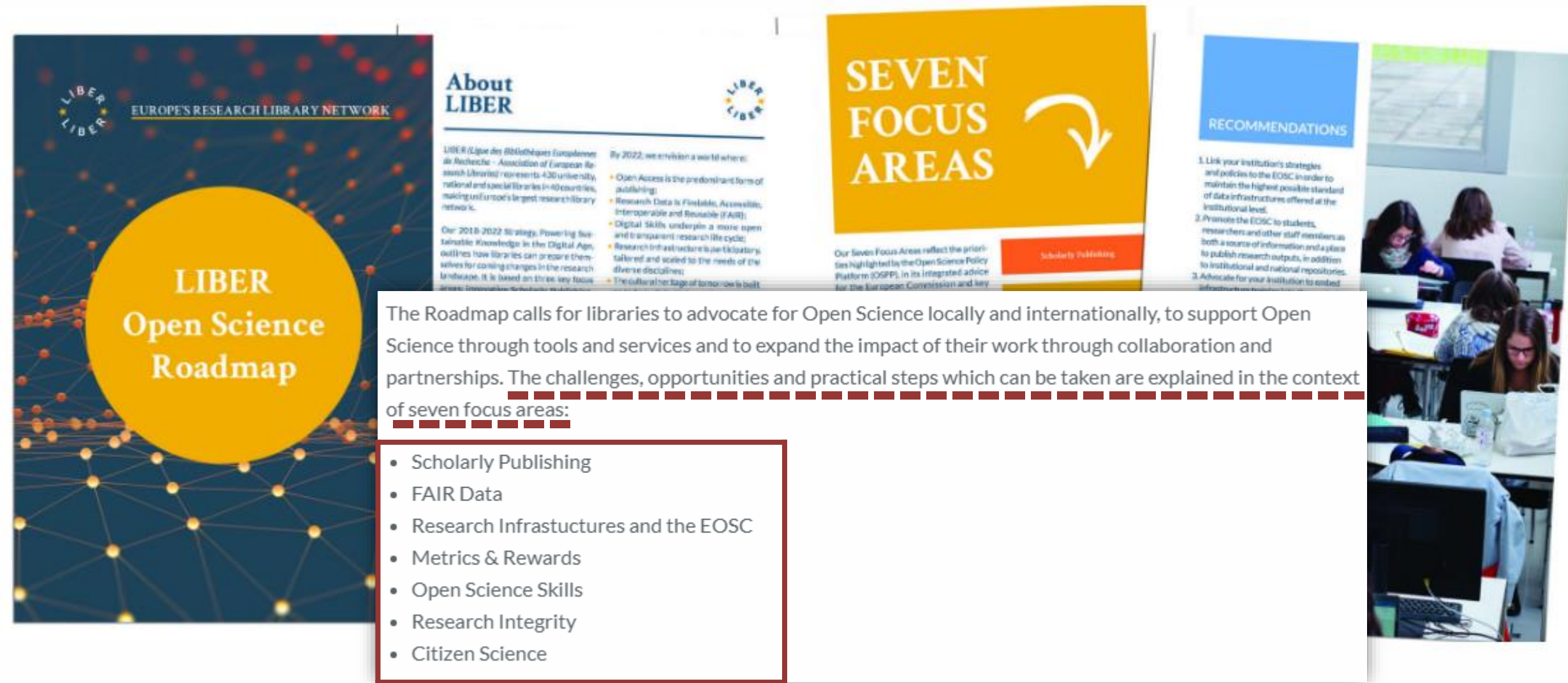
← News



<https://libereurope.eu/article/liber-launches-open-science-roadmap/>

LIBER Launches Open Science Roadmap

Posted: 03-07-2018 Topics: Strategy



The Roadmap calls for libraries to advocate for Open Science locally and internationally, to support Open Science through tools and services and to expand the impact of their work through collaboration and partnerships. The challenges, opportunities and practical steps which can be taken are explained in the context of seven focus areas:

- Scholarly Publishing
- FAIR Data
- Research Infrastructures and the EOSC
- Metrics & Rewards
- Open Science Skills
- Research Integrity
- Citizen Science

Open Science undoubtedly has the power to positively influence society. It can make science more collaborative, reproducible, transparent and impactful.

