




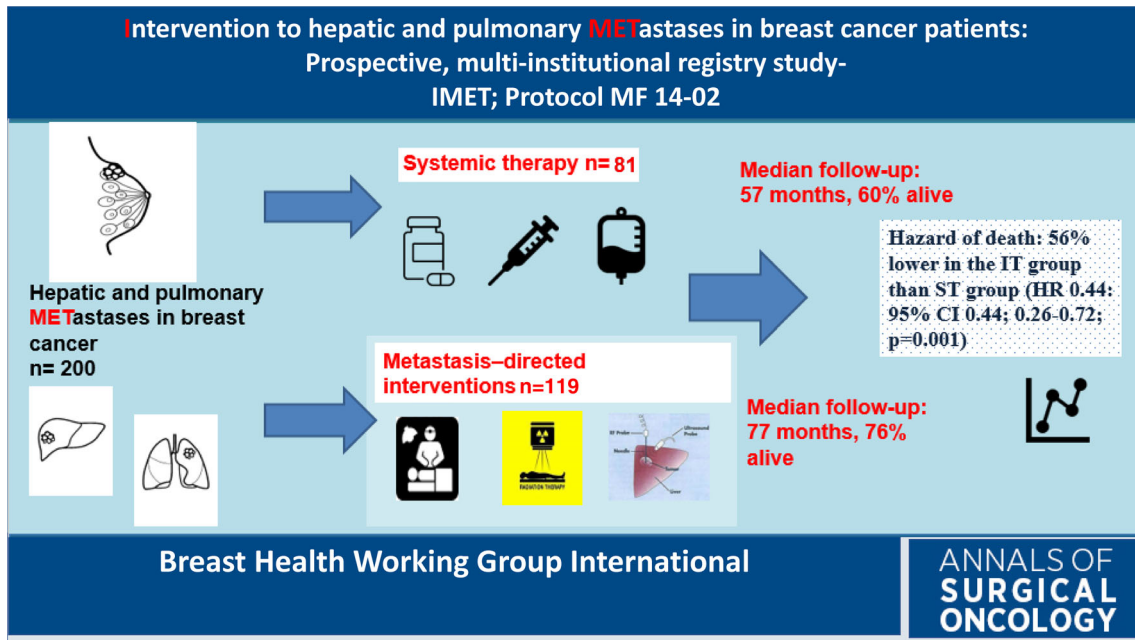
ASO Visual Abstract: Intervention for Hepatic and Pulmonary METastases in Breast Cancer Patients—Prospective, Multi-Institutional Registry Study: IMET; Protocol MF 14-02

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The aim of our prospective, multicenter registry study was to investigate the importance of interventions for operable lung and/or liver metastasis for breast cancer (BC) survival (<https://doi.org/10.1245/s10434-022-12239-z>). The results reveal that surgical resection or ablative

interventions may contribute to survival in patients with BC with limited number and operable metachronous hepatic/pulmonary metastases. Ultimately, randomized studies will determine whether intervention on lung and liver metastatic sites should be performed. In the meantime, such interventions can be considered on select patients.



DISCLOSURES The authors declare no conflicts of interest.

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