**UNESCO***"Building peace in the minds of men and women"*

IN BRIEF

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Home > Open Science > UNESCO Recommendation on Open Science

Open Science



UNESCO Recommendation on Open Science

At the 40th session of UNESCO's General Conference, 193 Member States tasked the Organization with the development of an international standard-setting instrument on Open Science in the form of a UNESCO Recommendation on Open Science to be adopted by Member States in 2021.

The Recommendation is expected to define shared values and principles for Open Science, and identify concrete measures on Open Access and Open Data, with proposals to bring citizens closer to science and commitments to facilitate the production and dissemination of scientific knowledge around the world. The Recommendation will be developed through a regionally balanced, multistakeholder, inclusive and transparent consultation process.

UNESCO Recommendation on Open Science will complement the 2017 Recommendation on Science and

[Home](#)[UNESCO Recommendation
on Open Science](#)[Multistakeholder
Consultations on Open
Science](#)[Open Science Advisory
Committee](#)

Draft text of the UNESCO Recommendation on Open Science

Following the consensus reached during the intergovernmental meeting of experts held from 6 to 11 May 2021, the Draft text of the Recommendation will be put forward for adoption by UNESCO's General Conference during its next session in November 2021:

[English](#) | [Français](#) | [Español](#) | [Русский](#) | [العربية](#) | [中文](#)

Full text

2 of 18 Automatic Zoom

DRAFT TEXT OF THE UNESCO RECOMMENDATION ON OPEN SCIENCE

Preamble

The General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), meeting in Paris, from ... to ... November 2021, at its 41st session,

Recognizing the urgency of addressing complex and interconnected environmental, social and economic challenges for the people and the planet, including poverty, health issues, access to education, rising inequalities and disparities of opportunity, increasing science, technology and innovation gaps, natural resource depletion, loss of biodiversity, land degradation, climate change, natural and human-made disasters, spiralling conflicts and related humanitarian crises,

Acknowledging the vital importance of science, technology and innovation (STI) to respond to these challenges by providing solutions to improve human well-being, advance environmental sustainability and respect for the planet's biological and cultural diversity, foster sustainable social and economic development and promote democracy and peace,

Also acknowledging the opportunities and the potential provided by the expansion of information and communication technologies and global interconnectedness to accelerate human progress and foster knowledge societies and *highlighting* the importance of narrowing the STI and digital gaps existing between and within countries and regions,

Noting the transformative potential of open science for reducing the existing inequalities in STI and accelerating progress towards the implementation of the 2030 Agenda and the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and beyond, particularly in Africa, least developed countries (LDCs), landlocked developing countries (LLDCs), and small island developing States (SIDS),

Mindful of UNESCO's global priorities, namely gender equality and Africa, and the need to mainstream all these aspects in open science policies and practices with a view to addressing the root causes of inequalities and providing effective solutions to that end,

DCPMS_U2102320.DOCX

<https://en.unesco.org/science-sustainable-future/open-science/recommendation>

OPEN PUBLISHING FEST

NOVEMBER 8-19, 2021

Open Publishing Fest is a decentralized public event that brings together communities supporting open source software, open content, and open publishing models.

Held over two weeks in November this year, Open Publishing Fest will feature discussions, demos, and performances that showcase our paths toward a more open world.

Open Knowledge \approx / = Open Publishing ?

For more info or to discuss ideas please email adam@coko.foundation.

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ABOUT

<https://openpublishingfest.org/>



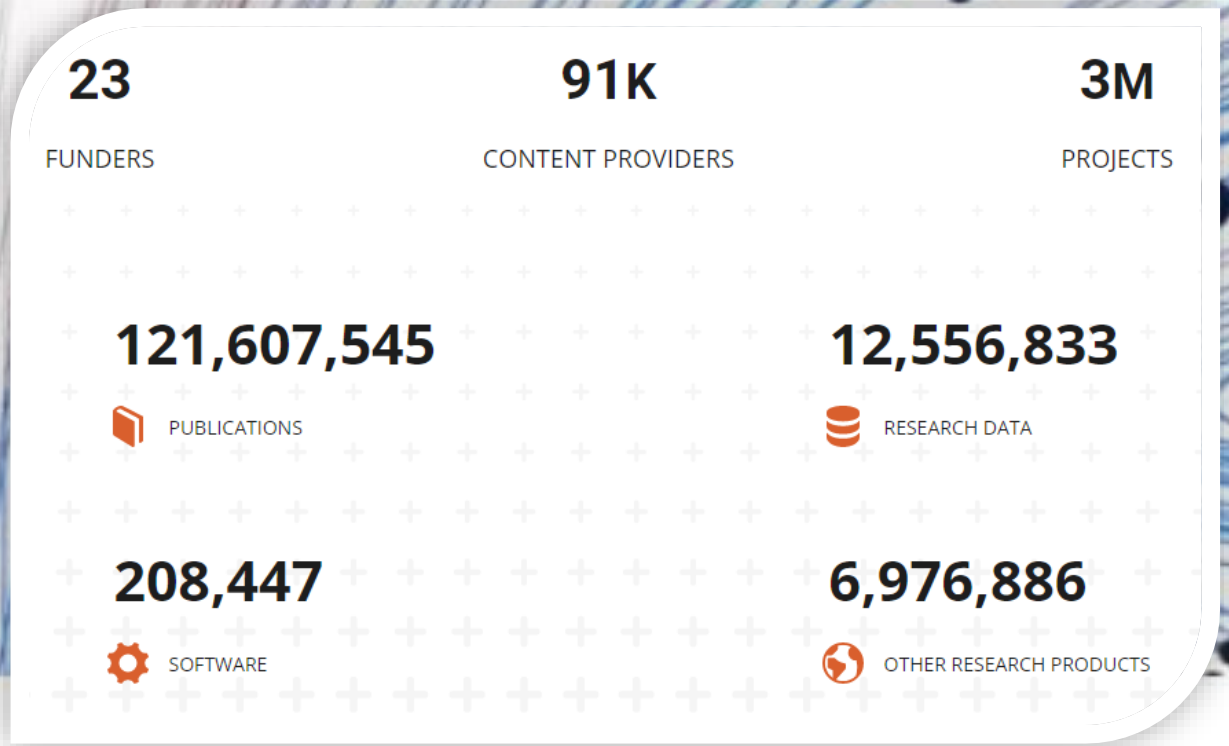


<https://www.openaire.eu/>

Science. Set Free.

Making the transition of how research is performed and how knowledge is shared.

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Services

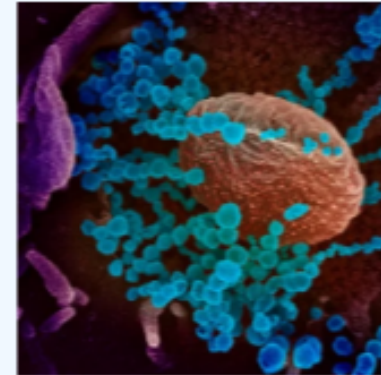


Policies



Training

Featured communities

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Chicago COVID-19 Response

This repository community collects research outputs and information efforts in Chicago. Users are encouraged to upload their research objects for the discovery of information. Although Open Access articles and...

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A large-scale COVID-19 Twitter chatter dataset for open scientific research - an international collaboration

Banda, Juan M.; Tekumalla, Ramya; Wang, Guanyu; Yu, Jingyuan; Liu, Tuo; Ding, Yuning; Artemova, Katya; Tutubalina, Elena; Chowell, Gerardo

Version 85 of the dataset. The peer-reviewed publication for this dataset has now been published in *Epidemiologia* an MDPI journal, and can be accessed here: <https://doi.org/10.3390/epidemiologia2030024>. Please cite this when using the dataset. Due to the relevance of the COVID-19 global...

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View

BIP4COVID19: Impact metrics and indicators for coronavirus related publications

Thanasis Vergoulis; Ilias Kanellos; Serafeim Chatzopoulos; Danae Pla Karidi; Theodore Dalamagas

This dataset contains impact metrics and indicators for a set of publications that are related to the COVID-19 infectious disease and the coronavirus that causes it. It is based on: The COVID-19 dataset released by the team of Semantic Scholar1 and The curated data provided by the LitCovid hub2....

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Need help?

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Zenodo prioritizes all requested related to the COVID-19 outbreak.

We can help with:

- Uploading your research data, software, preprints, etc.
- One-on-one with Zenodo supporters.
- Quota increases beyond our default policy.
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- **No waiting time** – Uploads are made available online as soon as you hit publish, and your DOI is registered within seconds.
- **Open or closed** – Share e.g. anonymized clinical trial data with only medical professionals via our restricted access mode.
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 EUROPEAN OPEN SCIENCE CLOUD

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EOSC Portal - A gateway to information and resources in EOSC




Integrating national and thematic catalogues into the EOSC Portal

The NI4OS-Europe pilot webinar | 26 October 2021, 10:00 CEST

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Access the EOSC Portal Catalogue & Marketplace

Scientific Domains Categories

The European Open Science Cloud (EOSC) is a European Commission initiative aiming at developing a federated infrastructure providing its users with services promoting Open Science practices.

EOSC aims to support three objectives:

- (1) to increase the value of scientific data assets by making them easily available to a larger number of researchers, across disciplines (interdisciplinarity) and borders (EU added value) and
- (2) to reduce the costs of scientific data management, while
- (3) ensuring adequate protection of information/personal data according to applicable EU rules

“As open as possible, as closed as necessary”

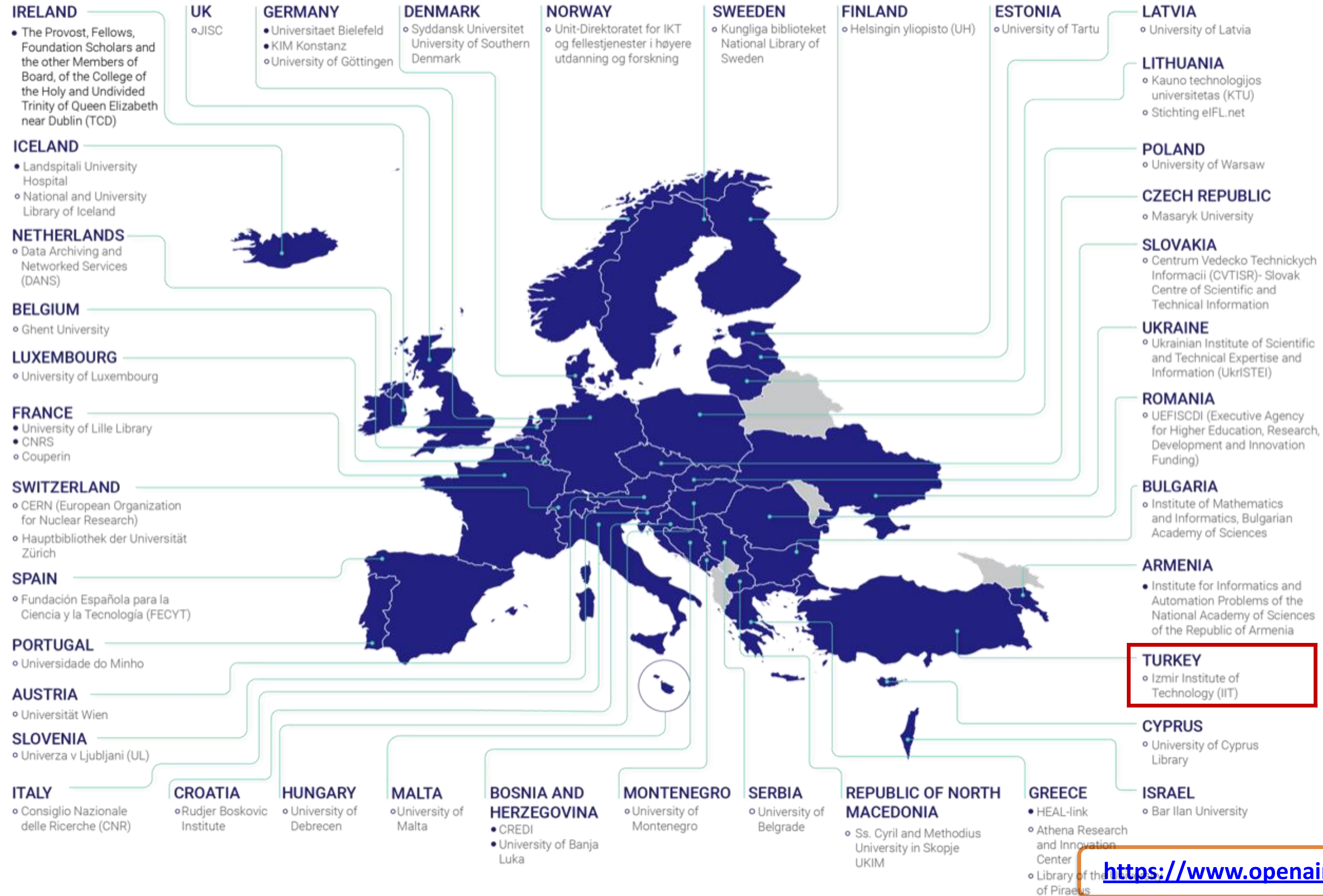
<https://eosc-portal.eu/>

**Being part of international
community is important...**



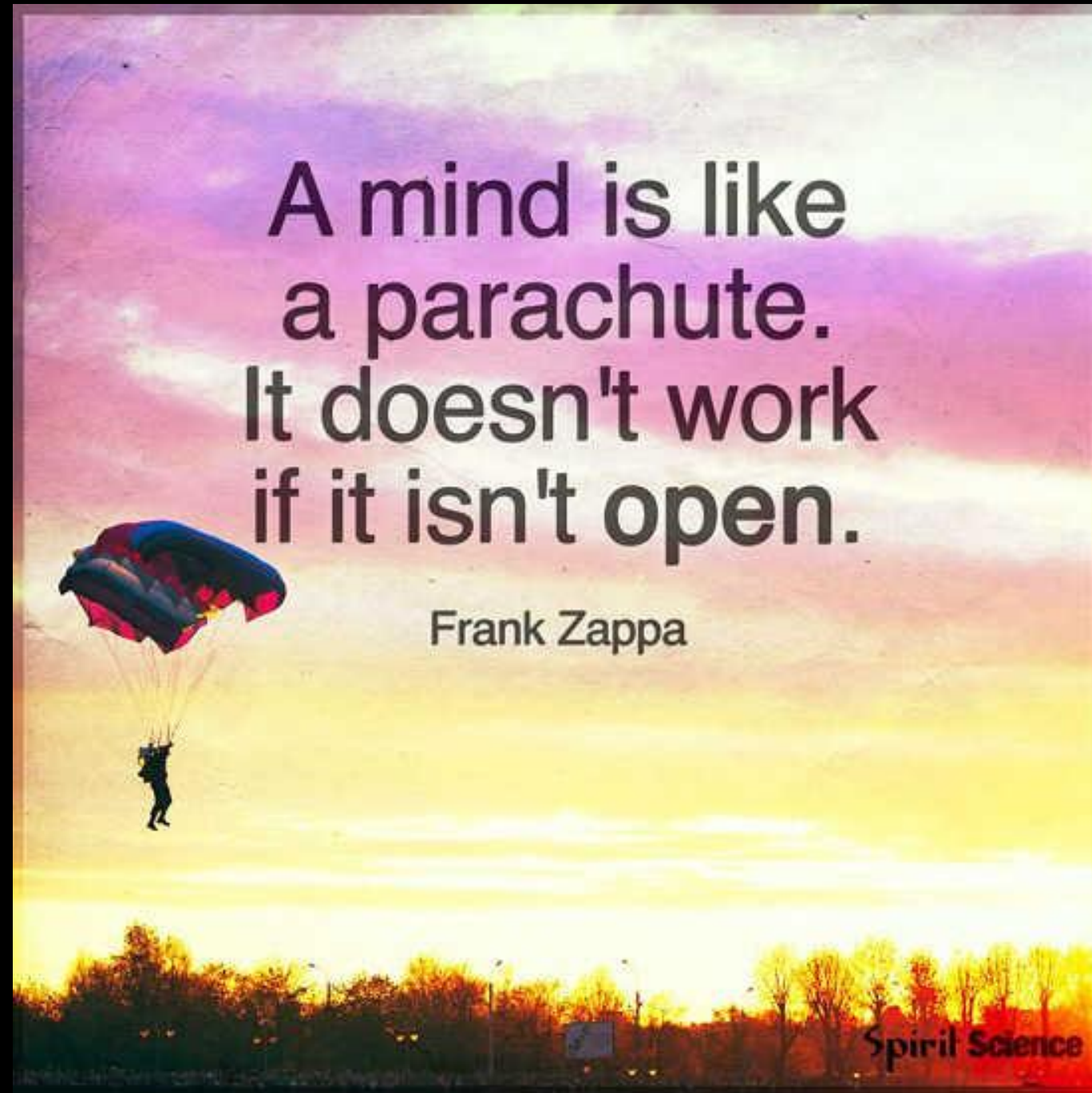
IZTECH Member of OpenAIRE

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Challenges



"Science is like a parachute if it is not open, it is not gonna help you."

Eva Méndez - TU Delft

Open Science

Time to unlock potential of digital
age...

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Thank You...

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